



Australian Government
Geoscience Australia

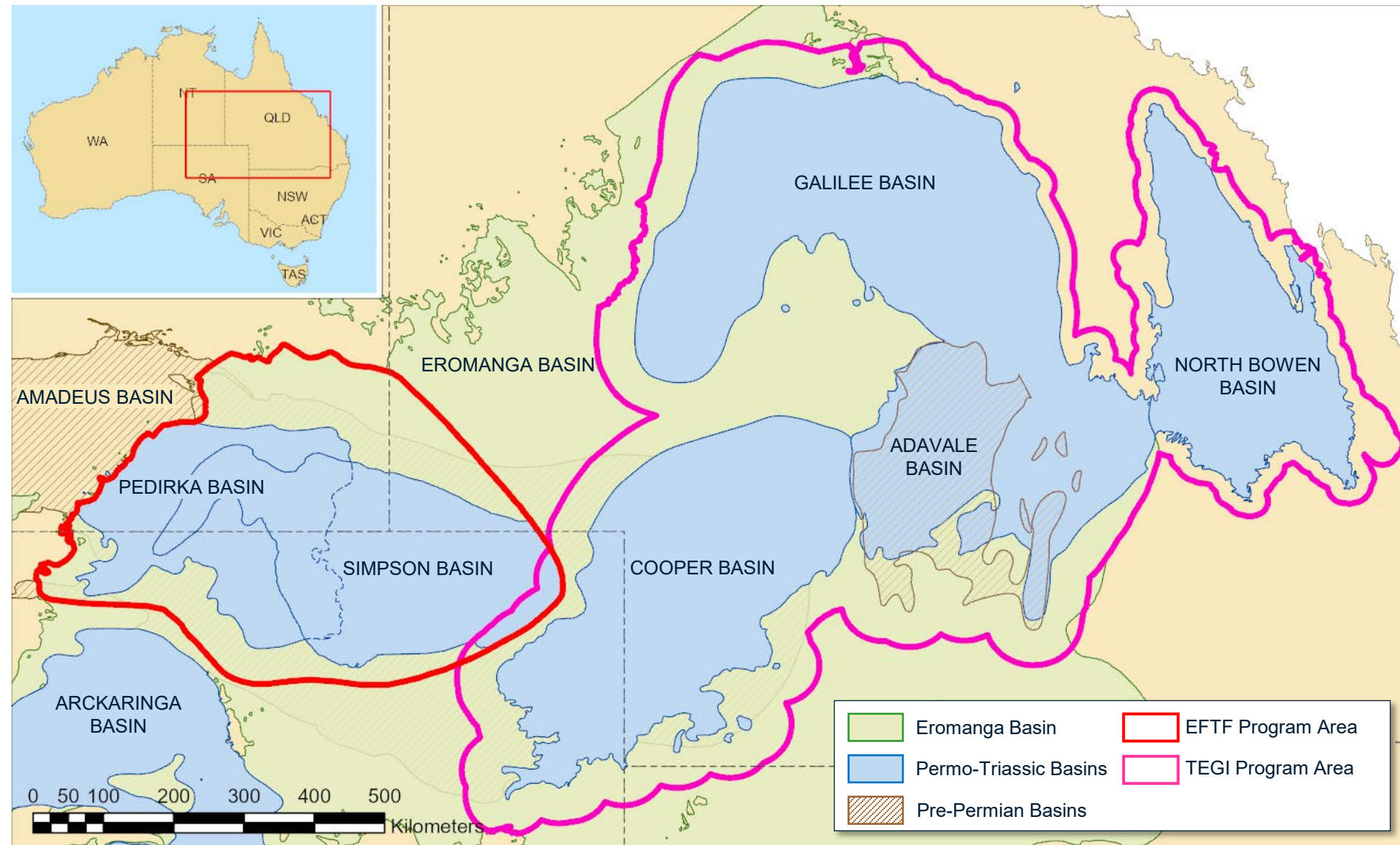
Exploring for
the Future

Resource Assessment of the Pedirka, Simpson and western Eromanga basins

Geoscience Australia: Jeremy Iwanec & Tom Bernecker

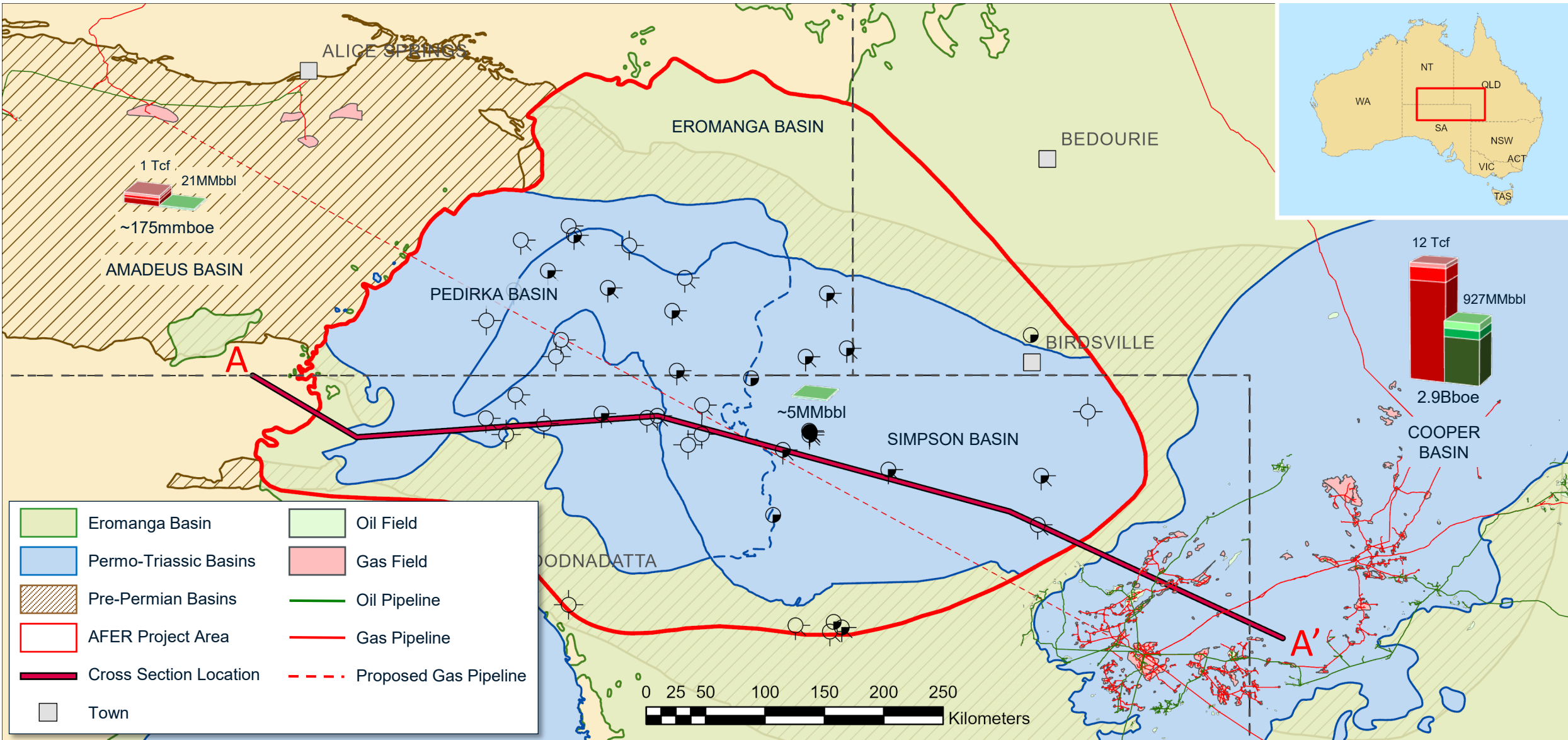
South Australian Department for Energy & Mining: Paul Strong

Geoscience Australia's Resource Assessment Programs

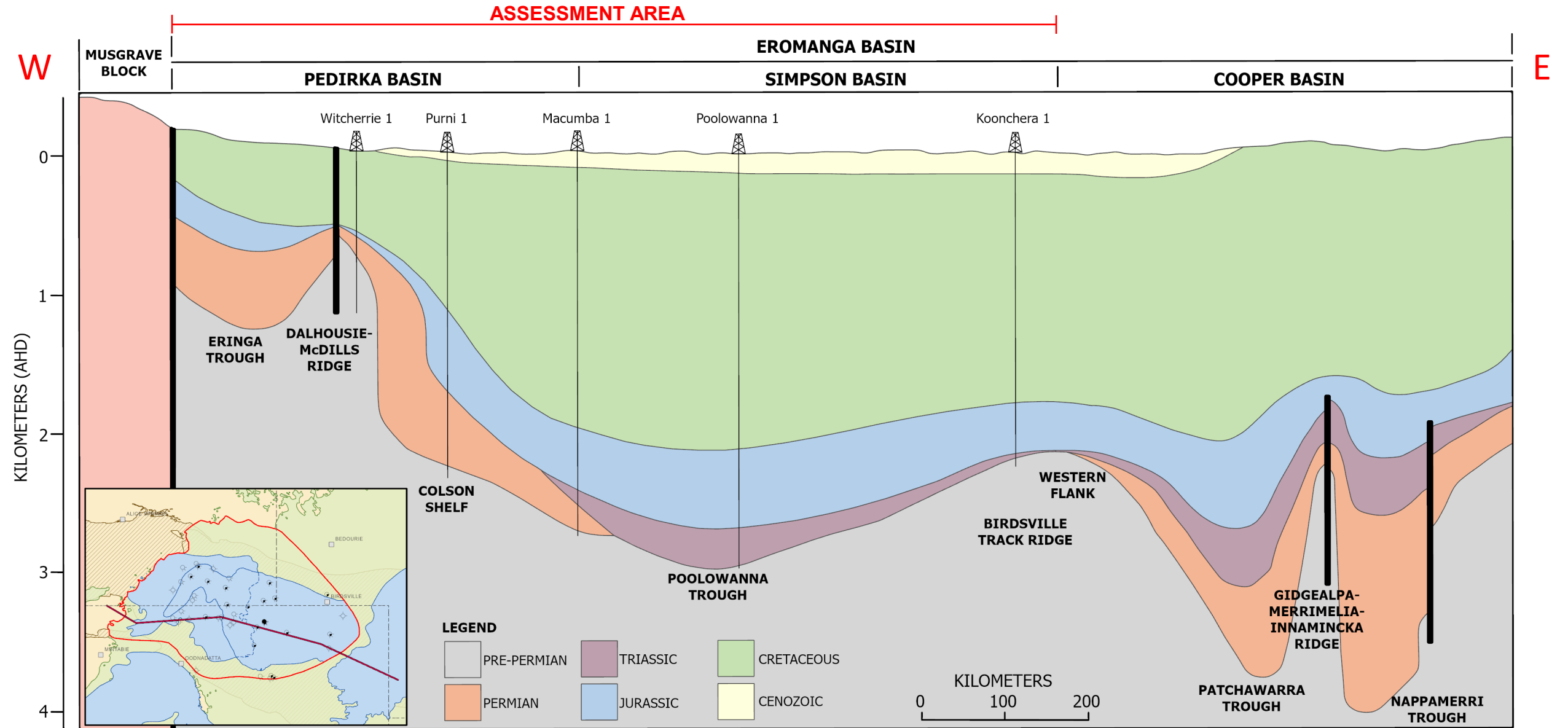


- Regional-scale programs to assess the prospectivity and data/knowledge gaps of stacked basins for multiple resources, including:
 - Hydrocarbons (conventional & unconventional)
 - Geological storage of CO₂
 - Hydrogen
 - Groundwater
- Programs:
 - **TEGI Program** – Trusted Environmental and Geological Information
 - **EFTF Program** – Exploring for the Future Program:
 - **AFER Project** – Australia's Future Energy Resources

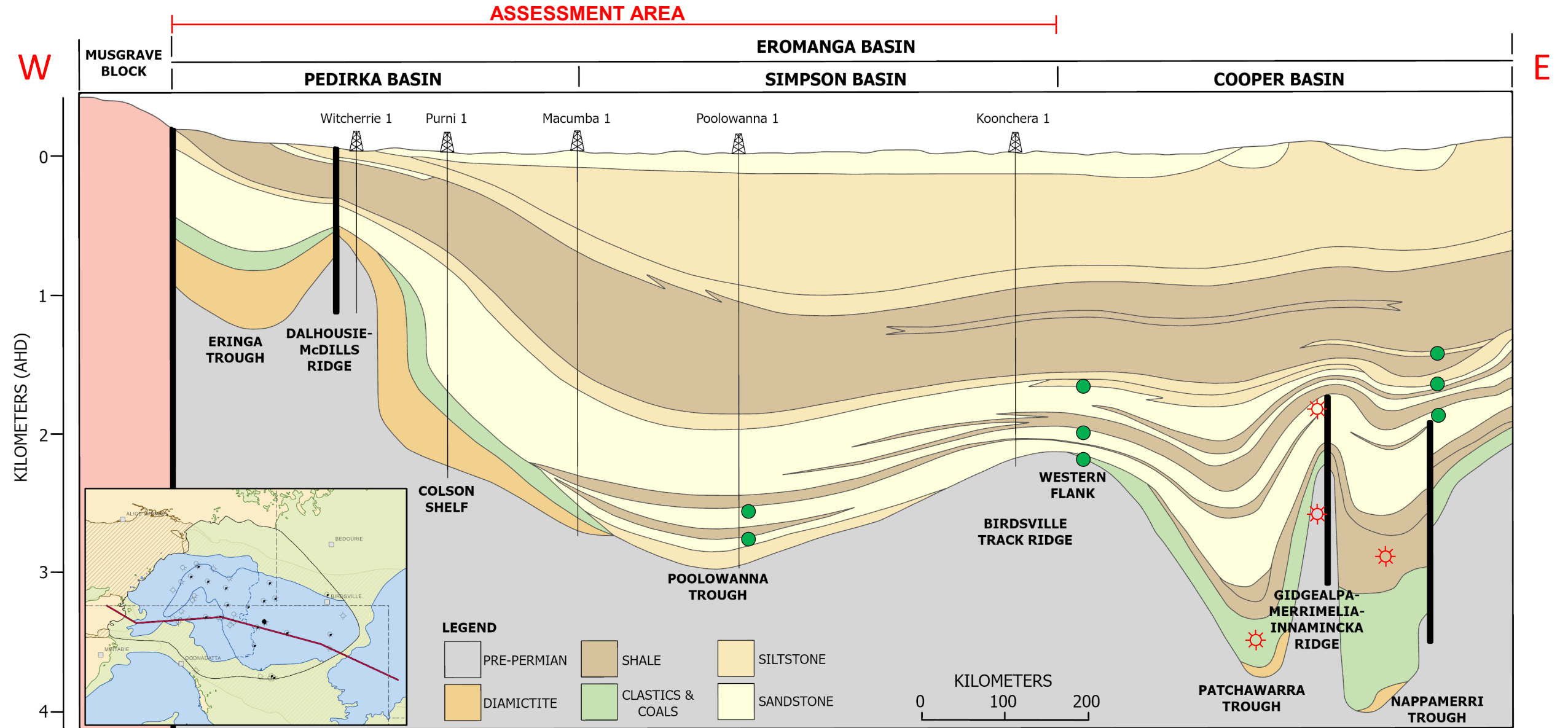
Location



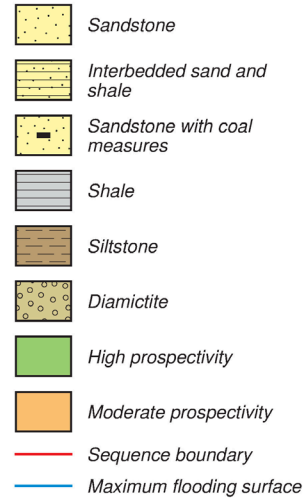
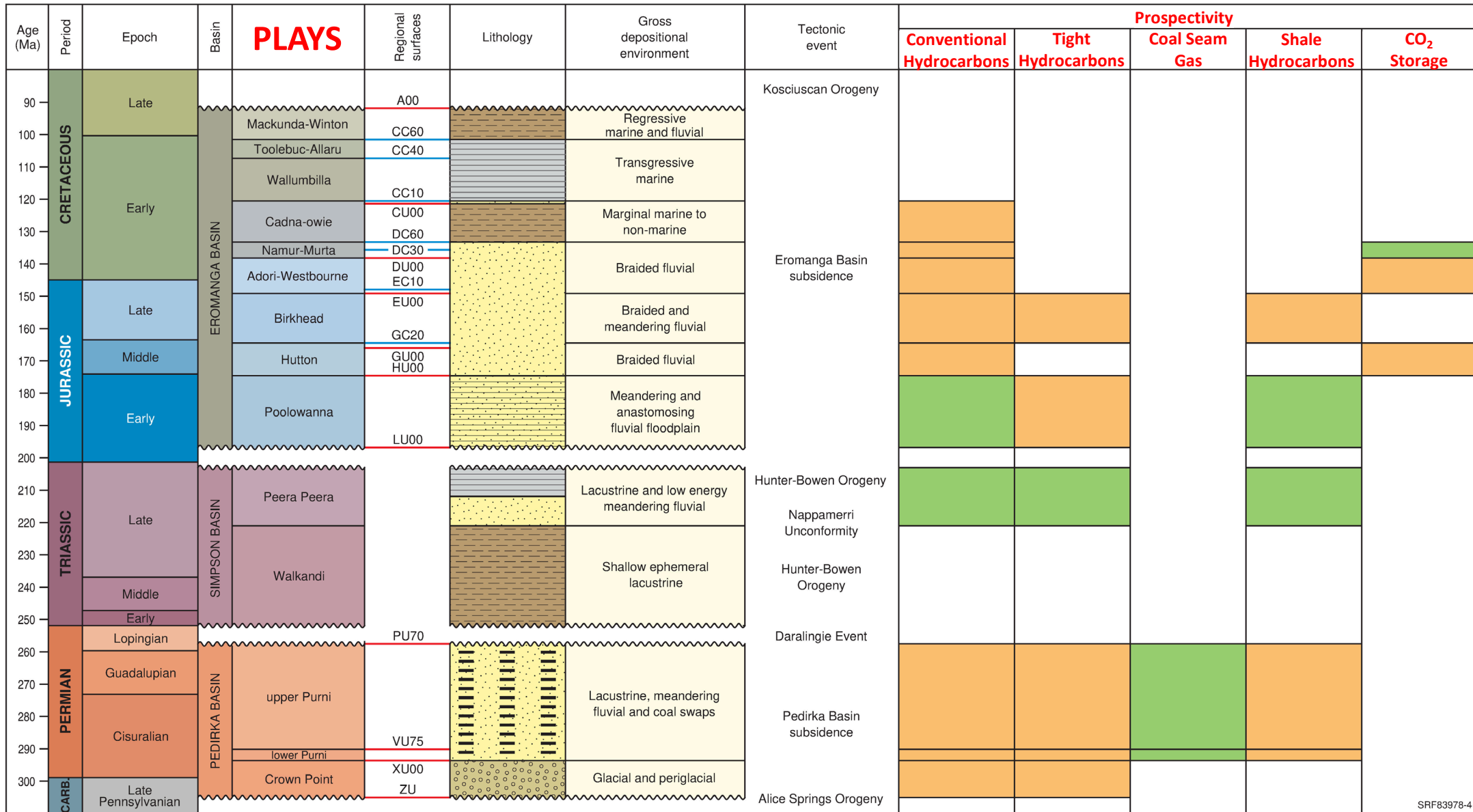
Regional Cross Section by Age



Regional Cross Section by Lithology



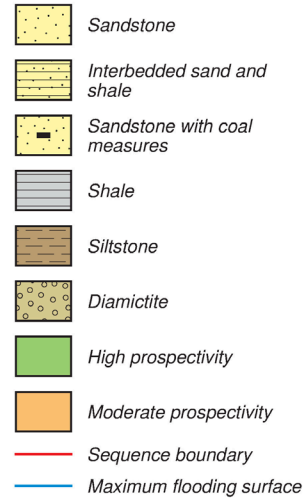
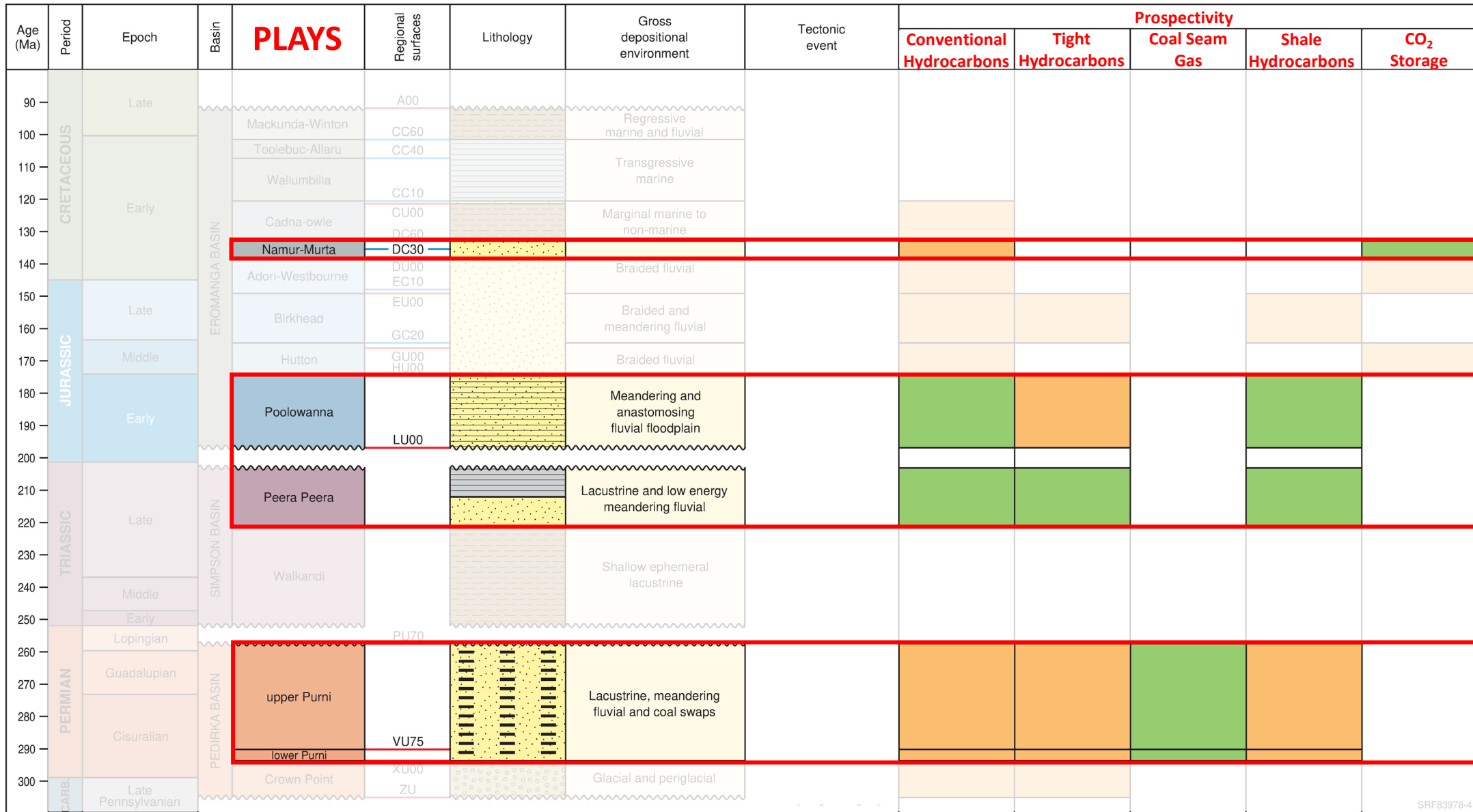
Stratigraphy



SRF83978-4



Stratigraphy

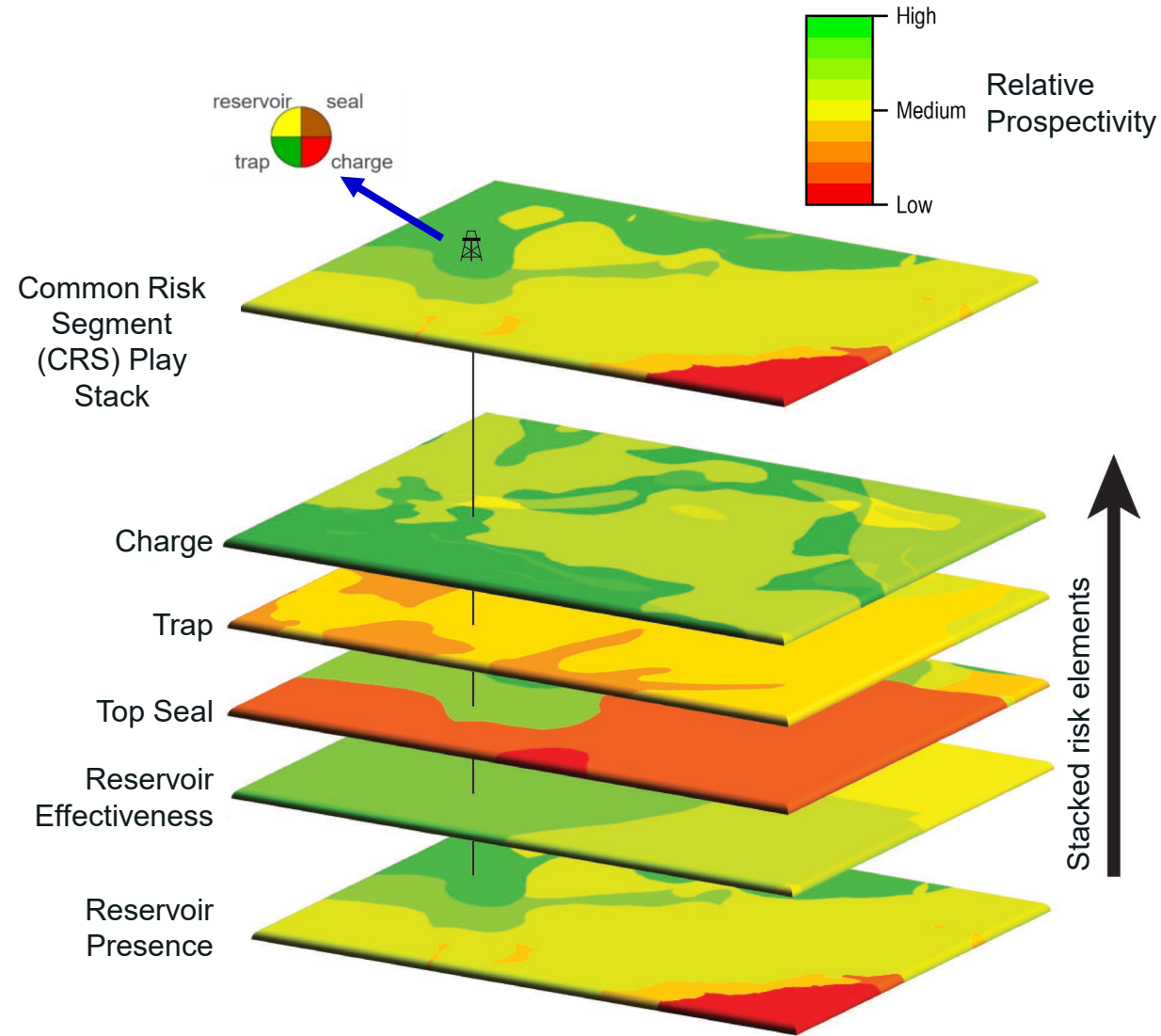


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Play Based Resource Assessment

Age (Ma)	Period	Epoch	Basin	PLAYS	Regional surfaces	Lithology	
90	CRETACEOUS	Late	EROMANGA BASIN		A00		
100				Mackunda-Winton	CC60		
110				Toolebuc-Allaru	CC40		
120		Early		Wallumbilla	CC10		
130				Cadna-owie	CU00		
140				Namur-Murta	DC60		
150				Adori-Westbourne	DU00 EC10		
160		Late		Birkhead	EU00		
170				Middle	Hutton	GC20	
180		Early			Poolowanna	GU00 HU00	
190			LU00				
210	TRIASSIC	Late	SIMPSON BASIN	Peera Peera			
230				Middle	Walkandi		
240							
250	PERMIAN	Early	PEDIRKA BASIN				
260		Lopingian		upper Purni	PU70		
270		Guadalupian					
280		Cisuralian		lower Purni	VU75		
290	Crown Point		XU00				
300	CARB.	Late Pennsylvanian			ZU		



- Systematic assessment of multiple resources for each play interval using a set of criteria to address the relative prospectivity of the key elements associated with each resource
- Composite play stack maps generated through spatial analysis (stacking) of all play risk elements

Assessed Energy Resource Elements



Resource Type

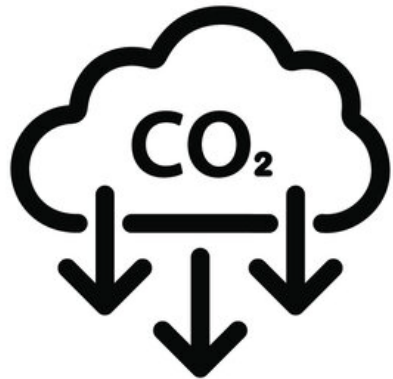
Unconventional Hydrocarbons
(Tight & Shale hydrocarbons, CSG)

Objective

Distribution of quality, continuity & potential producibility

Map Elements

- Unit Thickness
- Quality
- Continuity
- Maturity
- Formation Pressure
- Reservoir Effectiveness



Geological Storage CO₂

Permanent containment systems that are capable of maintaining commercial injection rates

Storage Capacity:

- Depth
- Pressure
- Porosity

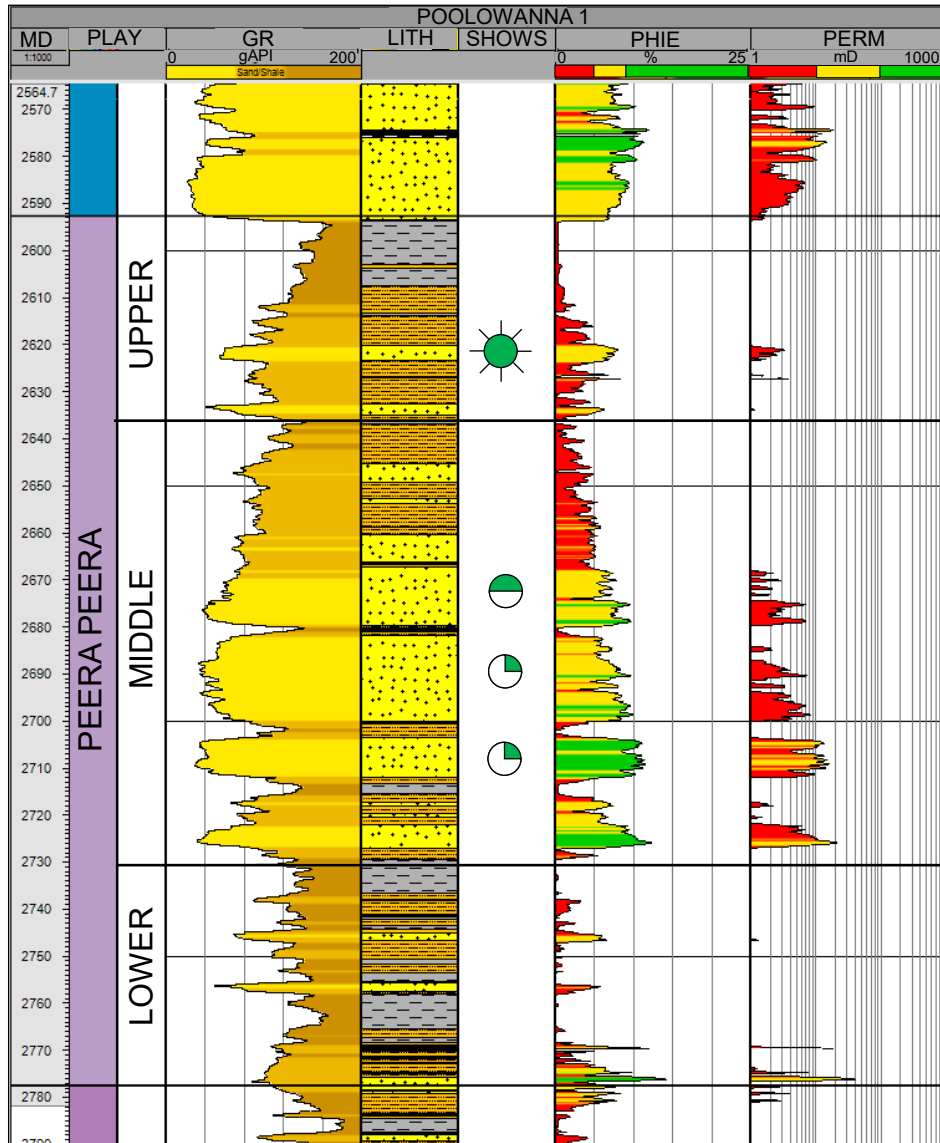
Injectivity:

- Thickness
- Permeability

Containment:

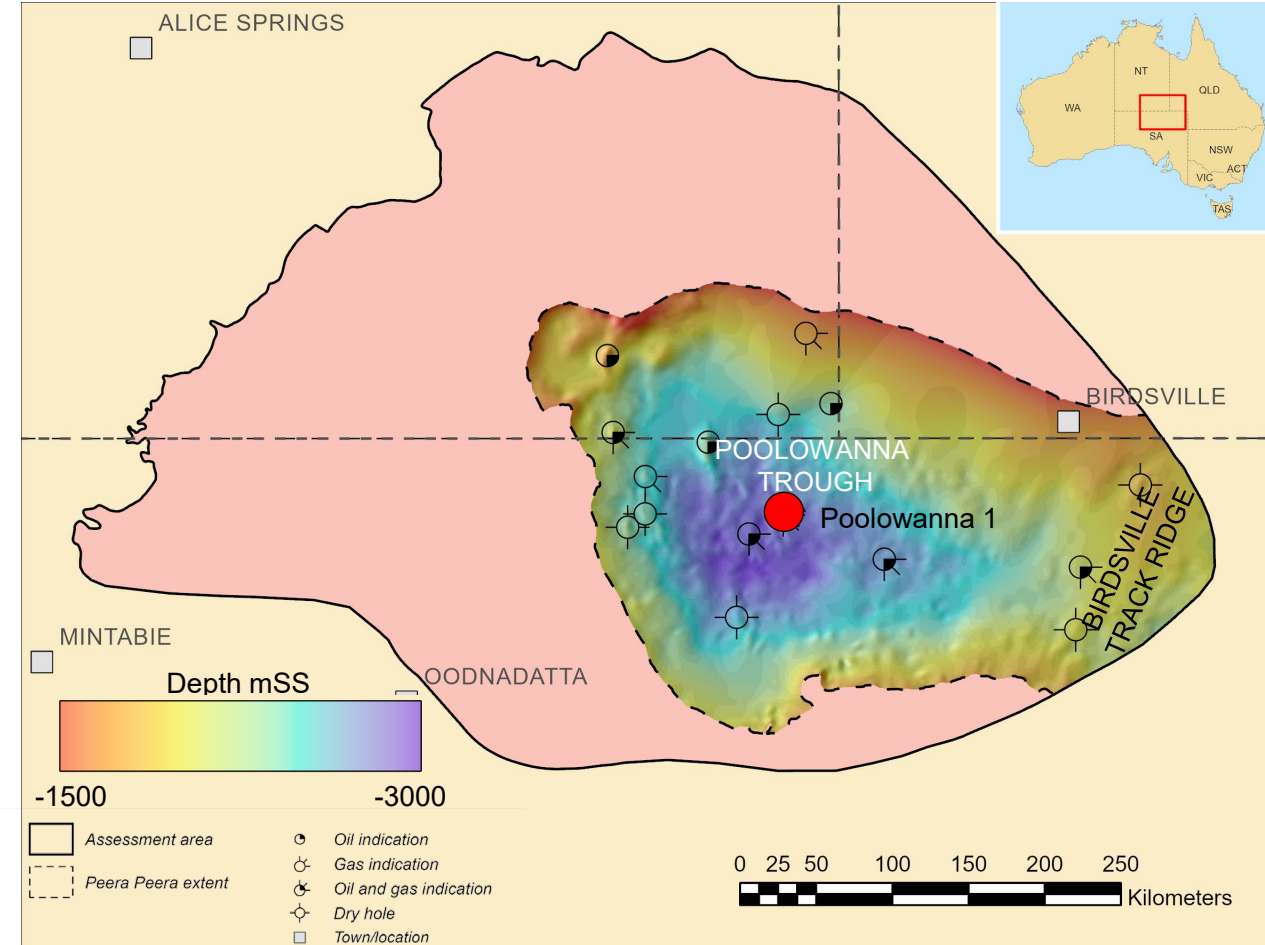
- Top Seal Thickness
- Structural Complexity

Peera Peera (Triassic) Play

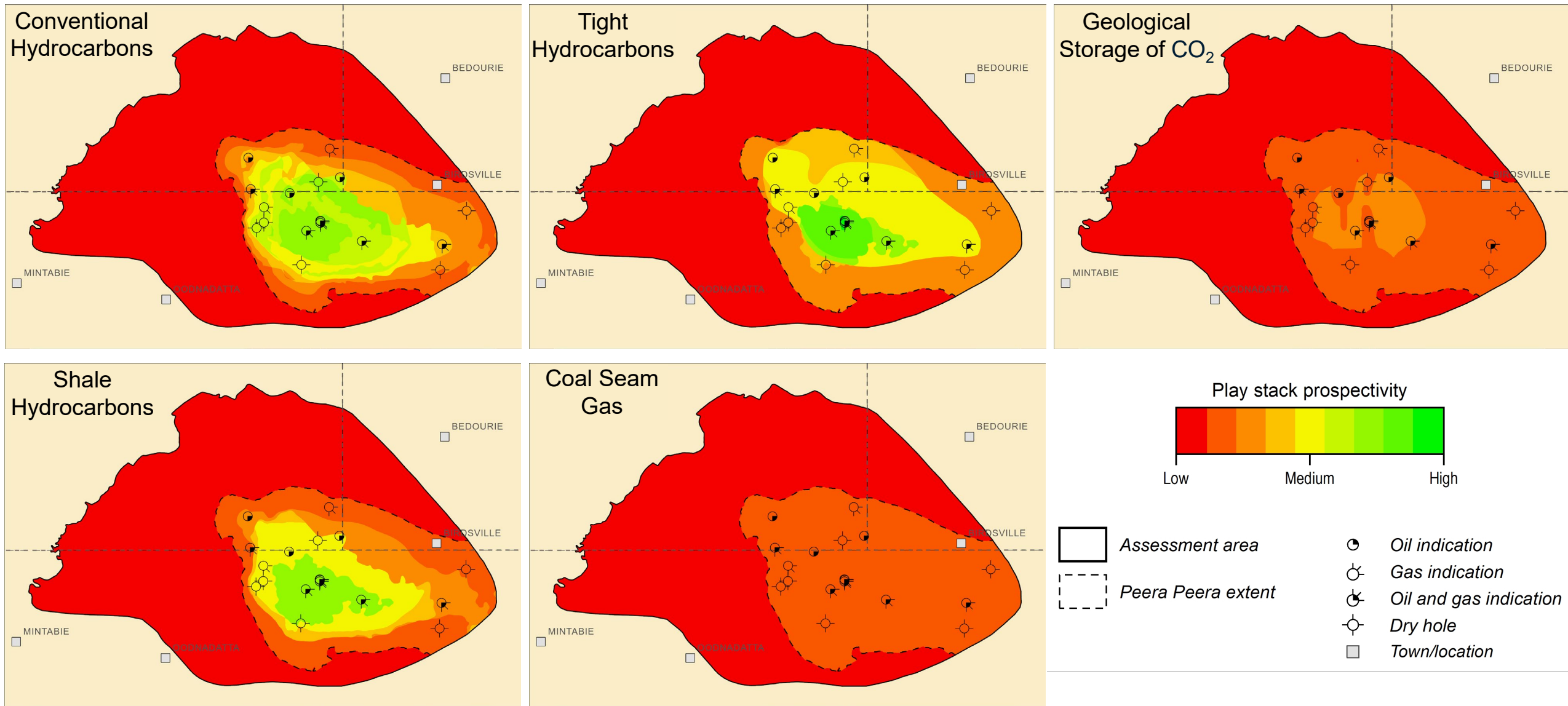


DST INTERVAL

Top Triassic Depth Map



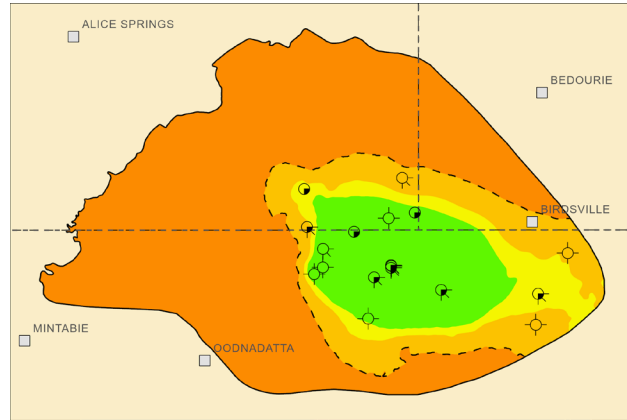
Peera Peera (Triassic) Play Assessment Results



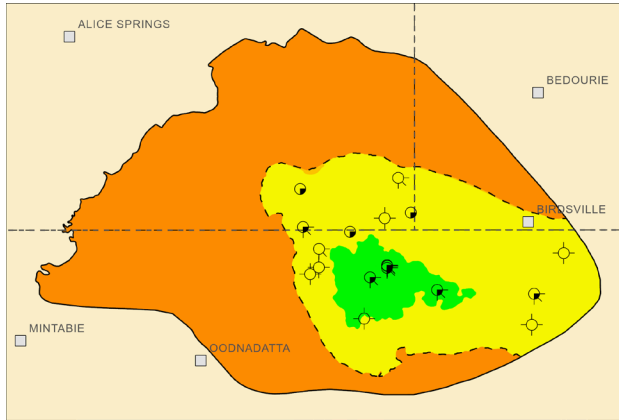
Peera Peera Shale Hydrocarbons

Shale Hydrocarbon Assessed Elements

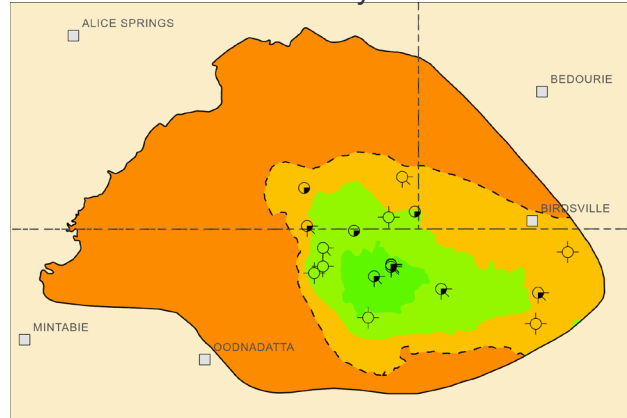
Thickness



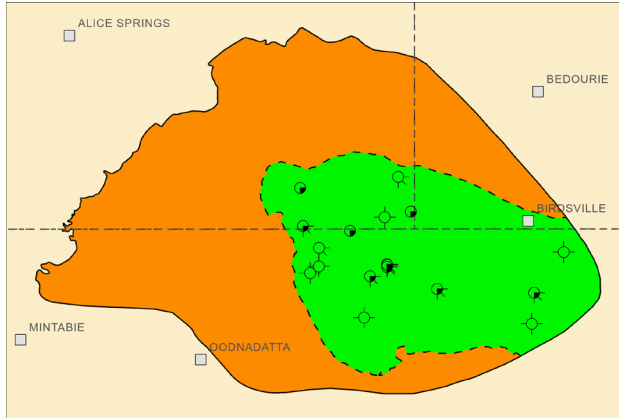
Depth



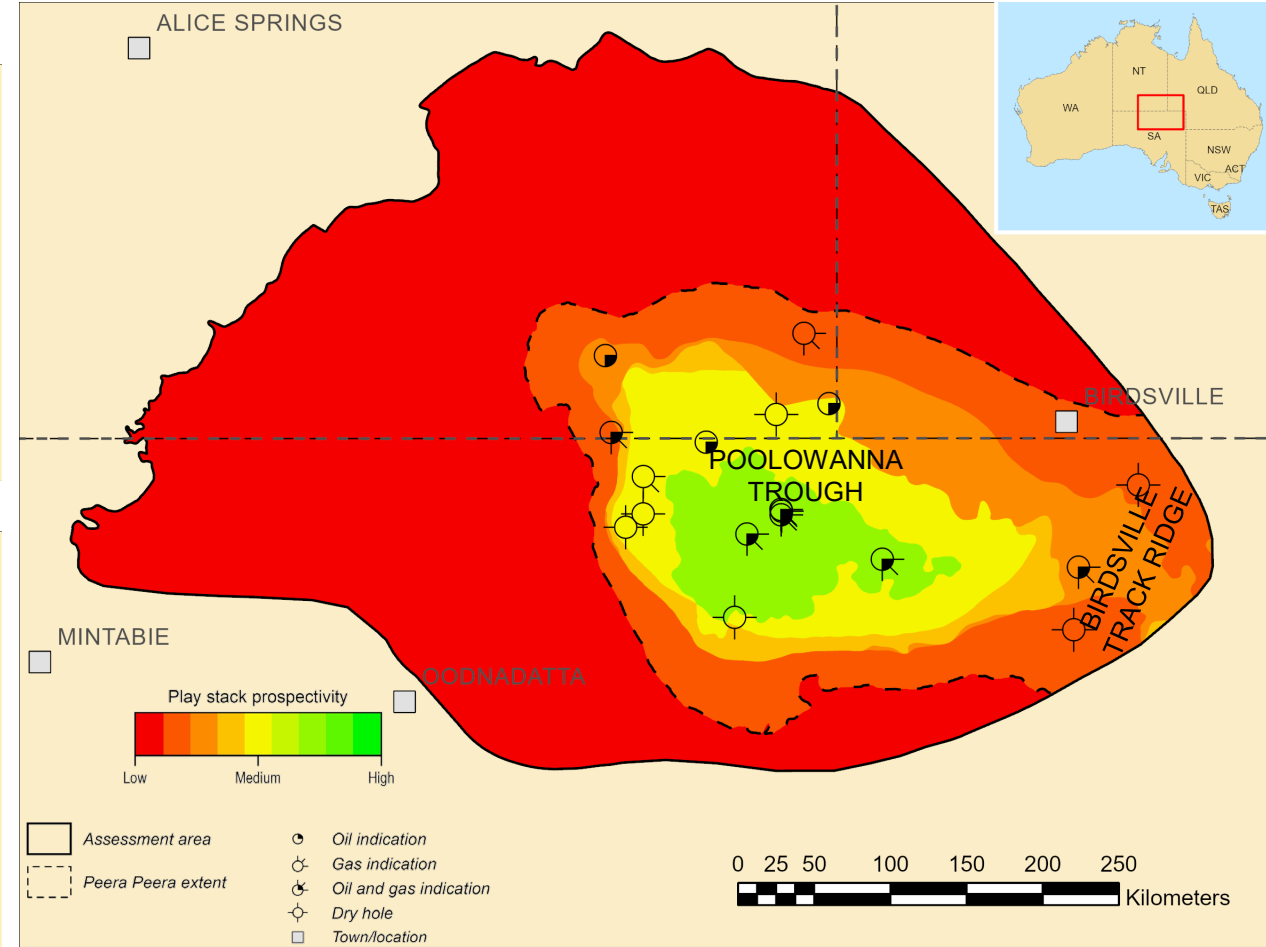
Quality



Effectiveness



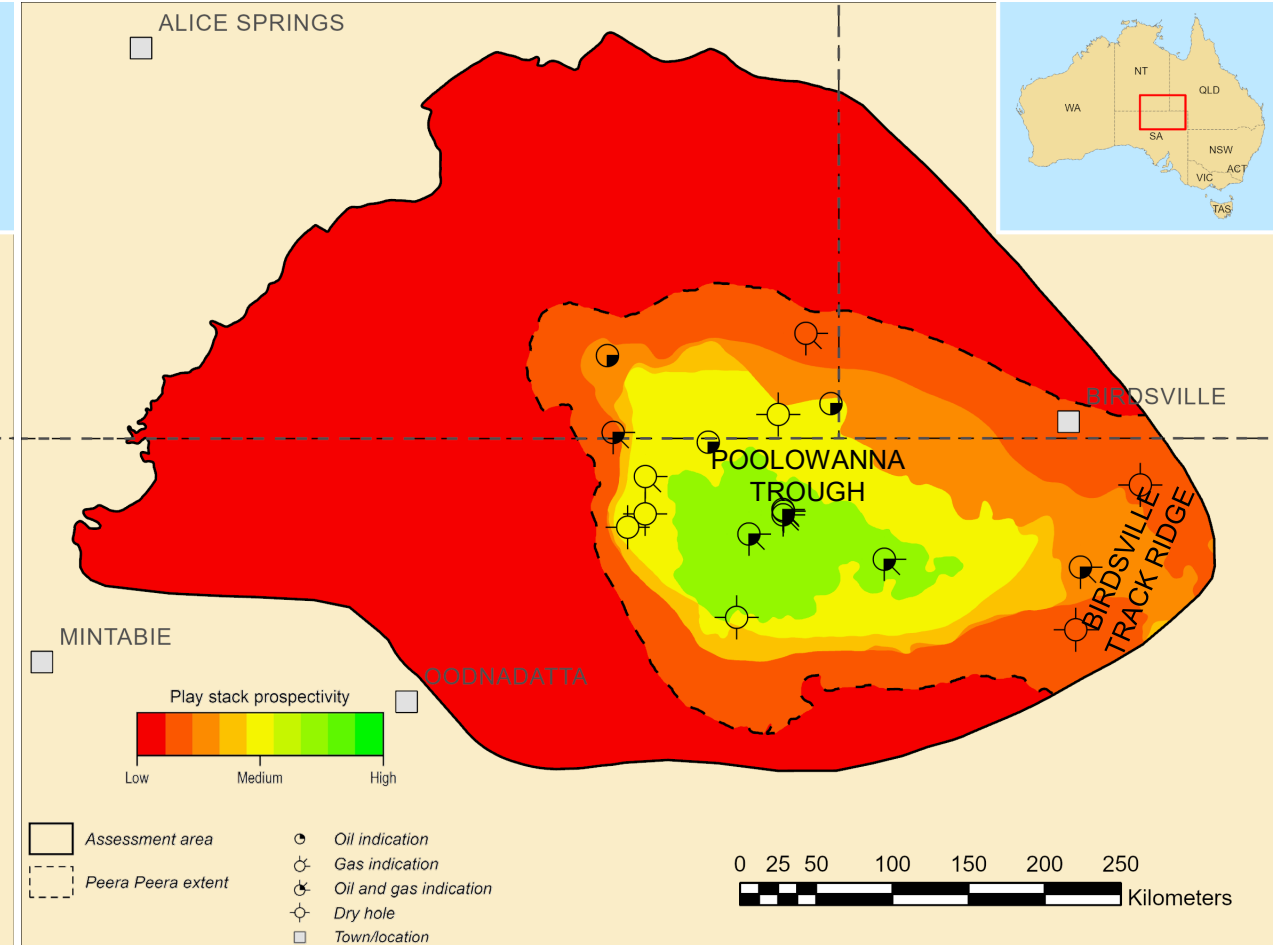
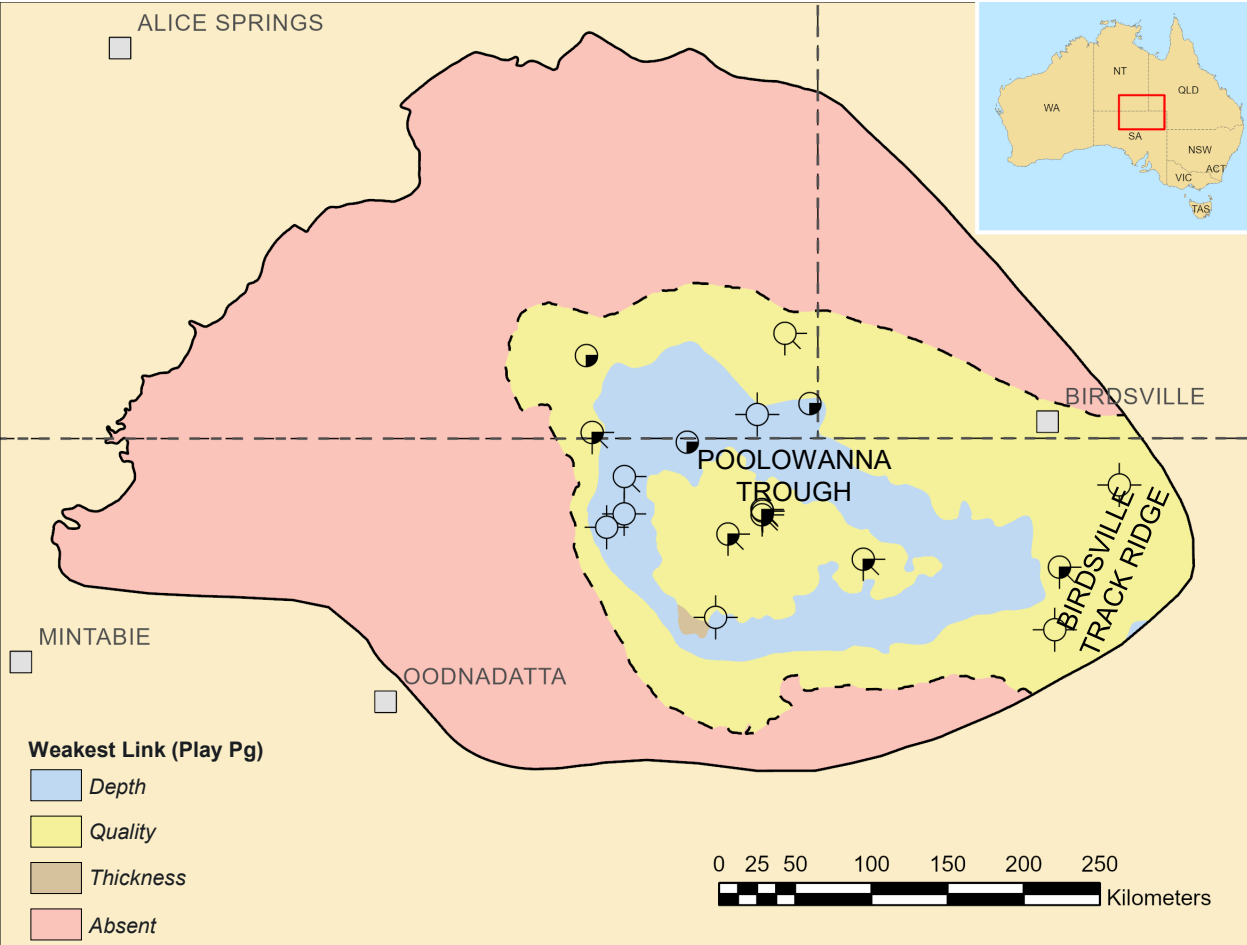
Play Level Composite Risk Segment (CRS) Map



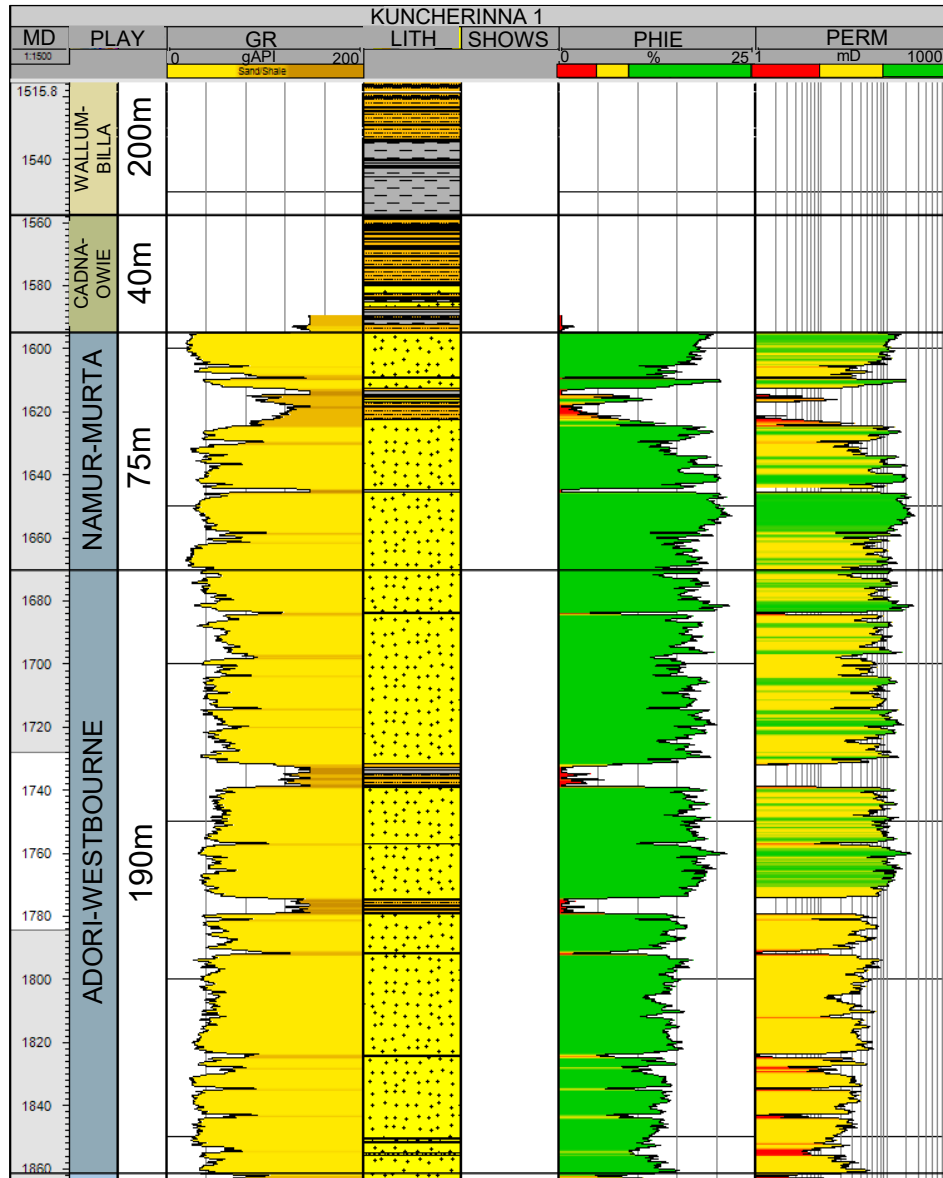
Peera Peera Shale Hydrocarbons

Weakest Link Map

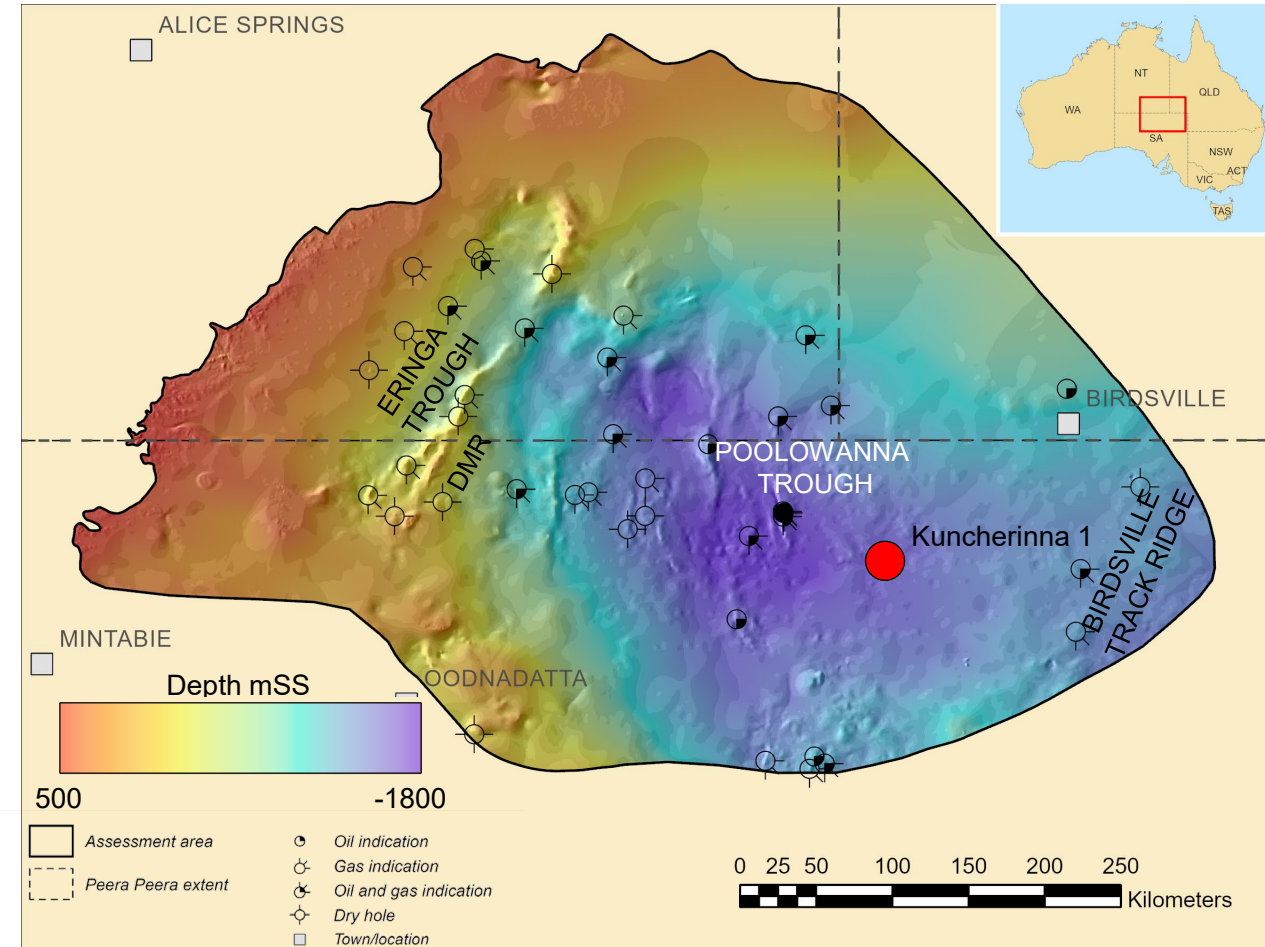
Play Level Composite Risk Segment (CRS) Map



Namur-Murta (Early Cretaceous) Play



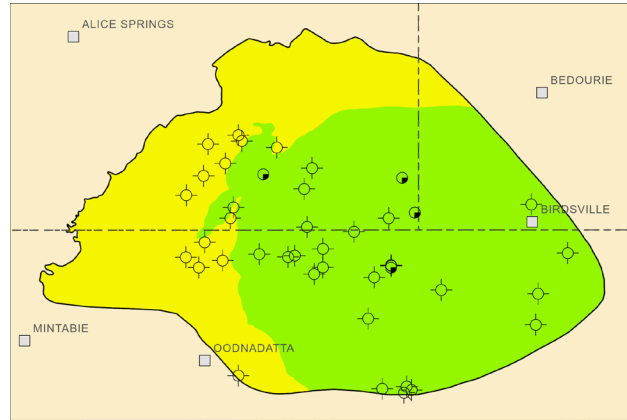
Top Namur-Murta Play Depth Map



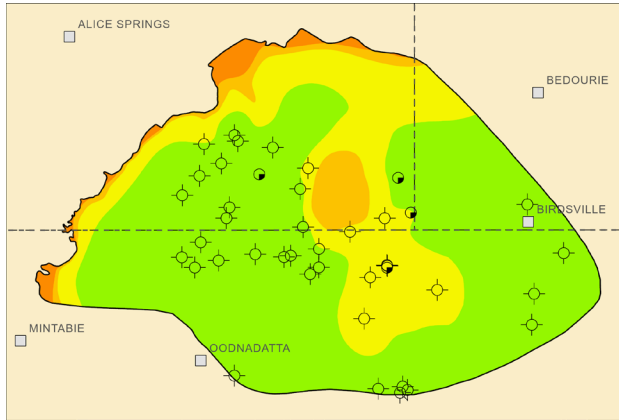
Namur-Murta Geological Storage of CO₂ (GCS) Potential

GCS Assessed Elements

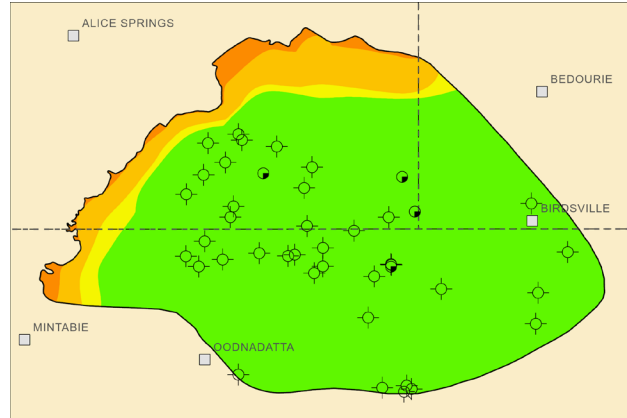
Storage Efficiency



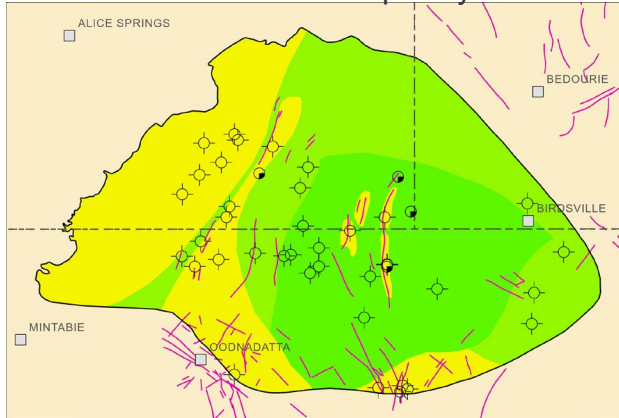
Injectivity



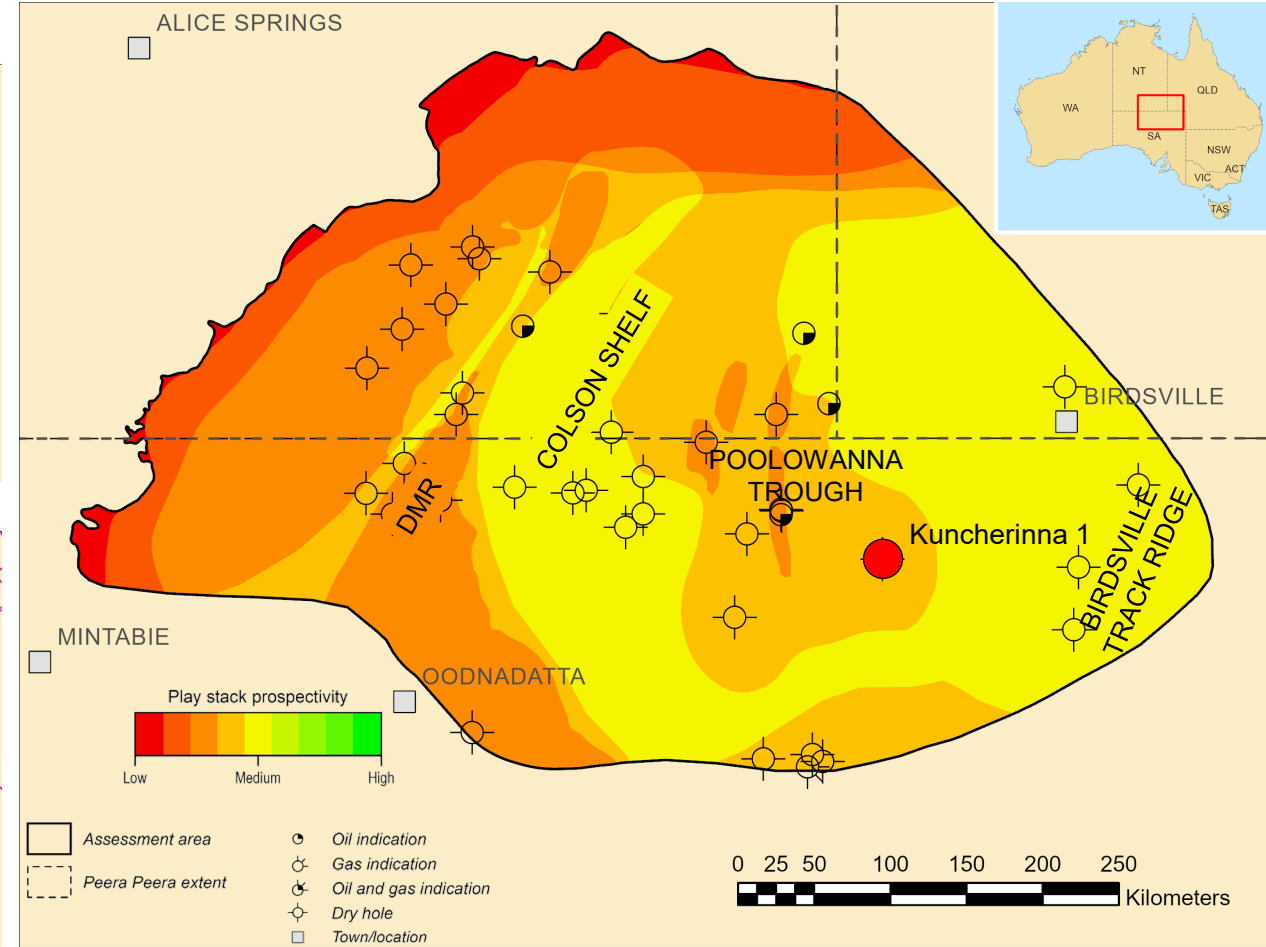
Seal



Structural Complexity

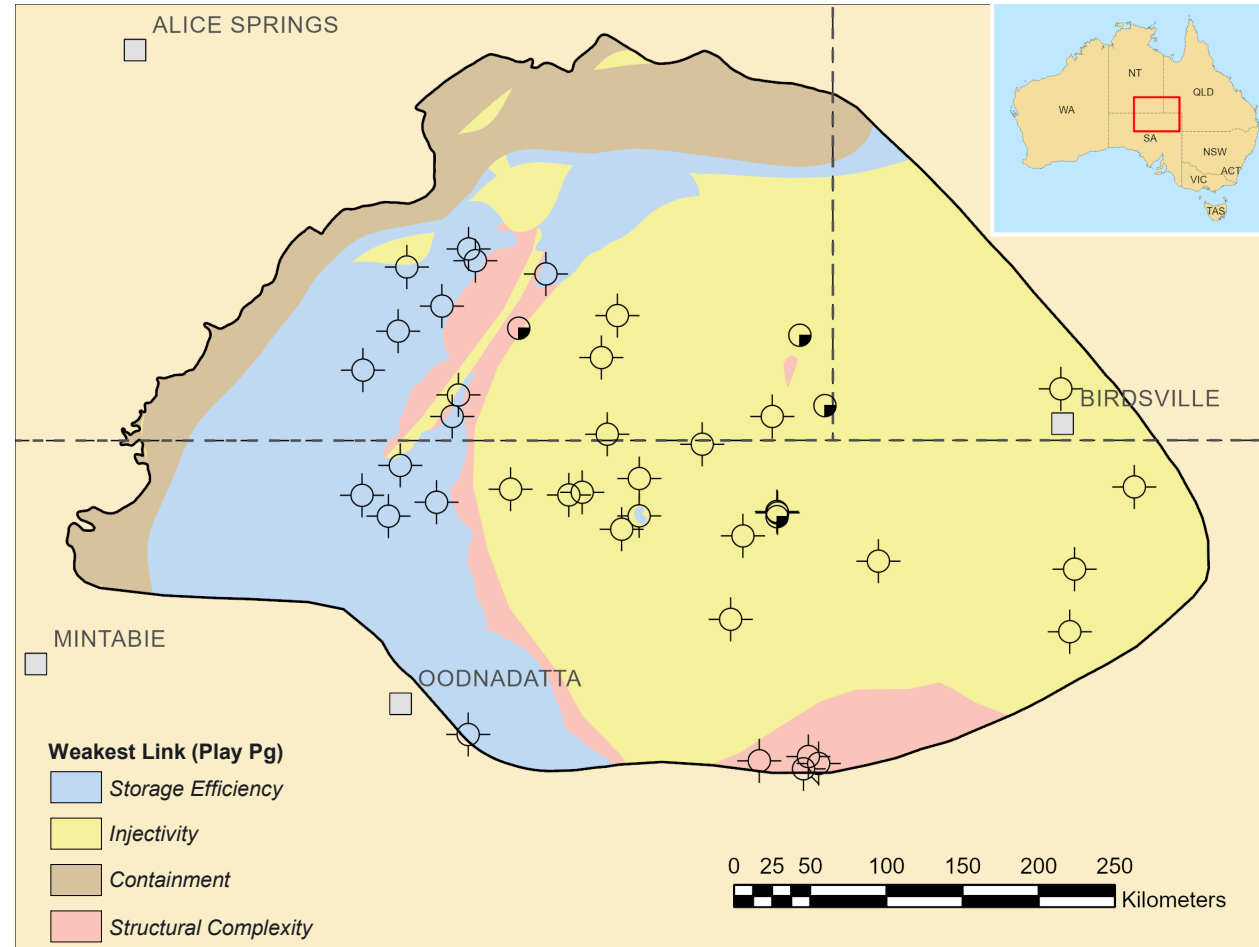


Play Level Composite Risk Segment (CRS) Map

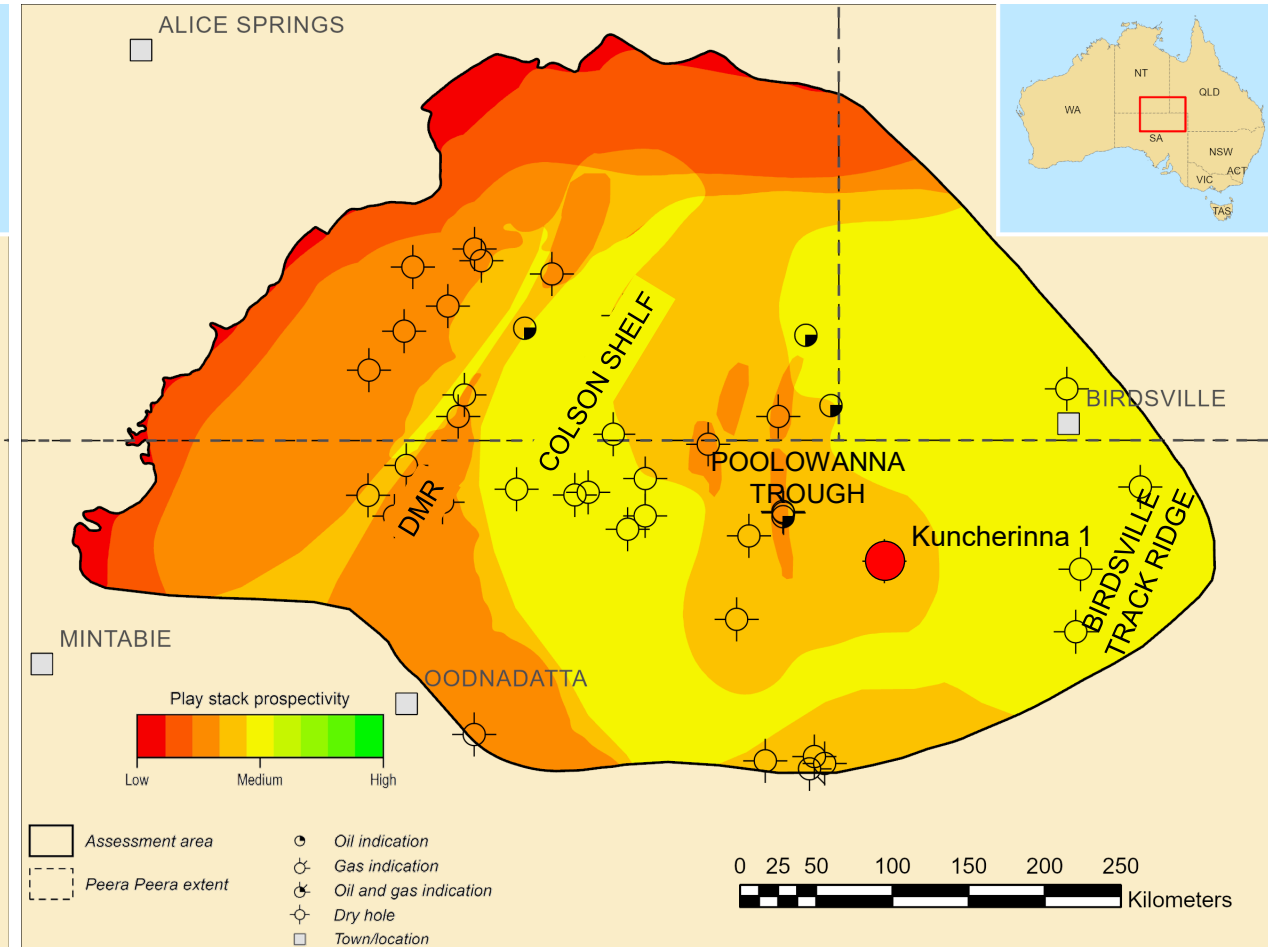


Namur-Murta Geological Storage of CO2

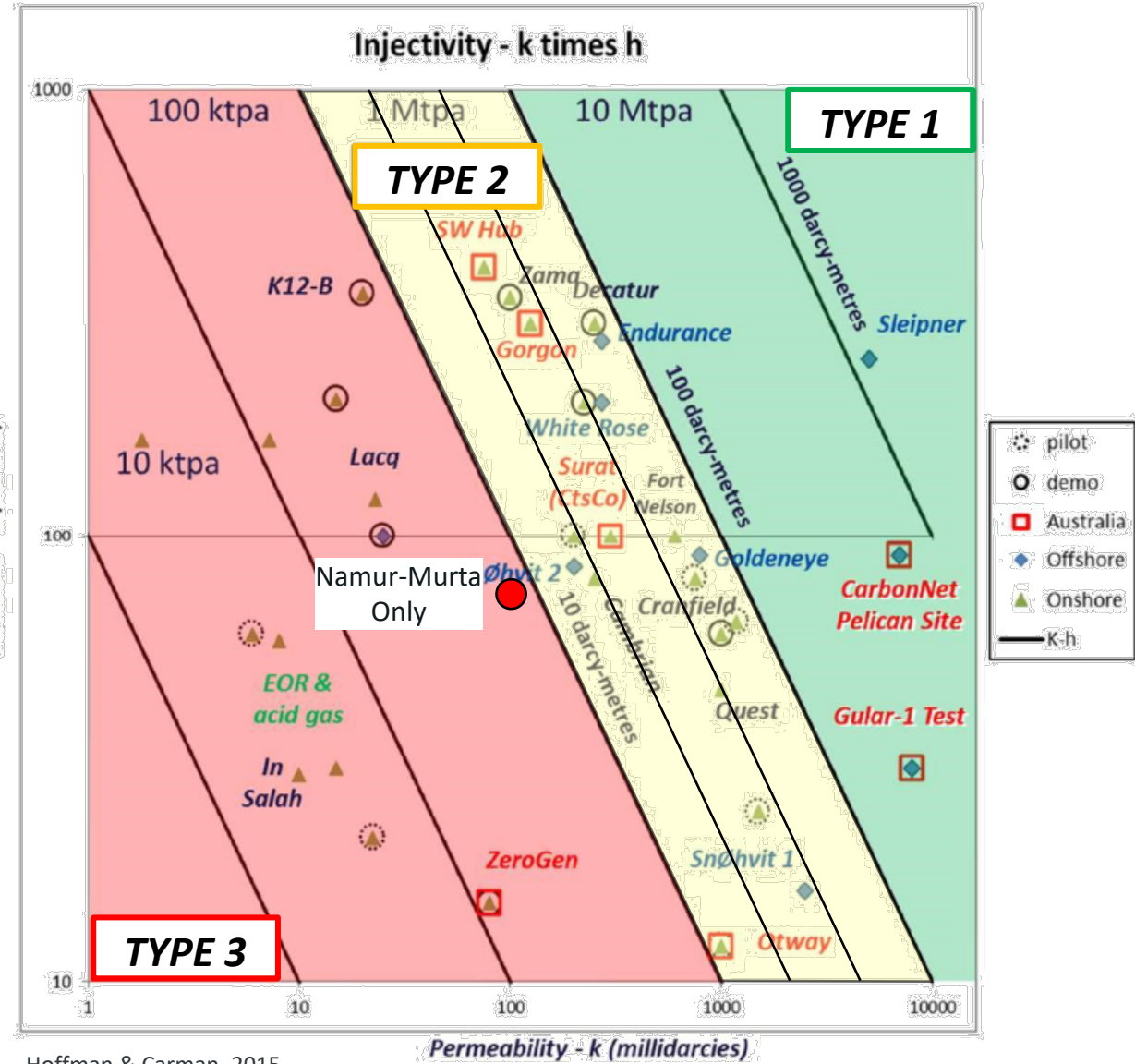
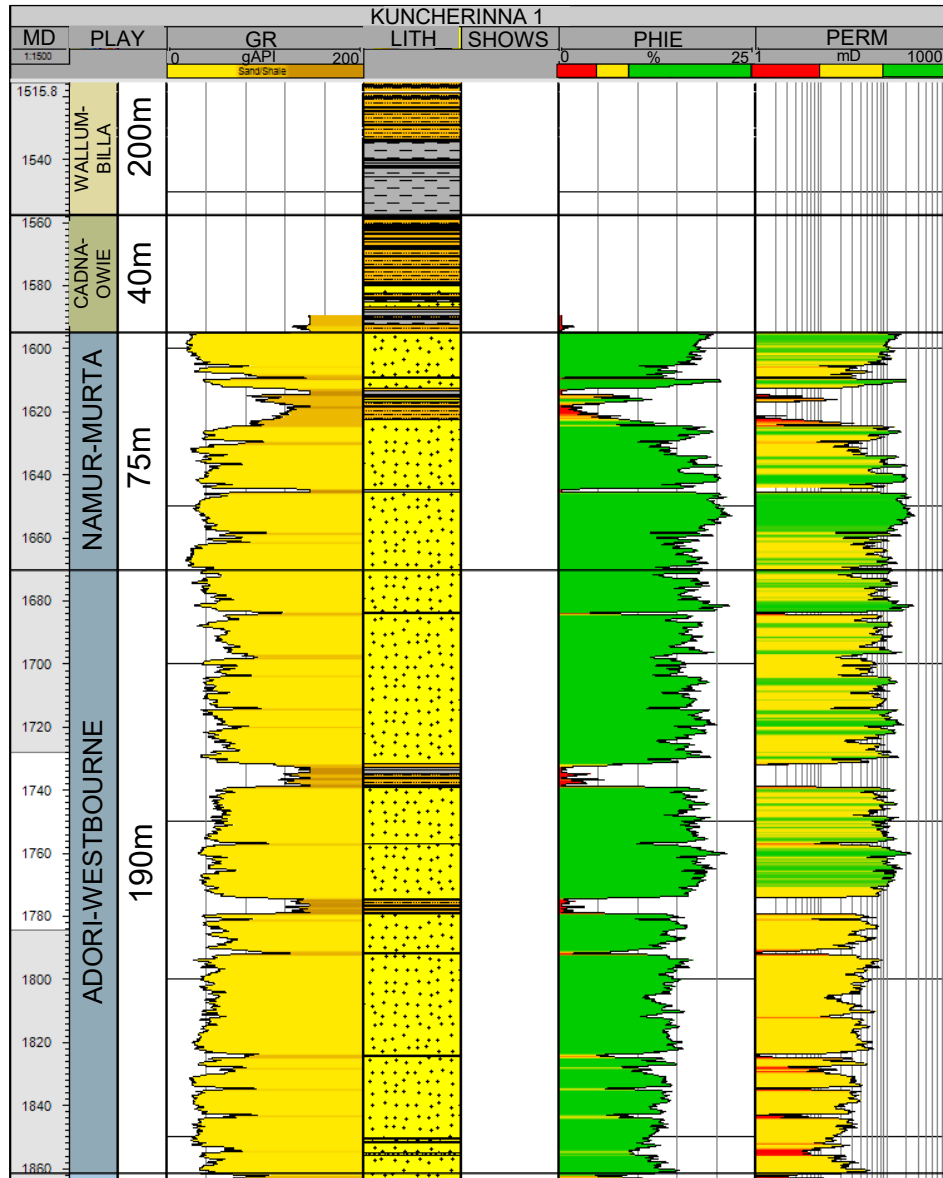
Weakest Link Map



Play Level Composite Risk Segment (CRS) Map

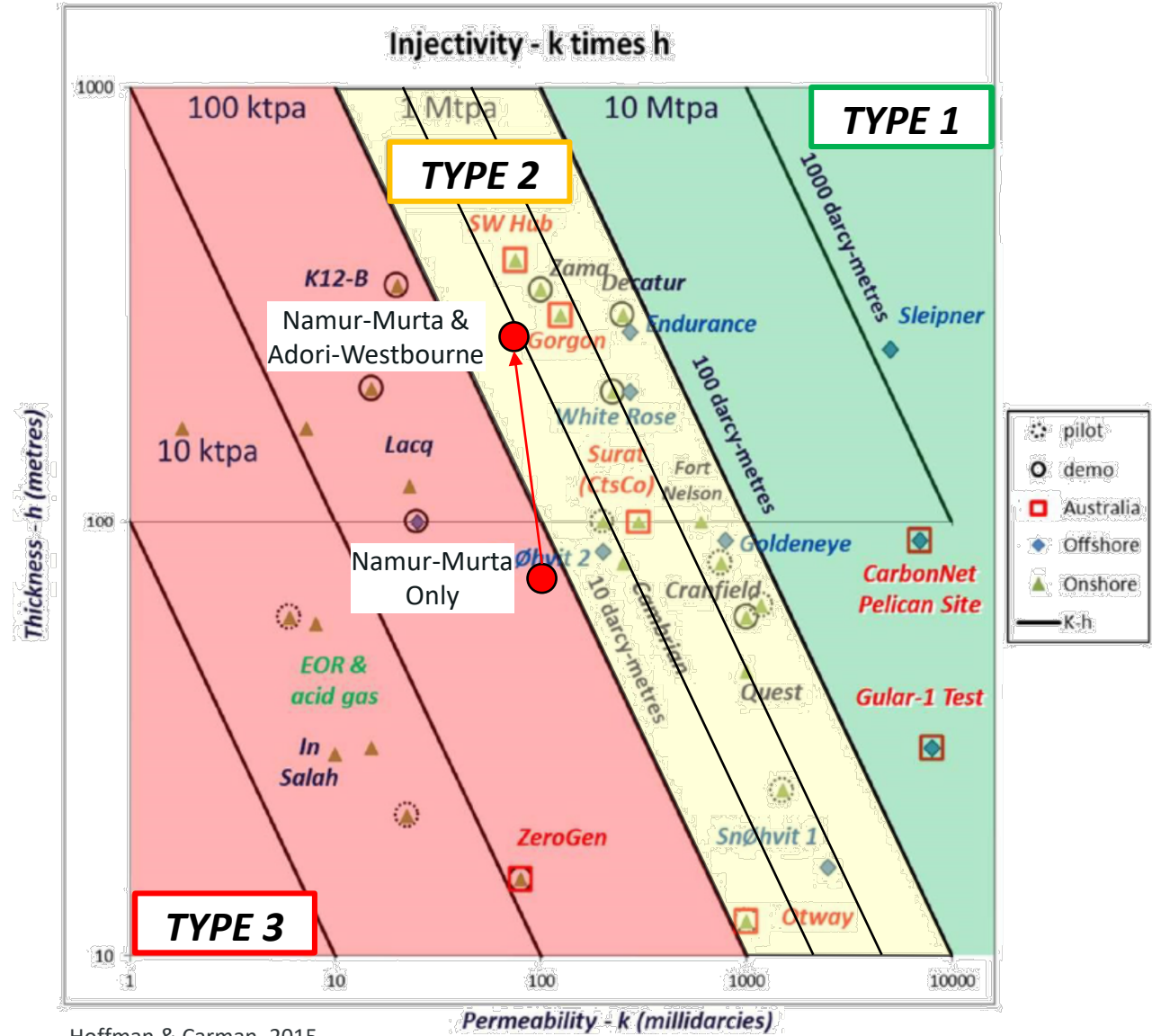
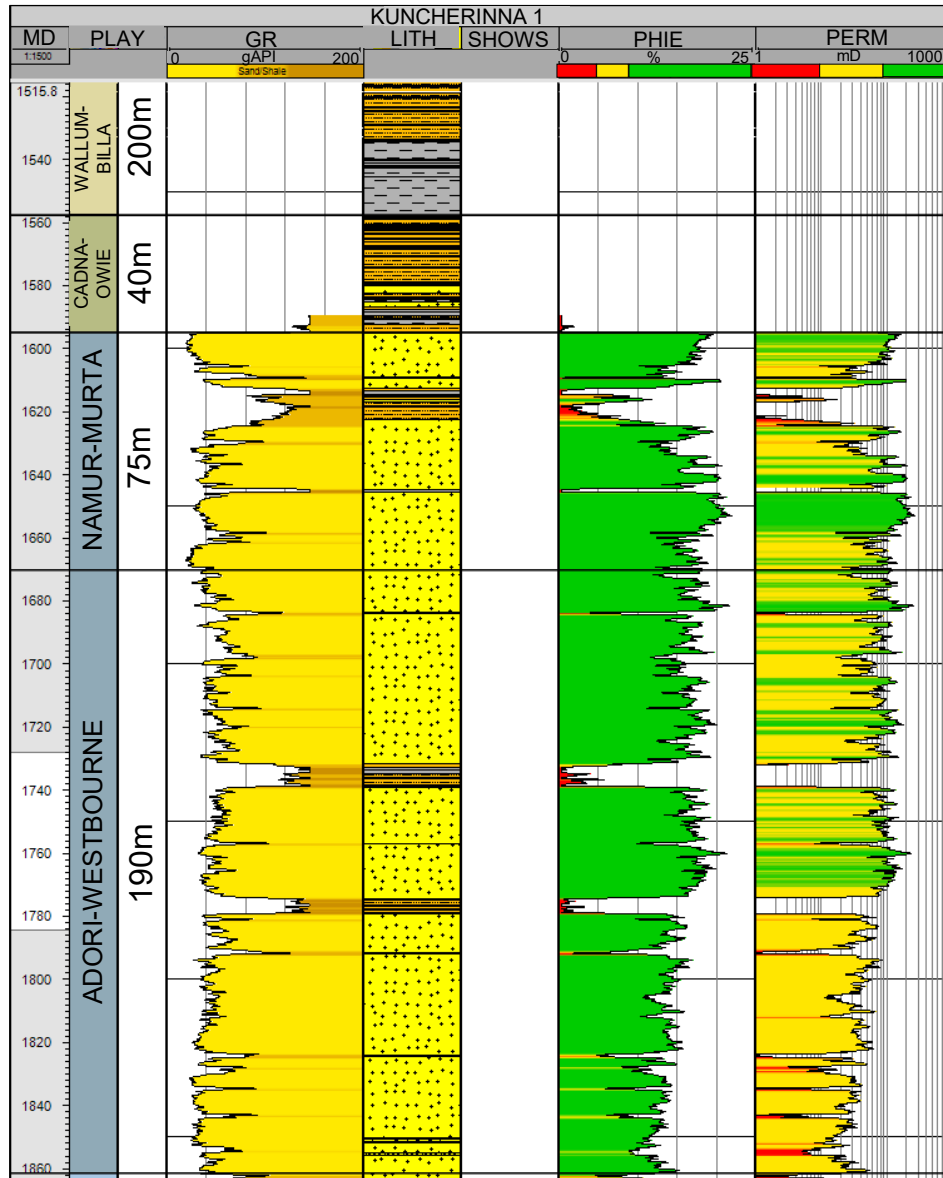


Stacked Namur-Murta & Adori-Westbourne Plays



Hoffman & Carman, 2015

Stacked Namur-Murta & Adori-Westbourne Plays

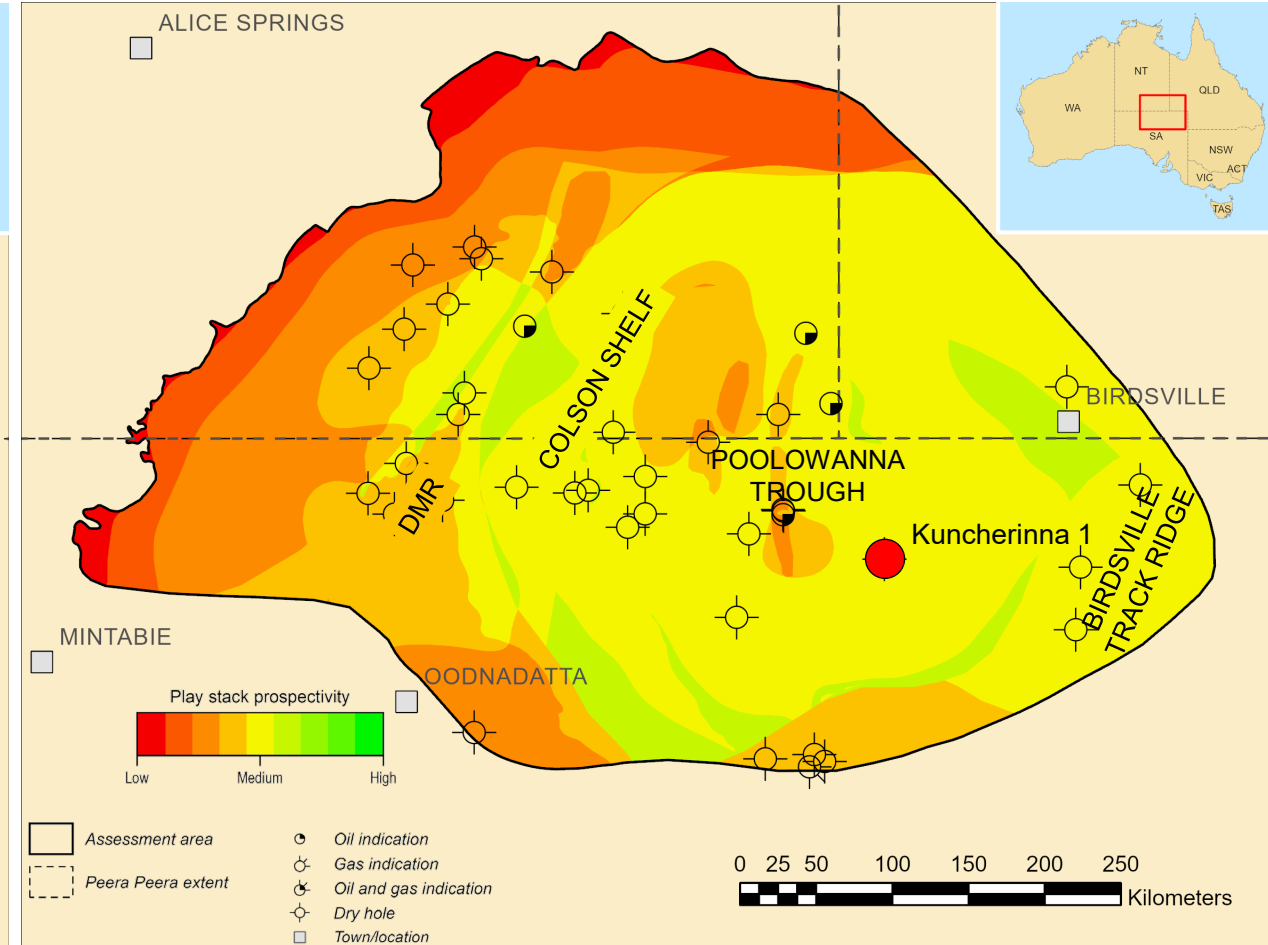
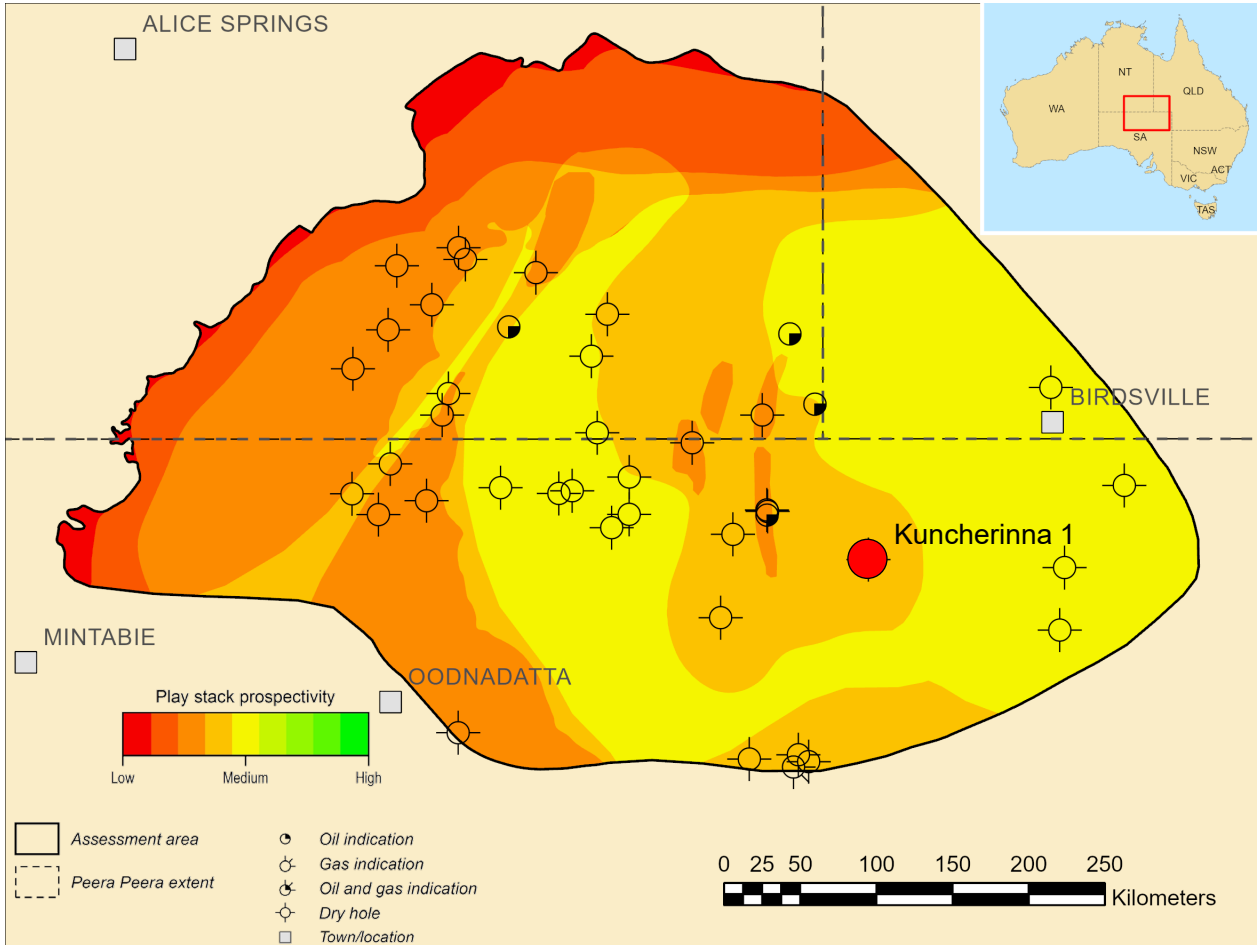


Hoffman & Carman, 2015

Stacked Namur-Murta & Adori-Westbourne GCS Potential

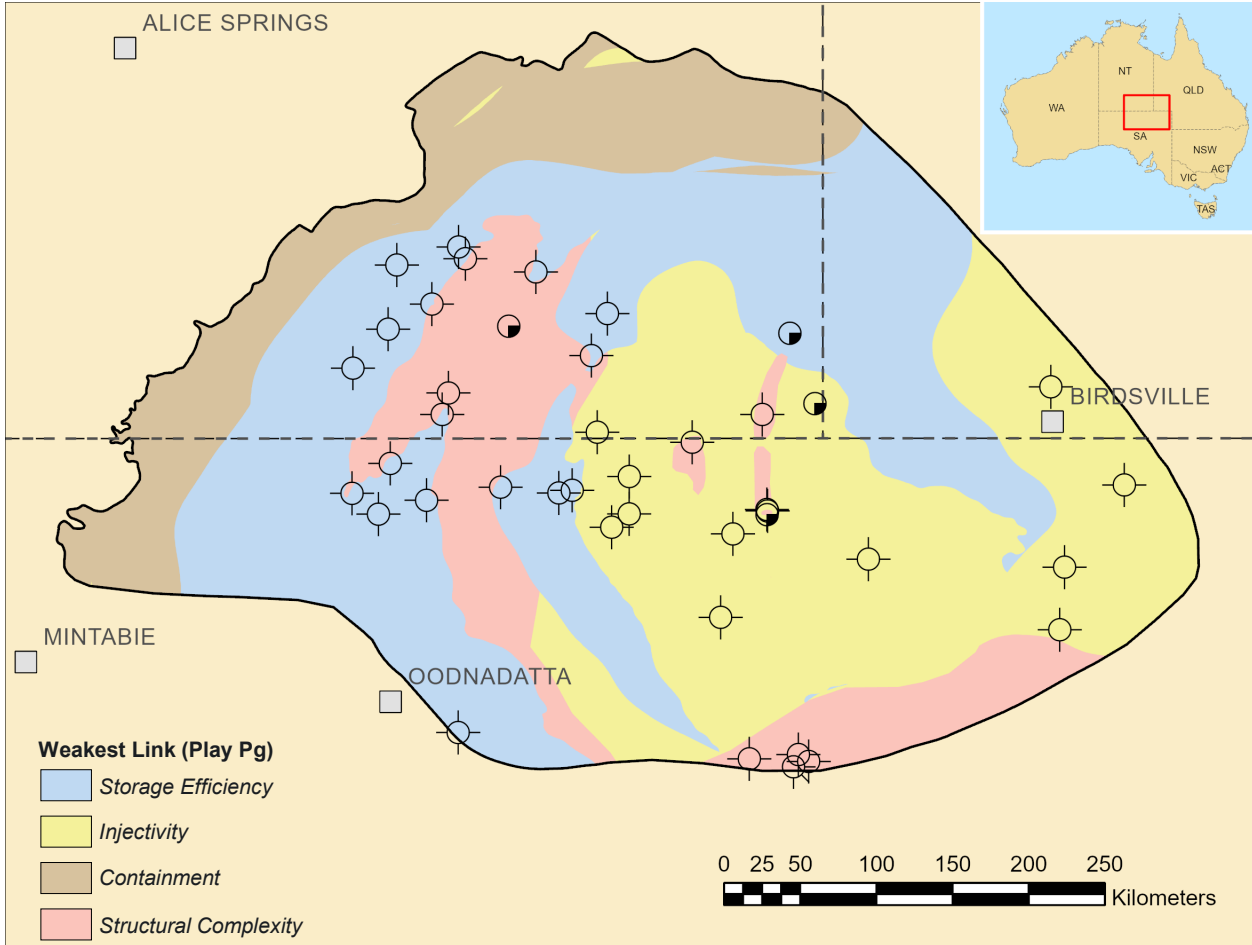
Namur-Murta CRS Map

Namur-Murta & Adori-Westbourne CRS Map

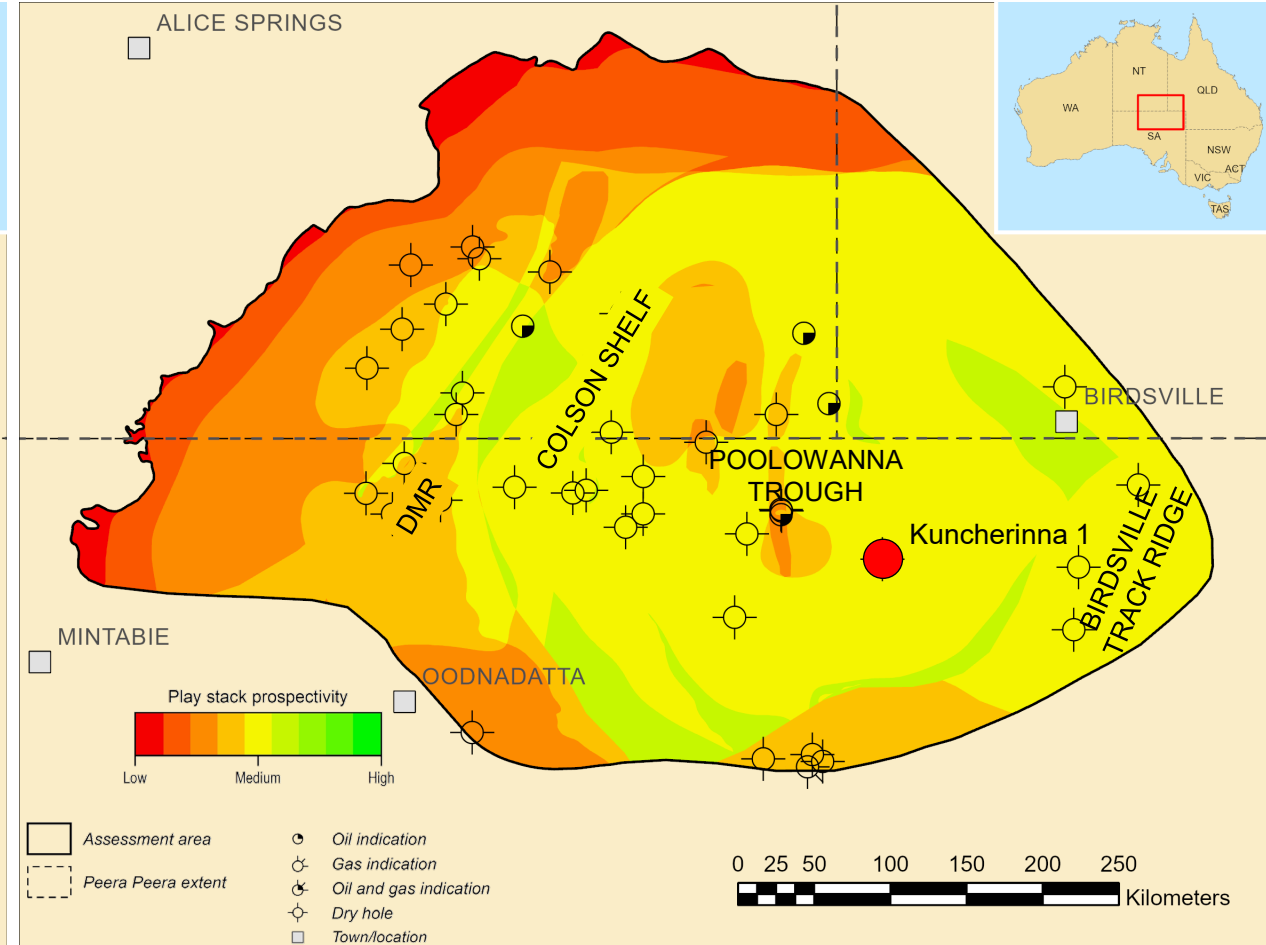


Stacked Namur-Murta & Adori-Westbourne GCS Potential

Weakest Link Map



Play Level Composite Risk Segment (CRS) Map



Conclusion

- Multiple sediment hosted energy resources present within a basin
- CRS mapping can be used to evaluate a variety of different resources and identify sweet spots for exploration
- CRS results are driven by elements and metrics used to assess different resources
- Play based exploration approach pivotal to building an understanding of a basin and its petroleum systems and defining core metrics for CRS work

Next Steps

- Qualitative assessment data package available end 2023
- Quantitative assessment fact sheets June 2024





Acknowledgments

Barry Bradshaw & David Lund (Geoscience Australia)

Darren Ferdinando (now at Talon Energy Ltd), Mitch Furnass (now at ExxonMobil Australia) & Robin O'Leary (now at Armour Energy)

Further information

Visit our team at the Australian Government booth, 93

EFTF Program: <https://www.ga.gov.au/eftf>