

Supplementary Material

Competitive 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions of an azomethine ylide with aromatic and carbonyl groups of nitro-substituted isatoic anhydrides

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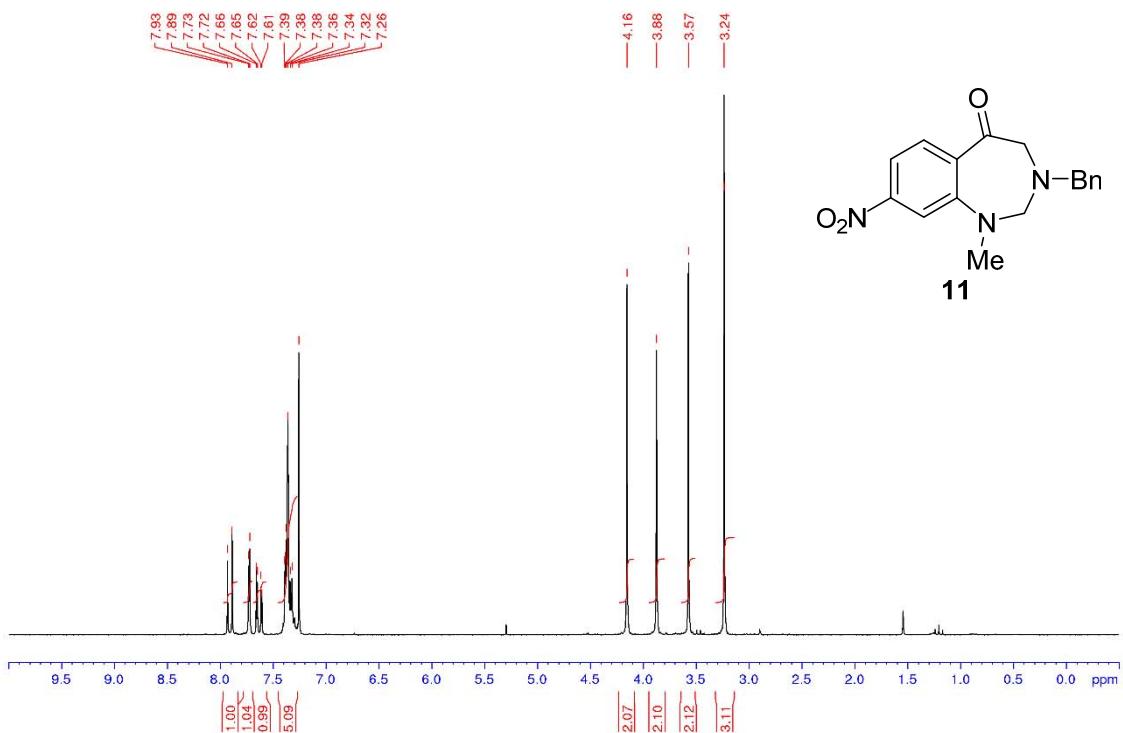
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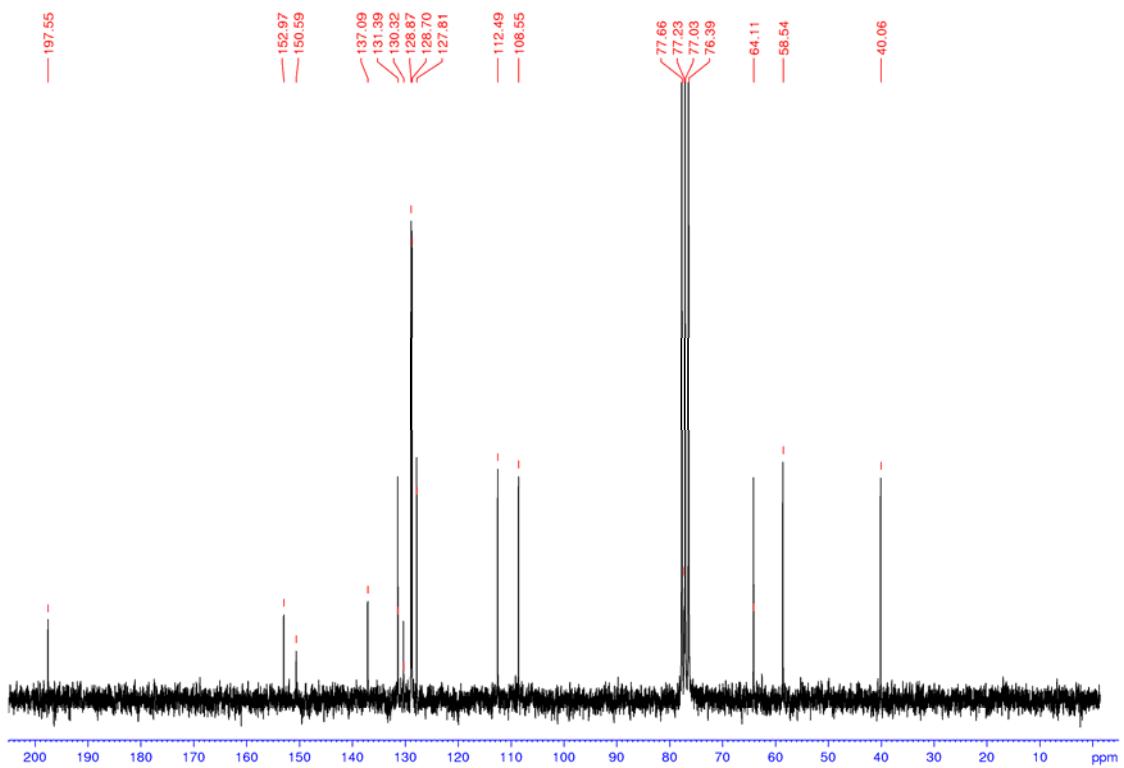
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1. Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra for new compounds (S2-S7).
2. X-ray crystallographic analysis of compound **16** (S8).

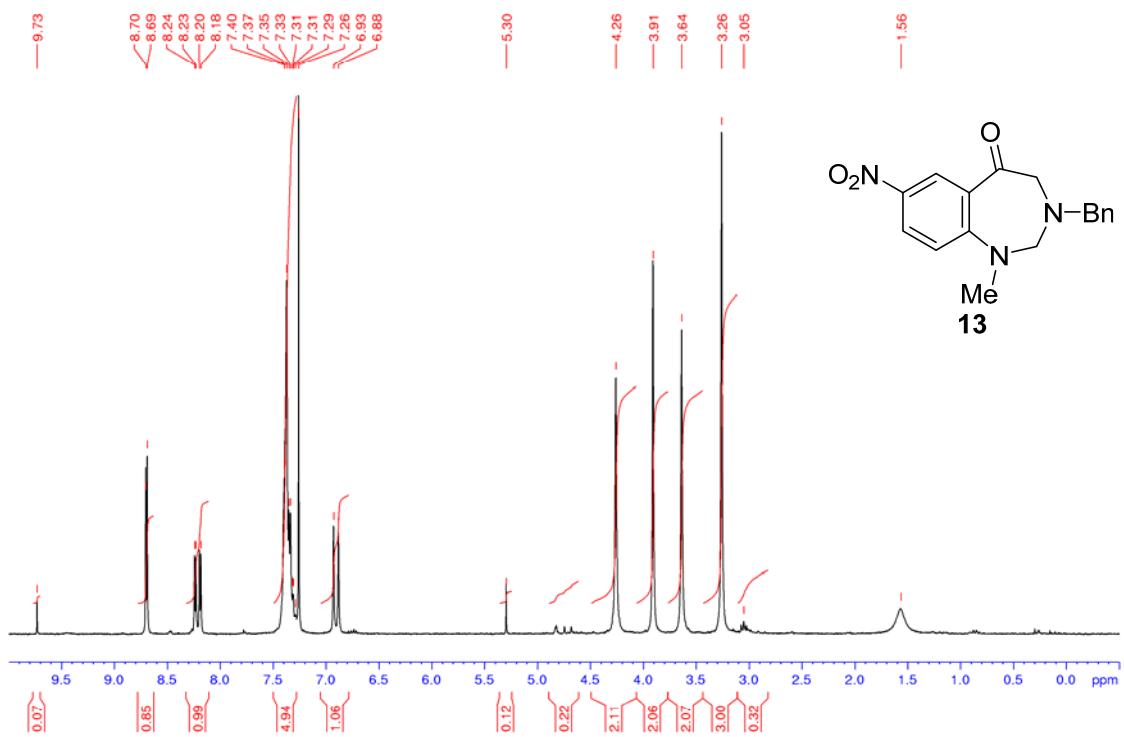
1. Copies of ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra for new compounds.



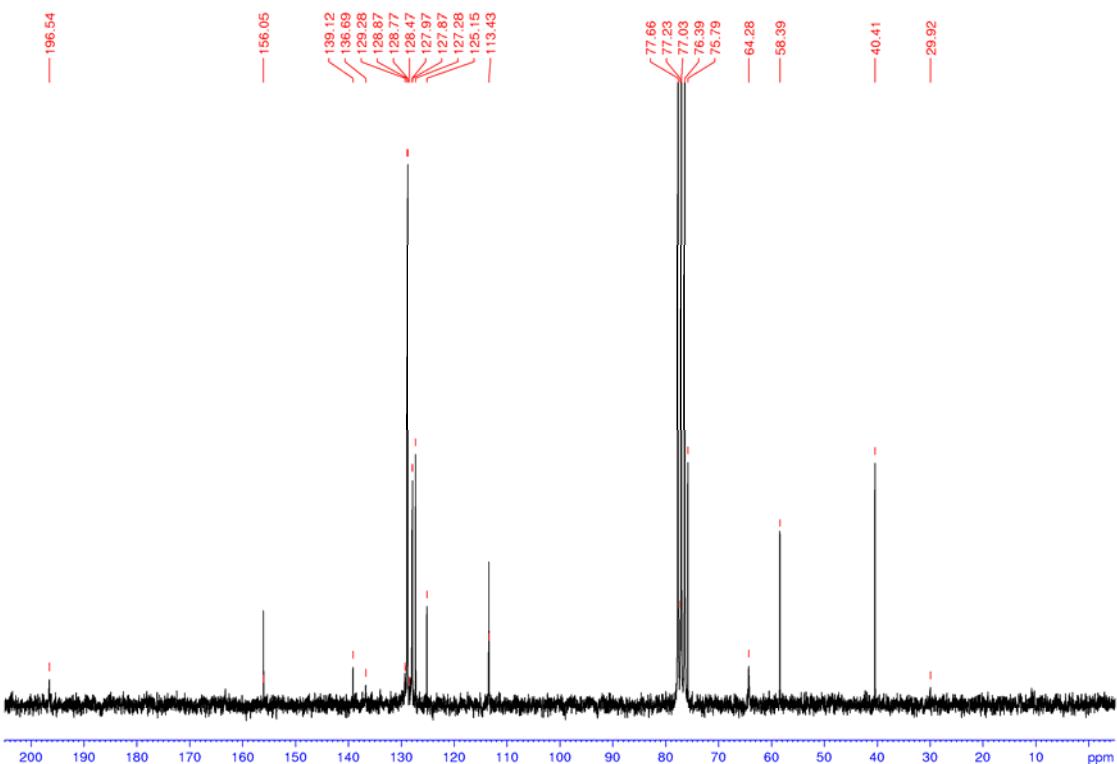
^1H NMR spectrum of **11** (200 MHz, CDCl_3)



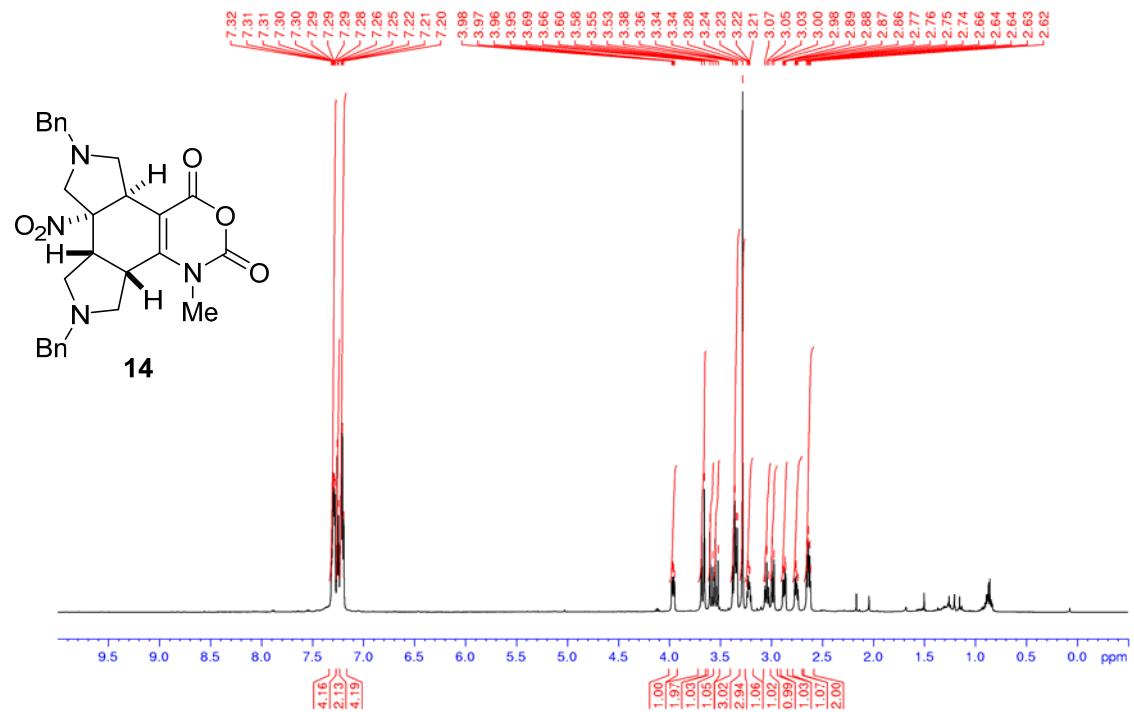
$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of **11** (50 MHz, CDCl_3)

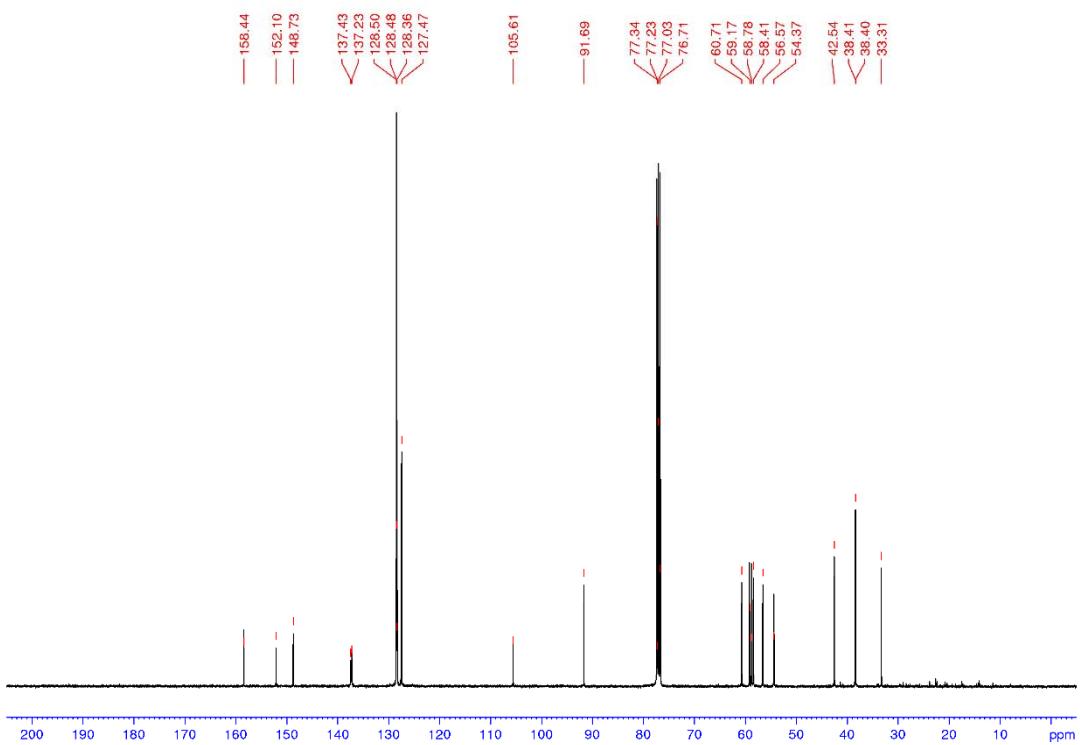


^1H NMR spectrum of **13** (200 MHz, CDCl_3)

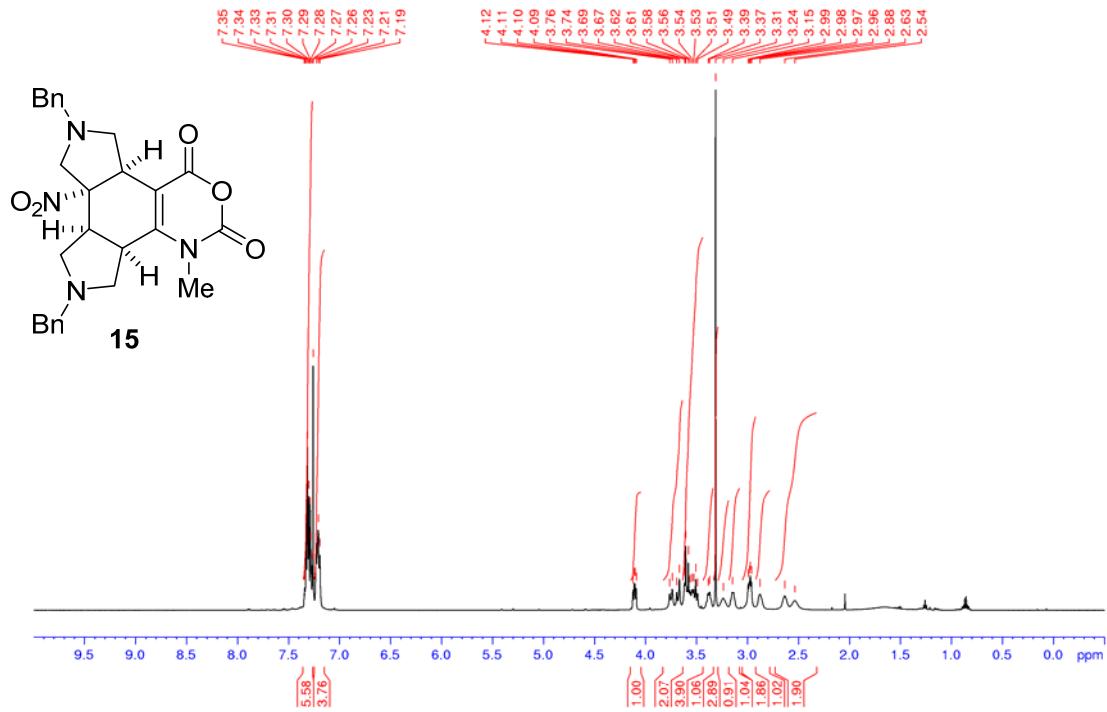


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of **13** (50 MHz, CDCl_3)

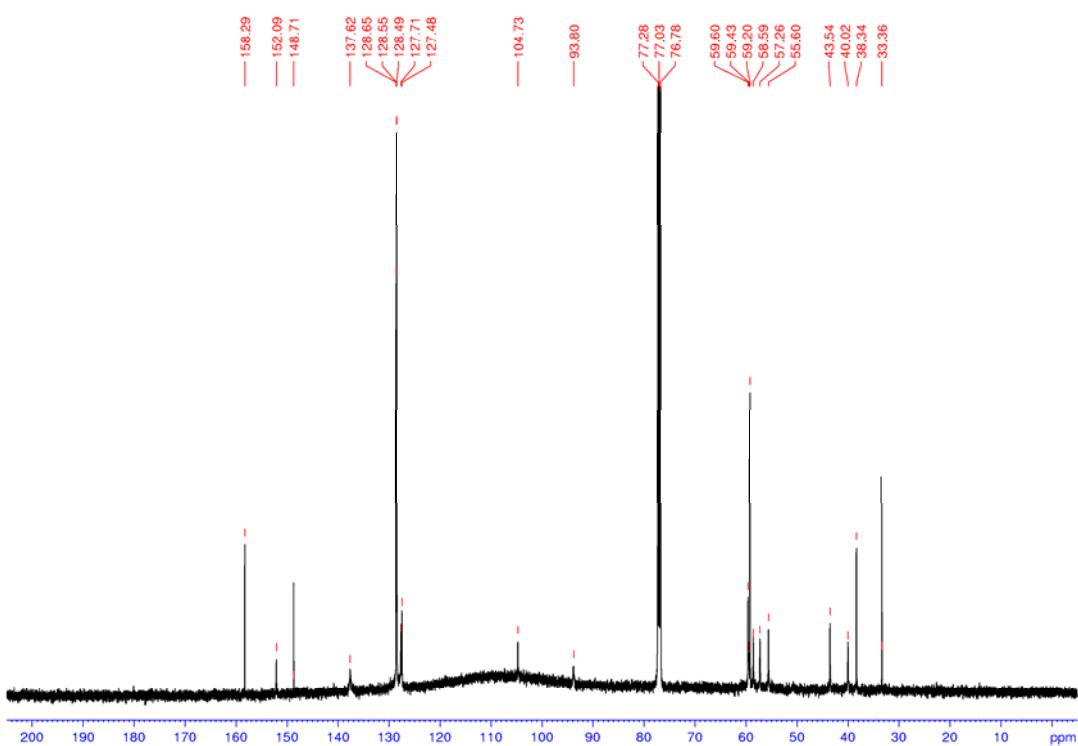




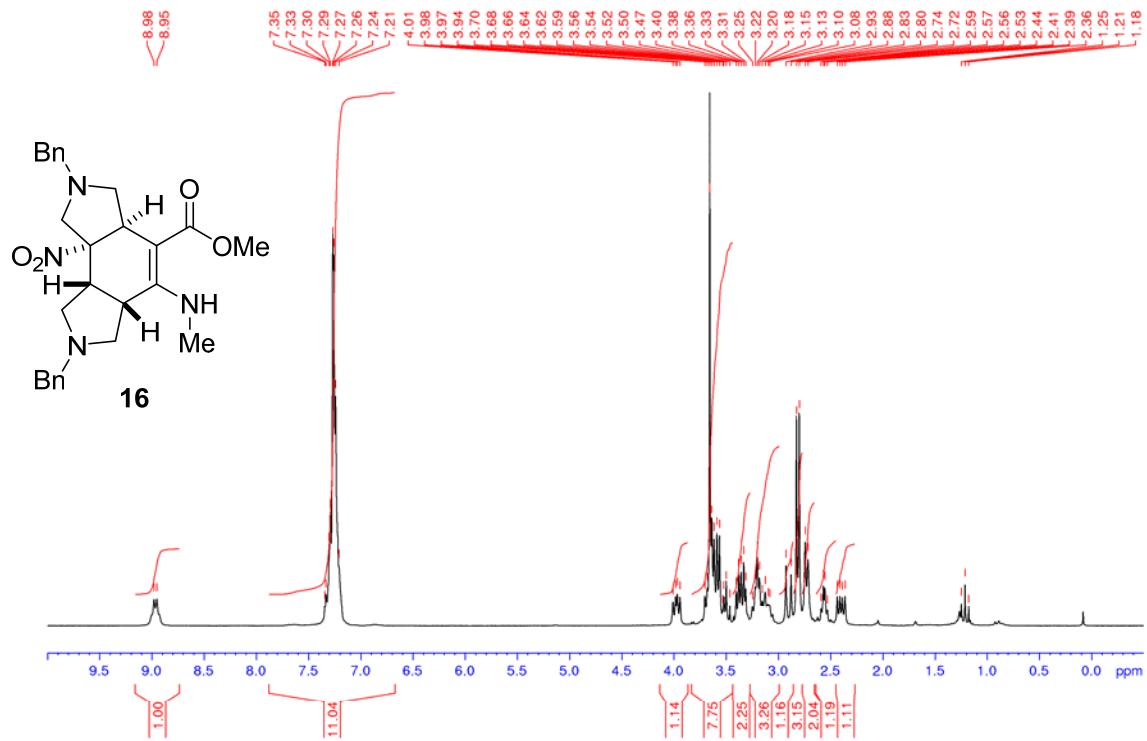
$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of **14** (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



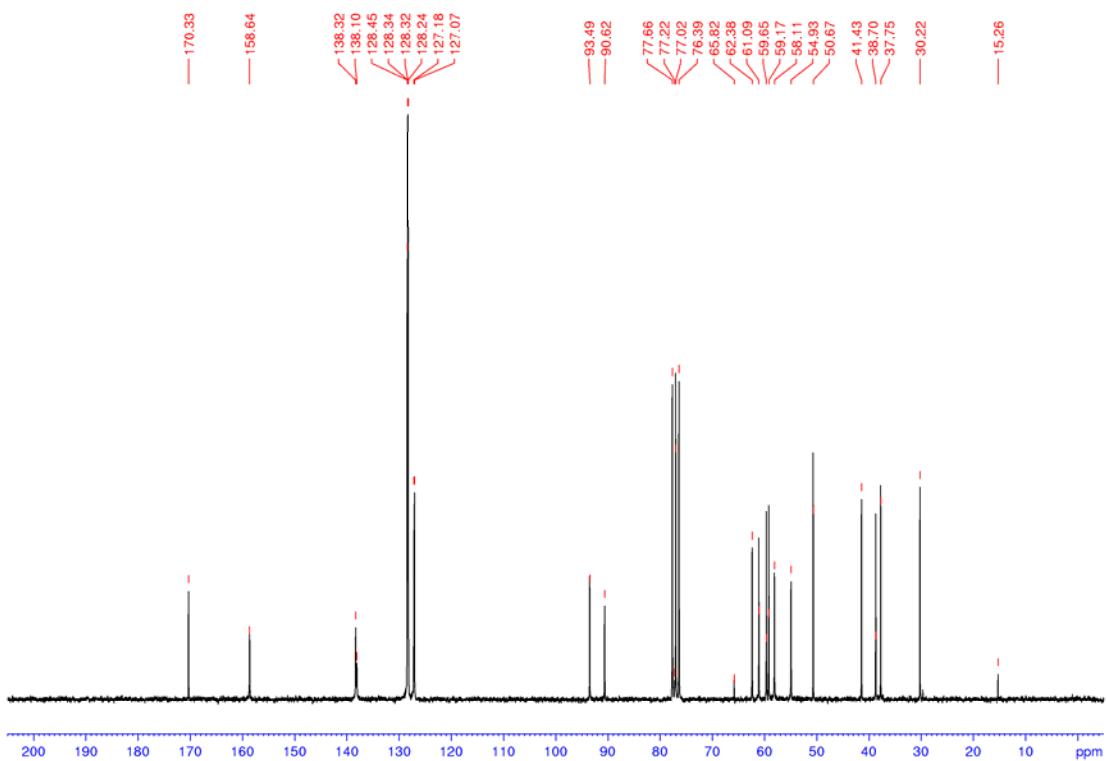
^1H NMR spectrum of **15** (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of **15** (126 MHz, CDCl_3)



^1H NMR spectrum of **16** (200 MHz, CDCl_3)



${}^{13}\text{C}\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum of **16** (50 MHz, CDCl_3)

2. X-ray crystallographic analysis of compound **16**.

Crystallography. Intensity data were collected with an Oxford Diffraction XCalibur CCD diffractometer using Cu- $\text{K}\alpha$ radiation, the temperature during data collection was maintained at 130.0(1) using an Oxford Cryosystems cooling device.

The structure was solved by direct methods and difference Fourier synthesis.¹ Thermal ellipsoid plots were generated using the program ORTEP-3² integrated within the WINGX³ suite of programs.

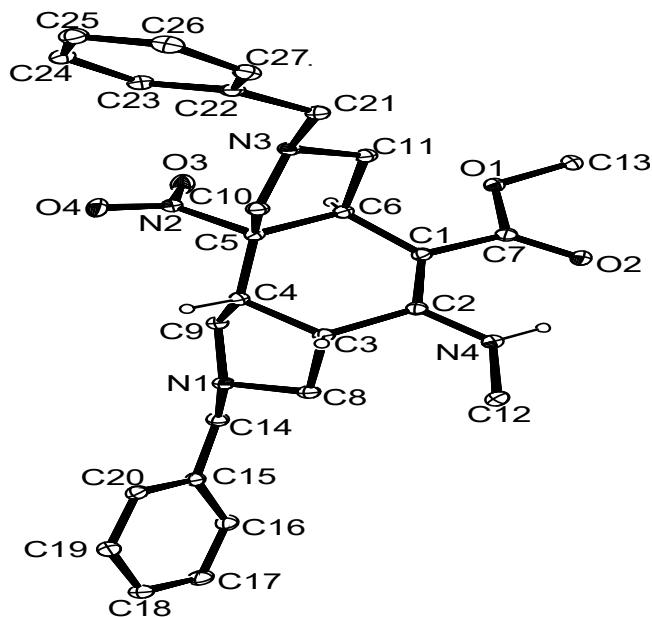


Figure 1. Thermal ellipsoid plot of compound **16**.

Crystal data for **16**. $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4$, $M = 476.56$, $T = 130.0(2)$ K, $a = 1.54184$ Å, Monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$, $a = 17.6227(2)$, $b = 12.02730(10)$, $c = 11.40730(10)$ Å, $V = 2416.41(4)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $D_c = 1.310$ Mg M⁻³, $m(\text{Cu-K}\alpha) = 0.721$ mm⁻¹, $F(000) = 1016$, crystal size 0.39 x 0.37 x 0.17 mm, $q_{\max} = 73.27^\circ$, 11361 reflections measured, 4724 independent reflections ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.41$) the final $R = 0.0453$ [$I > 2s(I)$, 3801 data] and $wR(F^2) = 0.125$ (all data) GOOF = 1.049.

References

1. G. Sheldrick, *Acta Crystallogr. Section C*, **2015**, **71**, 3-8.
2. L. J. Farrugia, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **1997**, **30**, 565.
3. L. J. Farrugia, *J. Appl. Cryst.* **1999**, **32**, 837.