©CSIRO 2019

Australian Journal of Chemistry 2019, 72(9), 717-728

Supplementary Material

Facile preparation of iron-manganese oxide @ diatomite composite with effective remove of vanadium from wastewater

Junying Song, Zhanbin Huang*, Fengzhi Yang

School of Chemical and Environmental Engineering, China University of Mining and

Technology (Beijing), Beijing 100083, P. R. China

Junying Song, Tel: +86 15650702961 E-mail:qdsongjunying@163.com

Zhanbin Huang (Corresponding author), Tel: +86 18911005280

E-mail:zbhuang2003@163.com

Fengzhi Yang, Tel: +86 18811523809 E-mail: yfz1008@163.com

*Corresponding author: Tel: +86 18911005280 (Zhanbin Huang).

E-mail:zbhuang2003@163.com

1

1. Adsorption kinetics

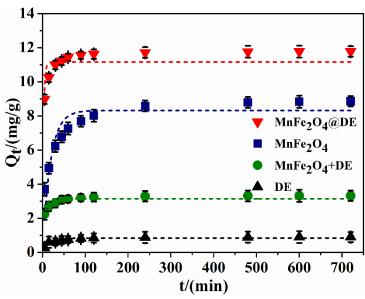


Figure S1. Pseudo-first order model for the adsorption of V (V) by adsorbents.

2. Adsorption isotherm

In this work, the Dubinin-Radushkevich (D-R) isotherm model and Temkin isotherm model were also applied to depict the adsorption properties between the adsorbed V (V) species and the adsorbents. The D-R isotherm model (Eq. S1) and Temkin isotherm model (Eq. S2) can be described as follows:

$$\log Q_e = \log Q_{\text{max}} - B\varepsilon^2$$
 (Eq. S1)

$$Q_e = A_T + B_T log C_e (Eq. S2)$$

Where; Q_e and Q_{max} are the equilibrium and maximum adsorption capacities (mg/g), respectively; C_e (mg/L) is the vanadium concentration at equilibrium and B (mol²/kJ²) is the D–R constant, $\varepsilon = RT \ln(1 + 1/C_e)$; A_T refers to the maximum binding energy and B_T is the Temkin isotherm constant. The V (V) adsorption isotherms and the fitted curves of the two kinds of models at different temperatures by MnFe₂O₄@DE are shown in Figure S2 (a) and (b). Besides, the adsorption isotherm

parameters can be calculated from the fitted plot of Qe versus Ce and summarized in Table S1.

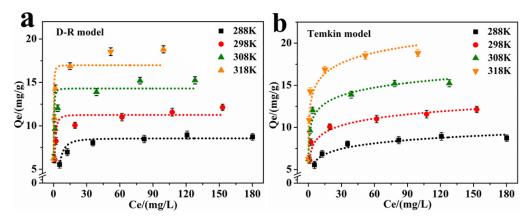


Figure.S2. Dubinin-Radushkevich (a) and Temkin (b) isotherms by nonlinear models for V (V) onto MnFe₂O₄@DE

Table S1. Parameters of D-R and Temkin isotherms for V (V) adsorption.

T/(K)	D-R			Temkin		_
	Q _{max} (mg/g)	B(mol ² KJ ⁻²)	\mathbb{R}^2	AT	B_{T}	\mathbb{R}^2
288	8.56	2.795	0.904	4.246	0.943	0.928
298	11.26	0.247	0.886	6.128	1.204	0.975
308	14.30	0.039	0.821	9.132	1.366	0.949
318	16.98	0.026	0.859	11.563	1.785	0.934

Based on the R^2 values ($R^2 \leq 0.904$) of D-R model, it is clear that the experimental data are not well fitted with D-R isotherm model. R^2 values ($0.928 \leq R^2 \leq 0.975$) of Temkin model are relatively high, indicating that there might be chemical adsorption in the adsorption process of V(V) by MnFe₂O₄ @DE composite^[1].

References

[1] S. Zaidi, V. Sivasankar, T. Chaabane, V. Alonzo, K. Omine, R. Maachi, et al. Separate and simultaneous removal of doxycycline and oxytetracycline antibiotics by electro-generated adsorbents (EGAs). Journal of Environmental Chemical Engineering. **2019**, *7*, 102876.