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The clonal grass *Leymus chinensis* overcomes salt stress by over-compensatory growth of individual ramets

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Supplementary data

Figure S1. Effects of saline-alkali addition and clipping on stomatal conductance (Gs) (A), intercellular CO₂ concentration (Ci) (B), transpiration rate (Tr) (C) and water use efficiency (WUE) (D) of *L. chinensis* in 2010. The values are means \pm SE of triplicate samples. Different uppercase letters represent significant differences in saline-alkali treatments; different lowercase letters represent significant differences in clipping treatments (P \leq 0.05). S₀C₀: no salt addition and no clipping; S₀C₁: clipping without salt addition; S₁C₀: salt addition without clipping; S₁C₁: clipping with salt addition.

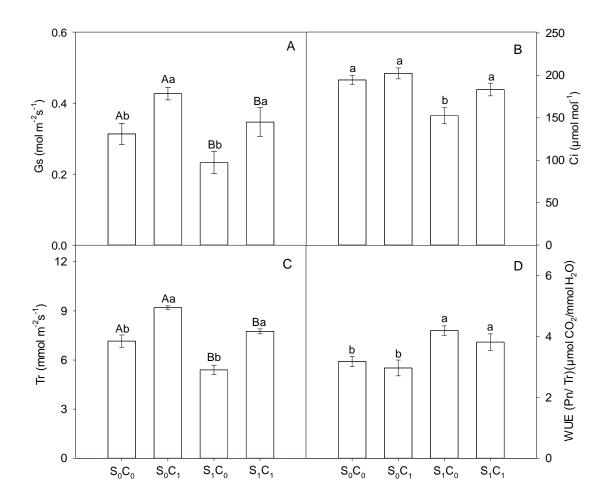


Table S1. Two-way analysis of variance for the effects of saline-alkali (S) and clipping (C) and their interactions (S \times C) on ramet density in June, July and August 2009 and 2010 as well as K⁺/Na⁺ ratio in different organs of *L. chinensis* in 2009 and 2010

Treatment	d.f.	Density in 2009			Density in 2010			K ⁺ /Na ⁺ ratio in 2009			K ⁺ /Na ⁺ ratio in 2010				
		June	July	August	June	July	August	Shoot	Stem	n Rhizome	Root		Stem	em Rhizome Root	
									base				base		
S	1	NS	NS	NS	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
С	1	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
$\mathbf{S} \times \mathbf{C}$	1	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	*	*	NS	NS	*	*

NS, no significant difference, * $P \le 0.05$.