

Supplementary material for

Measuring dissolved organic matter in estuarine and marine waters: size-exclusion chromatography with various detection methods

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This additional material contains a table (Table S1) showing the intercomparison of the aromaticity measured for two humic type standards and a figure (Figure S1) showing the salt interference on the three detectors (carbon, nitrogen and UV) as well as the correction applied to overcome the salt effect for the integration of a carbon chromatogram.

Table S1: Aromaticities (SAC/OC) measured in this study for two humic-type standards: Suwannee River Humic Acid (SRHA) and Suwannee River Fulvic Acid (SRFA). The values are compared with those measured by Huber et al. 2011.

	This study	Huber et al. 2011
SRHA 1S101H	$8.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ L mgC}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$	$7.8^* \text{ L mgC}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$
SRFA 1S101F	$4.9 \pm 0.2 \text{ L mgC}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$	$4.6^* \text{ L mgC}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$

*Uncertainty is unknown

Figure S1: (a) LC-OCD-UVD-OND chromatograms of organic nitrogen (OND, green line), UV (UVD, blue line) and organic carbon (OCD, black line) for 1 : irradiated coastal sea water (1) ; 2 : deionized ultrapure laboratory water irradiated with 35 g L^{-1} NaCl (NaCl UP-water) and 3 : irradiated UP-water. (b) OCD chromatograms of a natural coastal sea water (black line), the same irradiated sea water (red line) and the difference between the non-irradiated and irradiated organic carbon signals (green line).

