Environmental problems · chemical approaches

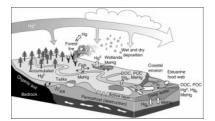


133

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Cover

Antarctic ecosystems provide the opportunity to investigate the natural cycles of the elements, because the food webs are relatively simple and trace element contamination from anthropogenic sources is negligible. See Grotti et al. (pp. 207–214) for a report on the arsenic species from a range of Antarctic organisms, and a comparison to the patterns of arsenicals with those from similar studies in temperate and tropical waters.



Recent research on mercury contamination has discovered a photochemical process unique to the Arctic that leads to mercury deposition on frozen surfaces after polar sunrise, but the connection between mercury deposition and entry into food webs remains tenuous and poorly understood. In Macdonald and Loseto (pp. 133–138) it is proposed that the Arctic Ocean's sensitivity to the global mercury cycle depends far more on neglected post-deposition processes that lead to methylation within the ice–ocean system, and the vulnerability of these processes to changes occurring in the cryosphere.

CONCEPT

Are Arctic Ocean ecosystems exceptionally vulnerable to global emissions
of mercury? A call for emphasised research on methylation
and the consequences of climate change
R. W. Macdonald and L. L. Loseto

RAPID COMMUNICATION

Validation of a portable flow injection-chemiluminescence (FI-CL) method	
for the determination of dissolved iron in Atlantic open ocean	
and shelf waters by comparison with isotope dilution-	
inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ID-ICPMS)	
Simon J. Ussher, Ivan Petrov, Christophe R. Quétel and Paul J. Worsfold	139

RESEARCH PAPERS Assessment of the pollution potential of mercury contaminated biosolids Cristina Lomonte, Johannes Fritsche, Emilia Bramanti, Augustine Doronila, David Gregory, Alan J. M. Baker and Spas D. Kolev 146 Aeolian iron mobilisation by dust-acid interactions and their implications for soluble iron deposition to the ocean: a test involving potential anthropogenic organic acidic species Chao Luo and Yuan Gao 153 A comparative evaluation of water uptake on several mineral dust sources Juan G. Navea, Haihan Chen, Min Huang, Gregory R. Carmichel and Vicki H. Grassian 162 Assessing the effect of marine isoprene and ship emissions on ozone, using modelling and measurements from the South Atlantic Ocean J. Williams, T. Custer, H. Riede, R. Sander, P. Jöckel, P. Hoor, A. Pozzer, S. Wong-Zehnpfennig, Z. Hosaynali Beygi, H. Fischer, V. Gros, A. Colomb, B. Bonsang, N. Yassaa, I. Peeken, E. L. Atlas, C. M. Waluda, J. A. van Aardenne and J. Lelieveld 171 Anisole nitration during gamma-irradiation of aqueous nitrite and nitrate solutions: free radical versus ionic mechanisms Gracy Elias, Bruce J. Mincher, Stephen P. Mezyk, 183 Thomas D. Cullen and Leigh R. Martin Delineation of sediment sources to a coastal wetland in the Great Barrier Reef catchment: influence of climate variability and land clearing since European arrival Grant B. Douglas, Mio Kuhnen, Lynda C. Radke, Gary Hancock, Brendan Brooke, Mark J. Palmer, Tim Pietsch, Phillip W. Ford, Mike G. Trefry and R. (Bob) Packett 190 Arsenic speciation in marine organisms from Antarctic coastal environments Marco Grotti, Cristina Lagomarsino, Walter Goessler and Kevin A. Francesconi 207Assessment of metal-extracellular polymeric substances interactions by asymmetrical flow field-flow fractionation coupled to

inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry Enrica Alasonati, Stephane Dubascoux, Gaetane Lespes and Vera I. Slaveykova

215

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