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## The macroinvertebrate fauna of an Australian dryland river: spatial and temporal patterns and environmental relationships

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Abstract. Waterholes within the dryland Cooper Creek, Lake Eyre Basin, Australia, are connected only during floods and are typically isolated for long periods. Spatial changes in the macroinvertebrate assemblages of 15 of these waterholes belonging to four regions were explored and these changes were related to environmental aspects of the waterholes measured at four spatial scales: floodplain, waterhole, within waterhole and sample habitat. To explore temporal patterns, one region was sampled on four occasions differing in time since connection. Spatial patterns were characterised by 'differentiation by distance' whereby samples collected closer to each other in the landscape were more similar in assemblage composition than those collected further apart. Thus, there were significant differences between the assemblages of the four regions. Although there was a correlation between macroinvertebrate spatial patterns and a combination of local habitat, geomorphology and water chemistry attributes, it appears unlikely that these variables were responsible for the faunal differentiation by distance. Temporal variability was larger than spatial variability and temporal assemblage patterns were best explained by the 'connectivity potential' of waterholes, reflecting the position of individual waterholes within the broader channel network and long-term connectivity relationships, rather than the actual time since hydrological connection.

## Appendix 1. Environmental variables used in the study and the units in which they were expressed

Those in bold type were included in BIOENV analyses following variable redundancy analysis

Variable class	Description	Abbreviation
Floodplain	Total floodplain width (m)	FW
morphology	Effective floodplain width (m)	EFW
1 23	Floodplain setting	FS
	Bifurcation ratio	BR
	Number of channels	NOC
	Channel distance to the nearest waterhole (m)	CD
	Straight line distance to the nearest waterhole (m)	SLD
Waterhole	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	A
morphology	Perimeter (m)	P
	Length (m)	L
	Width (m)	W
	Fetch length (m)	$\mathbf{FL}$
	Circularity	C
	Elongation ratio	ER
	Length to width ratio	LW
	Bankfull cross-sectional area (m <sup>2</sup> )	CSA
	Width to depth ratio	WD
	Hydraulic radius	HR
	Wetted perimeter (m)	WP
	Shape Index	SI
	Depth of cross section (m)	DCS
	Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	V
Within	Mid-channel bars	MCB
waterhole	Backwater	BAW
morphology	Off-take channels	OC
morphology	Bench 0 - 1/3	B1
	Bench 1/3 – 2/3	B2
	Bench 2/3 – 3/3	B3
	Side bars	SB
	Miscellaneous bars	BAR
	Anabranches	AN
	Bed and bank complexity	BBC
	Eroding banks	EB
	Snag Density	SD
	Scour holes	SH
	Boulders	BOU
	Fringing vegetation	FV
	Overhanging vegetation	ov
Sample	% deep (not samplable)	%D
habitat	% edge	%E
	% silt/clay pool	%S/C
	% sandy pool	%S
	% rocky pool	%R
	edge algae density (category)	EAD
	edge detritus density (category)	EDD
	edge macrophyte density (category)	EMD
	rocks (presence/absence)	R
	mean wetted width (m)	MWW
	mean wetten whitin (m)	TAT AA AA

Water quality	conductivity (uS/cm @ 25°C)	Cond
	pH (@ 23°C)	pН
	turbidity (NTU)	Tur
	depth 1% light (cm)	DL
	total hardness (mg/L CaCo <sub>3</sub> )	Thar
	alkalinity (mg/L CaCo <sub>3</sub> )	Alk
	true colour (Hazen)	Tcol
	total dissolved ions (mg/L)	TDI
	total suspended solids (mg/L)	TSS
	total N (mg/L)	TN
	total P (mg/L)	TP
	ratio total N: total P	N:P
	DO 24 hr maximum (mg/L)	DOmax
	DO 24 hr minimum (mg/L)	DOmin
	water temperature 24 hr maximum (°C)	Mtemp
	water temperature 24 hr minimum (°C)	Mintemp
	Silicate (mg/L)	Sil
	Sodium (mg/L)	Na
	Potassium (mg/L)	K
	Calcium (mg/L)	Ca
	Magnesium (mg/L)	Mg
	Bicarbonate (mg/L)	Bcarb
	Carbonate (mg/L)	Carb
	Chloride (mg/L)	Cl
	Flouride (mg/L)	Fl
	Nitrate (mg/L)	Nit
	Sulphate (mg/L)	Sul
Hydrology	Time since discharge > 1500 ML/day (days)	D>1500
	Time since discharge > 1000 ML/day (days)	D>1000
	Time since discharge > 500 ML/day (days)	D>500
	Time since discharge > 50 ML/day (days)	D>50
	Total antecedent discharge in past 90 days (ML)	TAD90
	Total antecedent discharge in past 60 days (ML)	TAD60
	Total antecedent discharge in past 30 days (ML)	TAD30
	Duration of most recent high flow event > 500 ML/day (days)	AHF

## Appendix 2. Taxa identified from samples collected from waterholes in the Cooper Creek catchment between April 2001 and May 2003

-	Species
NEMATODA	Indeterminate spp.
TEMNOCEPHALIDEA	Temnocephala sp.
MOLLUSCA	
BIVALVIA	
Sphaeriidae	Sphaerium sp.
Corbiculidae	Corbiculina australis
Hyriidae	Velesunio wilsonii
GASTROPODA	
Ancylidae	Ferrissia spp.
Bithyniidae	Gabbia sp. (?)
Thiaridae	Thiara balonnensis
Viviparidae	Notopala sublineata
OLIGOCHAETA	Indeterminate spp.
ARACHNIDA	Acarina spp.
CRUSTACEA	
ISOPODA	
Oniscidae	Haloniscus sp.
DECAPODA	
Palaemonidae	Macrobrachium australiense
Parastacidae	Cherax destructor
Sundathelphusidae	Holthuisana sp.
INSECTA	
EPHEMEROPTERA	
Caenidae	Tasmanocoenis arcuata
	Wundacaenis dostini
ODONATA	
Coenagrionidae	Xanthagrion sp.
	Ischnura aurora
Telephlebiidae	Austroaeschna pulchra
Gomphidae	Austrogomphus australis
	Austrogomphus cornutus
	Antipodogomphus acolythus
Hemicorduliidae	Hemicordulia continentalis
Libellulidae	Orthetrum caledonicum
HEMIPTERA	
Veliidae	Mesovelia sp.
Pleidae	Paraplea sp.
Corixidae	
	Micronecta spp.
Notonectidae	Anisops spp.
COLEOPTERA	Thusops spp.
	A
Dytiscidae	Antiporus spp.
	Megaporus sp.
	Allodessus sp
	Liodessus sp.
	Sternopriscus sp.
	Laccophilus sp.
	Hydroglyphus sp.
	Eretes australis
	Onychoydrus scutellaris
	Hyphydrus sp.

Hydrophilidae	Enochrus sp.
	Coelosoma sp.
	Paranacaena sp.
	Laccobius sp.
	Paracymus sp.
Hydraenidae	Indeterminate sp. (larvae)
DIPTERA	
Tipulidae	Indeterminate sp.
Psychodidae	Indeterminate sp.
Chironomidae	Tanypodinae
	Chironominae
	Orthocladinae
Ceratopogonidae	Bezzia sp.
	Forcipimia sp.
	Atrichopogon sp.
Tabanidae	Indeterminate sp.
Sciomyzidae	Indeterminate sp.
Muscidae	Indeterminate sp.
Ephydridae	Indeterminate sp.
LEPIDOPTERA	
Pyralidae	Indeterminate sp.
TRICHOPTERA	
Ecnomidae	Ecnomus sp.
Leptoceridae	Triplectides australis
	Oecetis sp.