

Windi, Roy Hill, Marble Bar, Pardoo, Wollal, Louisa Downs, Hall's Creek, Flora Valley, Ord River Station, Argyle Station.

96. *Emblema picta*. Painted Finch.*—Rather a shy finch, first observed in small parties in low rocky hills near Marble Bar. Localities—Marble Bar, Pardoo, Wollal, Margaret River Downs.

97. *Steganopleura annulosa*. Banded Finch.—Small parties seen at Noonkanbah and Ivanhoe.

98. *Bathilda ruficauda*. Star Finch.—Pairs seen in company with other finches at Noonkanbah, Argyle, and Ivanhoe.

99. *Neochmia phaeton*. Crimson Finch.—Pairs seen in company with other finches at Noonkanbah, Argyle and Ivanhoe.

100. *Poëphila acuticauda*. Long-tailed Finch.—Pairs observed at Roebuck Plains, Hall's Creek and Ivanhoe.

101. *Chlamydera nuchalis*. Great Bower-bird.*—Several pairs were seen around homestead buildings. A very faint trace of the lilac band was observed in the female specimen collected. Localities—Louisa Downs, Nicholson, Ord River Station.

102. *Corvus cecilaë*. Australian Crow.—Meekatharra, Pardoo, Wollal, Anna Plains, Roebuck Plains, Langey's Crossing, Upper Liveringa, Noonkanbah, Fitzroy Crossing, Gogo, Louisa Downs, Margaret River Downs, Hall's Creek, Flora Valley, Ord River Station, Argyle, Ivanhoe, Wyndham.

103. *Craicticus nigrogularis*. Pied Butcher-bird.—Seen at Mundi-Windi, Marble Bar, Wollal, Anna Plains, La Grange, Broome, Noonkanbah, Ord River Station and Wyndham.

104. *C. argenteus*. Silver-backed Butcher-bird.—Seen at Argyle.

105. *Gymnorhina tibicen*. Black-backed Magpie.—Two magpies possibly attributable to this species were seen in open wooded country (Cockatoo Sands) on Argyle Station.

Albino Birds. — Albinism in the plumage of birds, especially in the case of the swallow tribe, is of rare occurrence, so that the two following instances may be worthy of record. The Perth *Daily News* published a paragraph on November 7, 1946, relating to the instance when one of a brood of swallows hatched out in a nest under the Sandringham Hotel verandah, Belmont. This bird had a totally white plumage. The photograph accompanying the paragraph did not disclose a single dark feather. The other members of the brood were of the normal swallow type. A second instance of albinism was observed by my granddaughter, Mrs. A. Hamilton, who was visiting friends at Mount Lawley, Perth. This bird was an individual of the well-known Black-and-white Fantail. It frequented the lawn regularly. The head, hind-neck, mantle and upper tail-coverts, as observed through field-glasses, were of a pale cream colour, the remainder of the plumage being about normal.—F. LAWSON WHITLOCK, Bunbury, W.A., 2/4/47.