

Iris Indian red: Suttor River: November 2, 1856: Common round Gulf of Carpentaria.

On November 2, Gregory's party was on the upper Suttor at about 21°15'S, 146°50'E.

*British Museum (Natural History), London.*  
*Manuscript received June 15, 1965.*

**Accidental Occurrences of two species of Cockatoo in Southern Queensland.**—The Little Corella, *Kakatoe sanguinea*, is a common bird in parts of the more northern and inland regions of the continent. The range of the species in southern Queensland is mainly in the western part of the State. I have recorded it at Cunnamulla and north to Longreach and as there appears to be no record of the species east of Cunnamulla I would like to record two birds in open country along the Cresley Creek about six miles south of Jandowae on September 7, 1963. This locality would be 300 miles east of Cunnamulla.

Apparently this species appears in coastal regions at rare intervals as it is recorded at Innisfail by S. R. White in *Emu*, Vol. 46, p. 105.

The second species is the Pink Cockatoo, *Kakatoe leadbeateri*, which is confined in Queensland to the south-western part of the State. I have recorded this species from Cunnamulla and places further west. However, being found in semi-arid scrublands, it could possibly extend its range east of Cunnamulla. I have one such record, the occurrence of a small flock in company with White Cockatoos, *Kakatoe galerita*, at Warra on the Darling Downs during May 1962.—LLOYD NIELSEN, Jandowae, Queensland.