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Supplementary Material

Markers of protein synthesis are increased in fetal membranes and myometrium after human labour and delivery

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Table S1. Clinical characteristics of the patients in the preterm chorioamnionitis group

Values represent mean (\pm s.e.m.) unless otherwise specified. * $P < 0.05$ vs no infection group (Mann-Whitney test)

	Preterm no labour, no infection ($n = 8$)	Preterm no labour, infected ($n = 8$)
Maternal age (years)	34.5 (1.5)	33.9 (1.5)
Pre-pregnancy maternal BMI	23.5 (1.0)	24.0 (1.0)
Gravida	2.8 (0.7)	4.6 (0.8)
Parity	2.1 (0.5)	3.1 (0.7)
Gestational age (weeks)	33.6 (0.7)	28.5 (1.5)*
Fetal gender	3 female; 5 male	6 female; 2 male
Birthweight (g)	1963 (160)	1310 (270)
Delivery mode		
Vaginal delivery	0%	0%
Casearean section	100%	100%
Labour		
No labour	100%	100%
Spontaneous	0%	0%
Duration of labour (min)	N/A	N/A
Membrane rupture		
SROM	0%	0%
PROM	75%	87.5%
ARM	25%	12.5%
Antibiotics	50%	100%
Steroids	75%	100%
Doses	2.2 (0.5)	1.8 (0.2)