## 10.1071/CH11352\_AC ©CSIRO 2012 Australian Journal of Chemistry 2012, 65(2), 113-120

## **Supplementary Material**

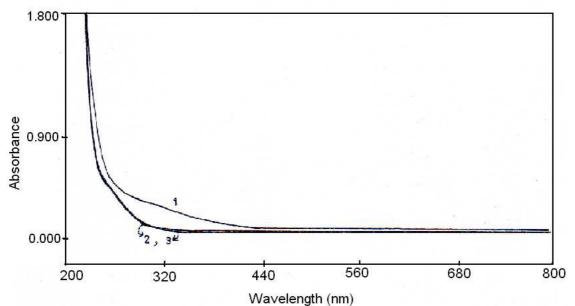
## Kinetics and Mechanism of the Reaction of Dichlorotetraaquaruthenium $({\rm III})$ and Thiols

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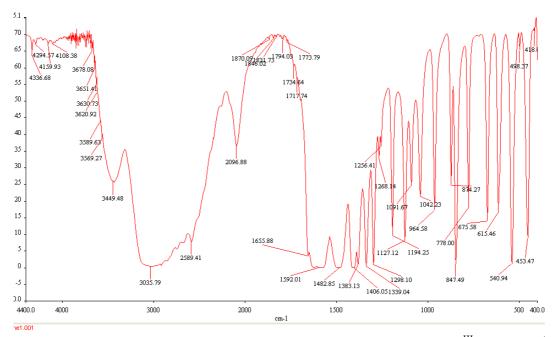
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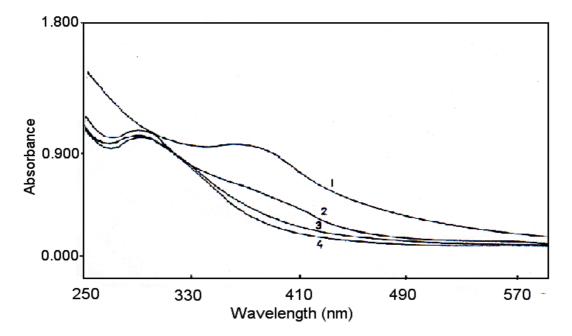
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**Fig.S1-** Comparison of UV-Vis spectra of mixture of  $[Ru^{III}(H_2O)_4Cl_2]^+$  and glutathione reduced(GSH) with the glutathione oxidized (GSSG) at temperature  $25 \pm 0.1^{\circ}C$ , I = 0.5 M: (1) Mixture of  $[Ru^{III}] = 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M and  $[GSH] = 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$ M at pH  $\approx 2.0$  immediate after mixing, (2) only glutathione oxidized(GSSG) of same concentration (3) Mixture after 10 minutes.



**Fig.S2** - FTIR spectrum of the product isolated from the reaction of  $[Ru^{III}Cl_2(H_2O)_4]^+$  and L-cysteine(CySH)



**Fig.S3** - Repetitive spectral scan of mixture of  $[Ru^{III}Cl_2(H_2O)_4]^+$  and GSH at temperature  $25 \pm 0.1^{\circ}C$ , I = 0.5 M (NaClO<sub>4</sub>): (1) after 30 sec (2) after 2 min (3) after 4 min (4) after 10 min of mixing.