

## Supplementary Material

### Detection of Trace Amounts of Water in Organic Solvent by 8-Hydroxypyrene-1,3,6-Trisulfonic Acid Trisodium Salt

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6. Table S3: All the trial values of DL and QL of HPTS for water determination in organic solvents.

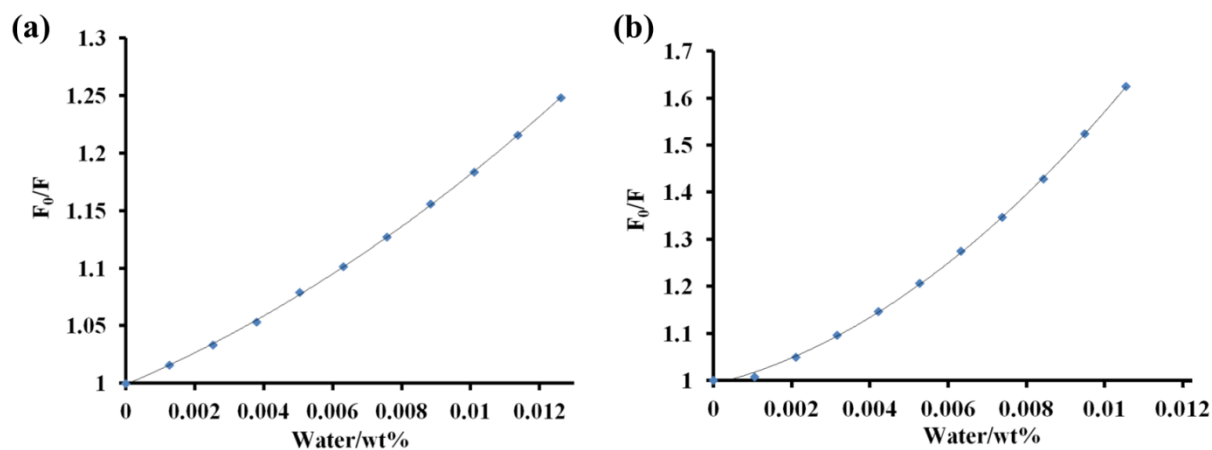
**Table S1:** Comparison of water sensor with present system.

<b>DL</b>	<b>QL</b>	<b>Literature</b>
0.04 (EtOH)	0.1 (EtOH)	2
0.008 (EtOH) <sup>a</sup>	Not Given	3
0.006 (EtOH) <sup>a</sup>	Not Given	4
0.1 (EtOH)	0.3 (EtOH)	5
0.008 (DMF)	0.03 (DMF)	
0.000108 (DMF)	0.000362 (DMF)	Present work
0.000442 (DMSO)	0.00147 (DMSO)	
0.000335 (EtOH)	0.00111 (EtOH)	
0.000440 (MeOH)	0.00146 (MeOH)	
<sup>a</sup> Results expressed using volume/volume percent (v/v%).		

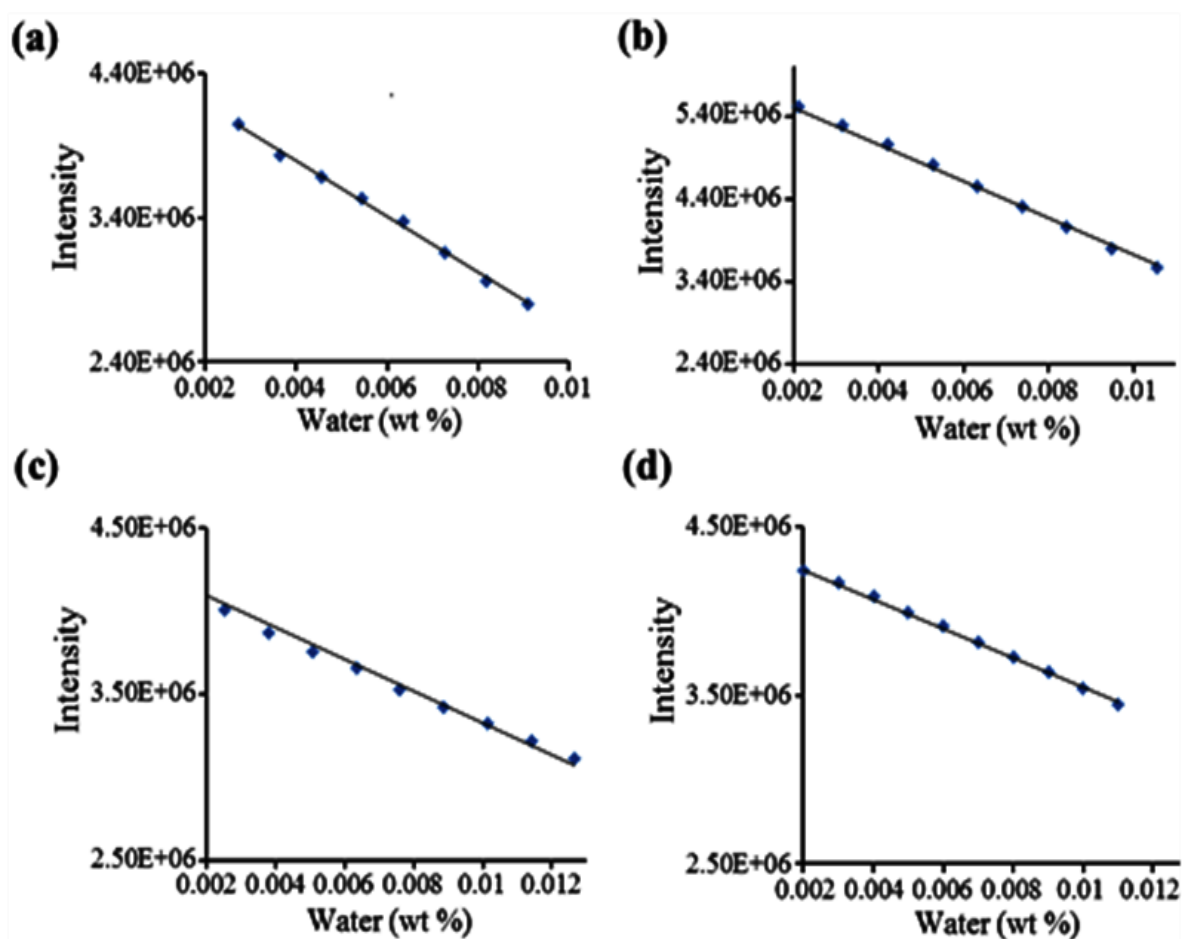
**Table S2.** Calibration equations.<sup>1</sup>

DMF:	$F = -2 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 5 \times 10^6$ ( $R=0.99$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0.00$ to $9.09 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial I $F = -3 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 6 \times 10^6$ ( $R=0.99$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0.00$ to $9.09 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial II $F = -3 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 6 \times 10^6$ ( $R=0.99$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0.00$ to $9.09 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial III	(1)
DMSO	$F = -2 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 6 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0.00$ to $10.54 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial I $F = -3 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 6 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0.00$ to $10.54 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial II $F = -3 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 6 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0.00$ to $10.54 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial II	(2)
EtOH:	$F = -1 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 4 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.98$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0$ to $12.67 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial I $F = -1 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 4 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0$ to $12.67 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial II $F = -1 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 5 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = 0$ to $12.67 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial III	(3)
MeOH:	$F = -7 \times 10^{-7} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 4 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0$ to $12.62 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial I $F = -1 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 4 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.98$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0$ to $12.62 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial II $F = -1 \times 10^{-8} (\text{H}_2\text{O}) + 4 \times 10^6$ ( $R = 0.99$ , $(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0$ to $12.62 \times 10^{-3}$ wt %) Trial III	(4)

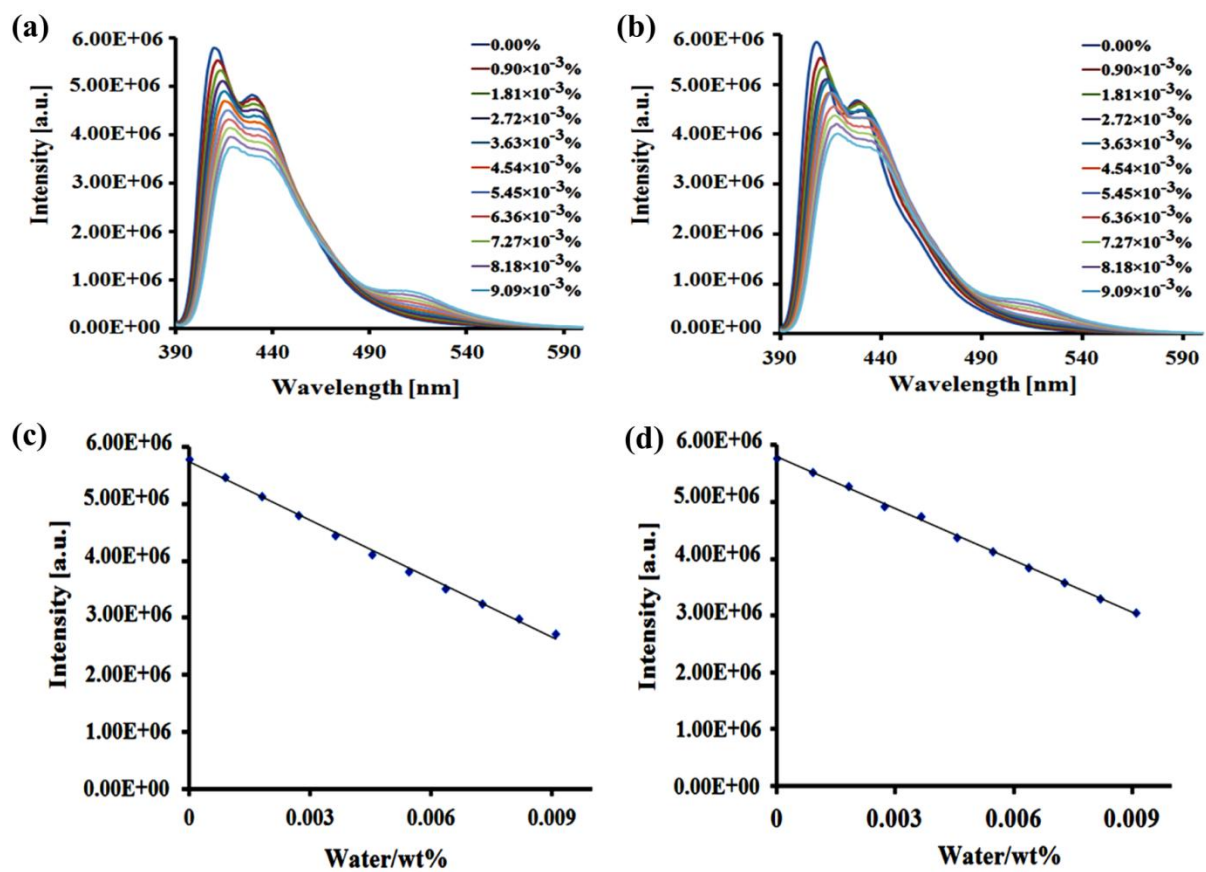
Here R is defined as slope, which is the ratio of the change in fluorescence intensity and change in water contain in wt %. The slope R was determined for all above studied solvents by recoding change in fluorescence intensity of the HPTS dye.



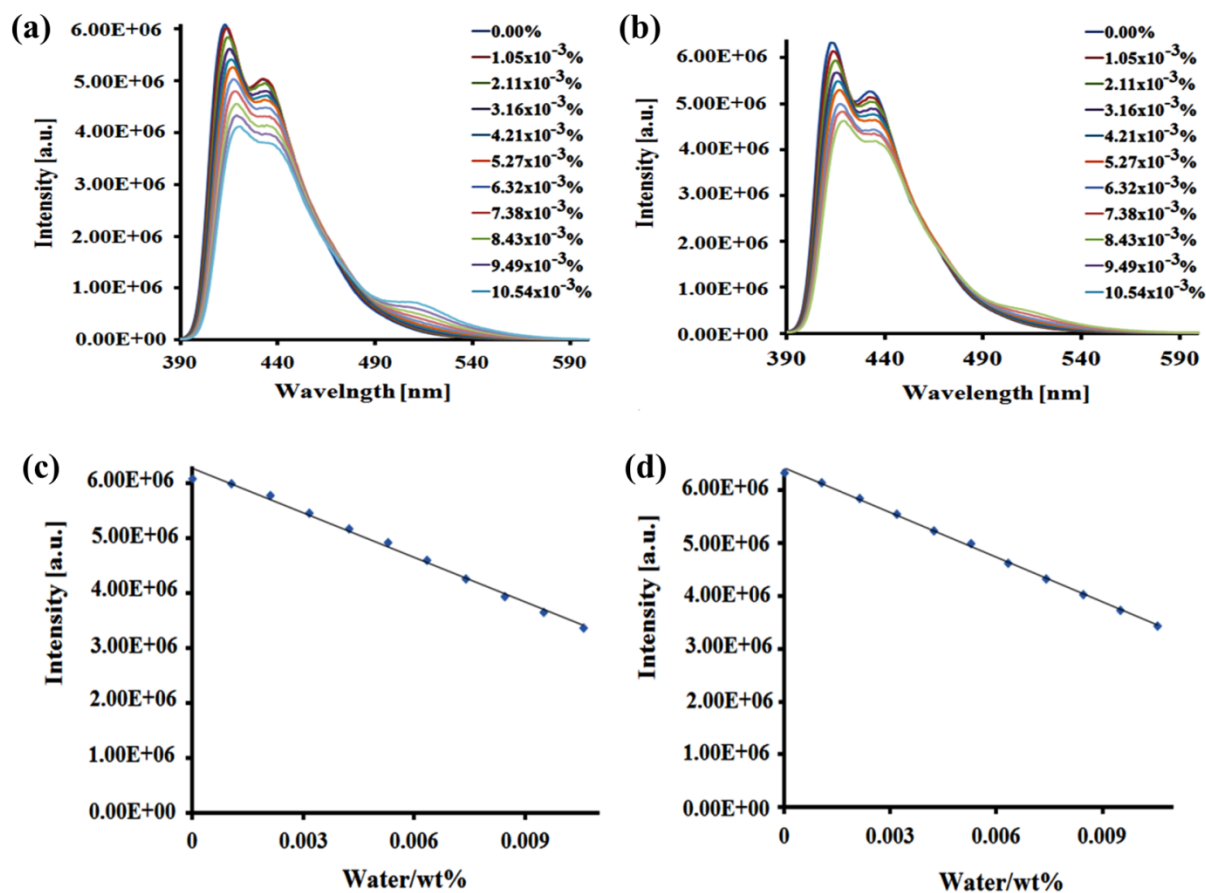
**Fig S1.** The Stern-volmer plot of HPTS in Methanol (a) and DMSO (b).



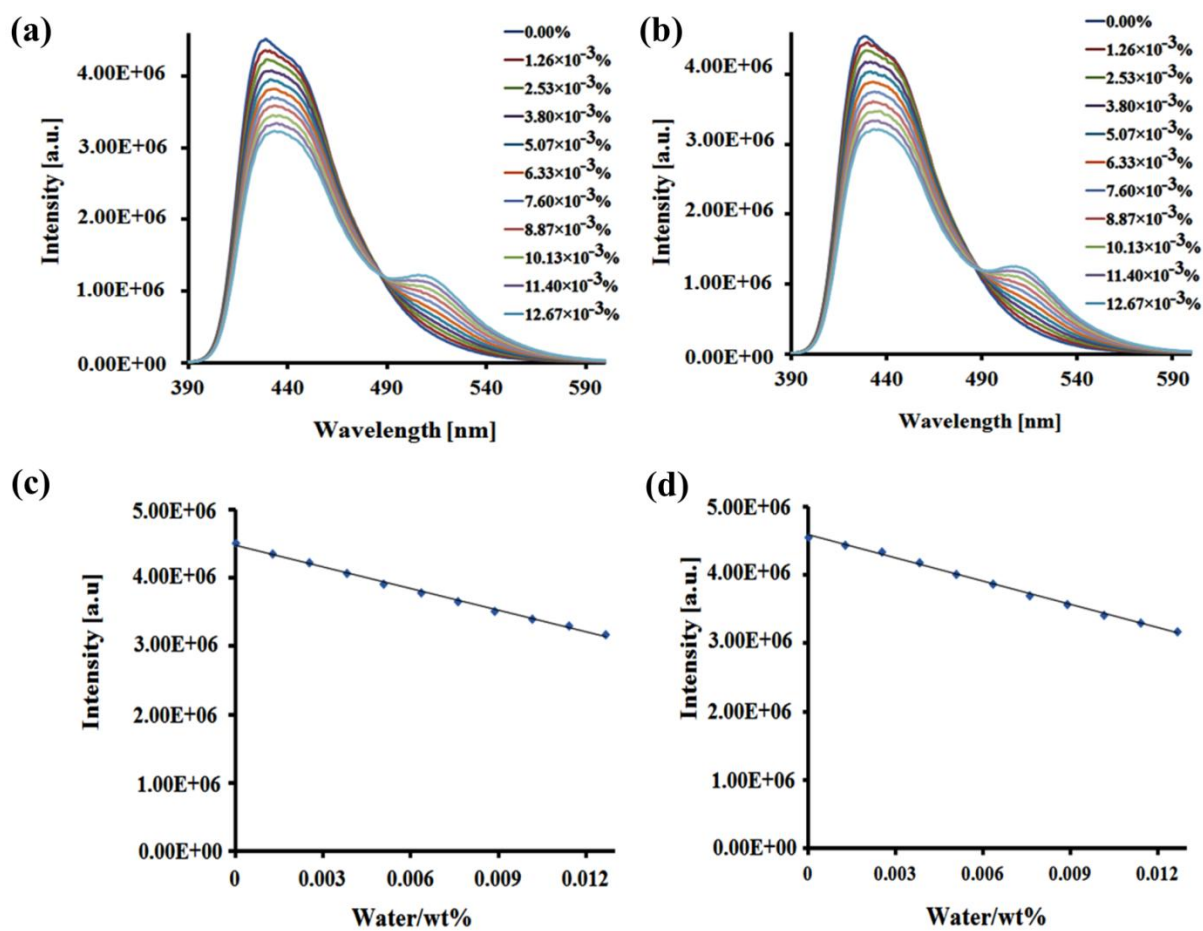
**Fig S2.** The plot of HPTS ( $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M) emission intensity at 413 nm ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 380$  nm) upon addition of water in organic solvents such as (a) DMF (b) DMSO (c) EtOH and (d) MeOH



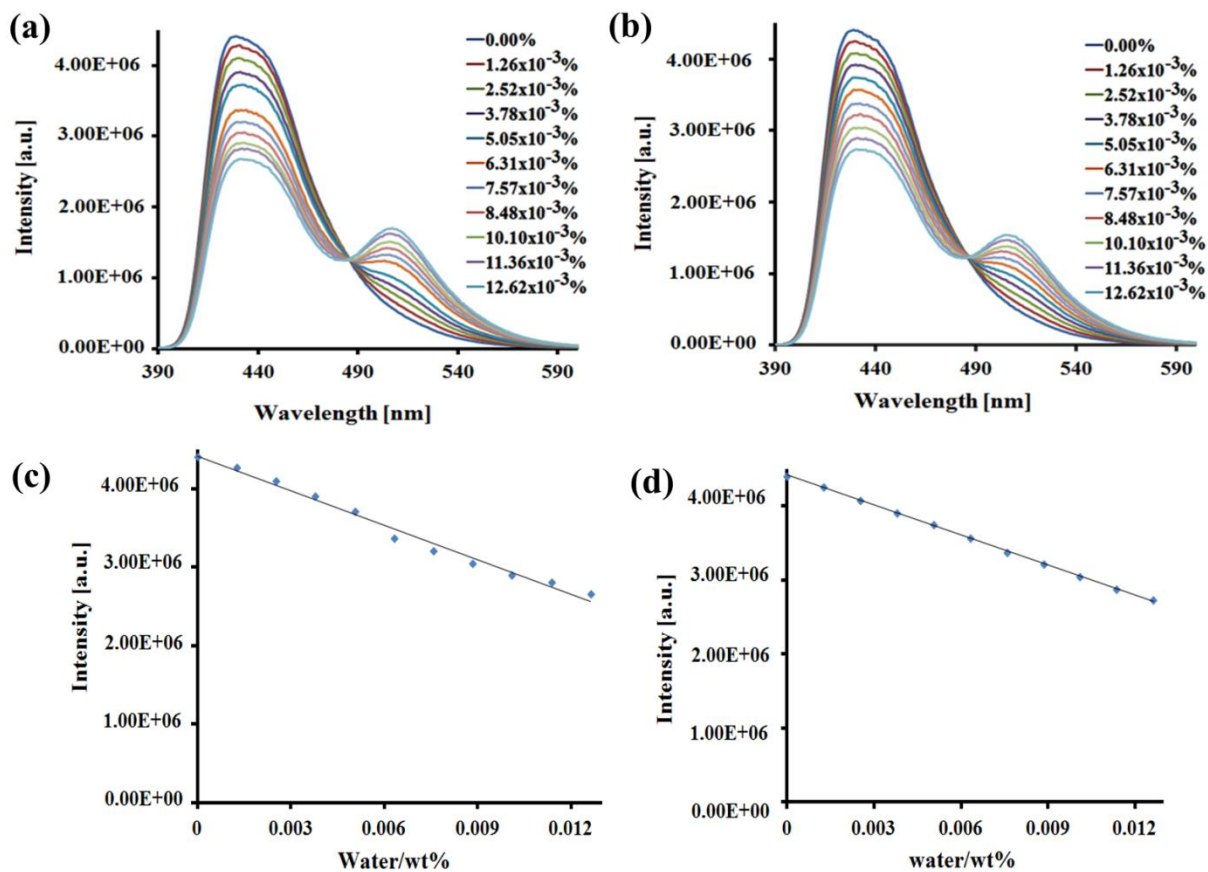
**Fig S3.** Changes in the emission of HPTS ( $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M) and changes in fluorescence intensity at 410 nm ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 380$  nm) with increasing water content in DMF; (a and c) 2<sup>nd</sup> trial and (b and d) 3<sup>rd</sup> trial respectively.



**Fig S4.** Changes in the emission of HPTS ( $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M) and changes in fluorescence intensity at 413 nm ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 380$  nm) with increasing water content in DMSO; (a and c) 2<sup>nd</sup> trial and (b and d) 3<sup>rd</sup> trial respectively.



**Fig S5.** Changes in the emission of HPTS ( $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M) and changes in fluorescence intensity at 413 nm ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 380$  nm) with increasing water content in EtOH; (a and c) 2<sup>nd</sup> trial and (b and d) 3<sup>rd</sup> trial respectively.



**Fig S6.** Changes in the emission of HPTS ( $3 \times 10^{-6}$  M) and changes in fluorescence intensity at 427 nm ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 380$  nm) with increasing water content in MeOH; (a and c) 2<sup>nd</sup> trial and (b and d) 3<sup>rd</sup> trial respectively.



**Table 2:** DL and QL of HPTS for water determination in organic solvents.

		Trial I	Trial II	Trial III
DMF	DL	$1.15 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.09 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.02 \times 10^{-4}$
	QL	$3.83 \times 10^{-4}$	$3.64 \times 10^{-4}$	$3.41 \times 10^{-4}$
DMSO	DL	$4.89 \times 10^{-4}$	$4.26 \times 10^{-4}$	$4.12 \times 10^{-4}$
	QL	$1.63 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.41 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.37 \times 10^{-3}$
EtOH	DL	$3.89 \times 10^{-4}$	$3.13 \times 10^{-4}$	$3.03 \times 10^{-4}$
	QL	$1.29 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.04 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.01 \times 10^{-3}$
MeOH	DL	$4.79 \times 10^{-4}$	$4.25 \times 10^{-4}$	$4.18 \times 10^{-4}$
	QL	$1.59 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.41 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.39 \times 10^{-3}$

## Reference

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