

## Supplementary Material

### Effect of alternation of chloropropoxy- and propoxy-units and impact of the ethylol-groups number on properties of surfactants

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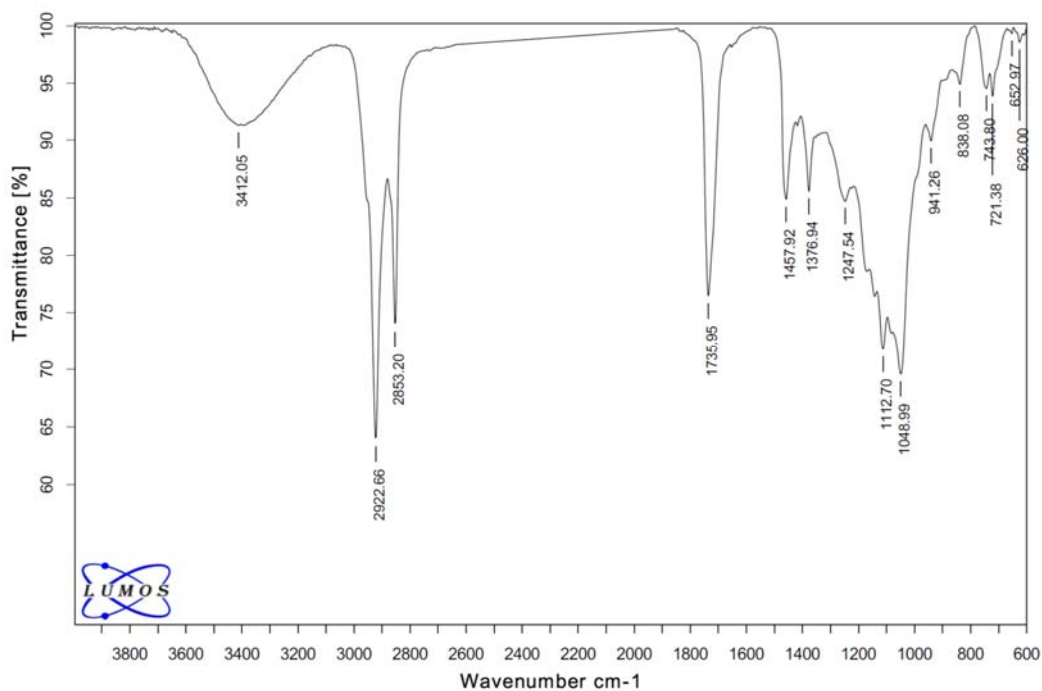


Figure S1. IR spectrum of C<sub>14</sub>EP.

FTIR spectrum of the C<sub>14</sub>EP (cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3412 ν (OH), 2922 and 2853 ν (CH), 1735 ν (O–C=O), 1457 and 1376 δ(CH), 1048–1112 (C–O), 744 ν (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 721 δ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>.

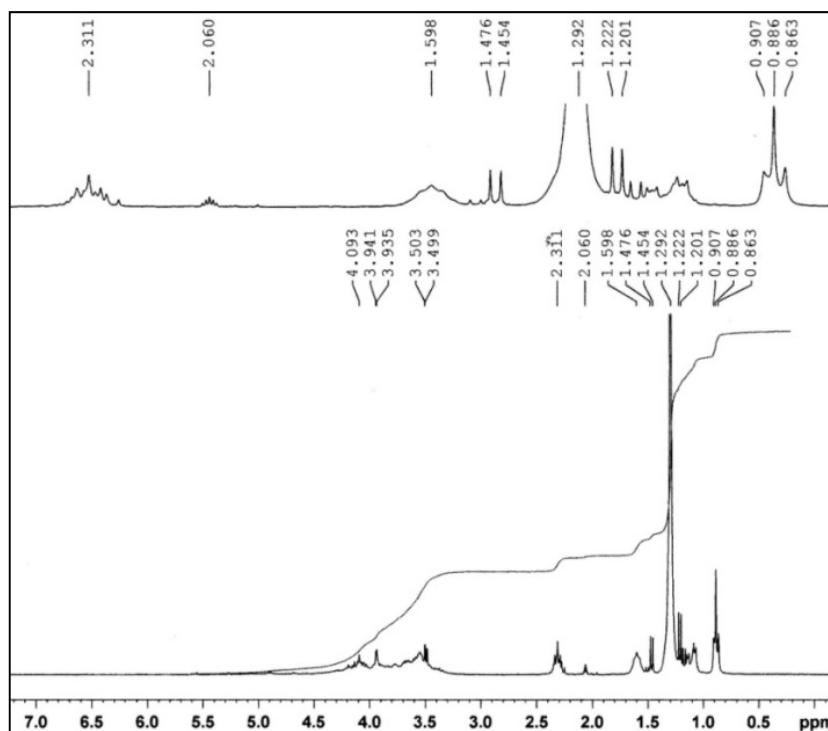


Figure S2. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of C<sub>14</sub>EP.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the C<sub>14</sub>EP (300.18 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) (δ, ppm): 0.86–0.91 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.2 (CH–CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.29 (CH<sub>2</sub> alkyl chain), 1.60 (CH<sub>2</sub>–CH<sub>2</sub>–COO), 2.31 (CH<sub>2</sub>–COO), 3.4–3.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>–CH–O), (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 3.9–4.1 [C(O)–O–CH<sub>2</sub>–CH].

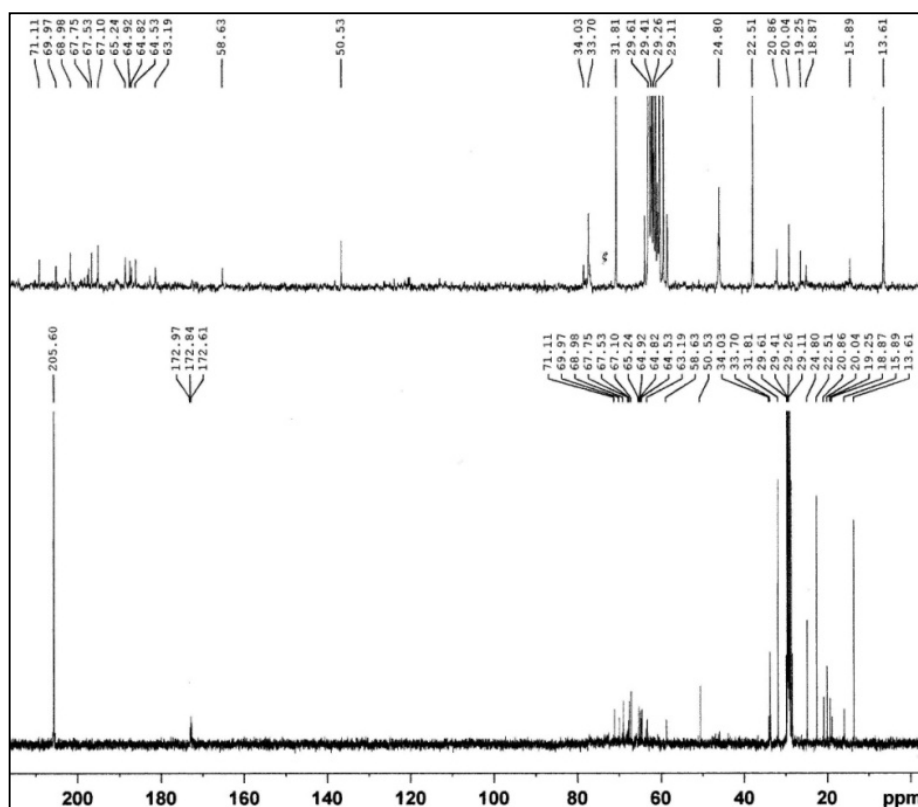


Figure S3.  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{EP}$ .

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{EP}$  (75.49 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) ( $\delta$ , ppm): 13.6 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_3$ ), 15.9-19.2 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_3\text{-CH}$ ), 20.0-22.5 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{-CH}_3$ ), 24.8 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-COO}$ ), 29.1-29.6 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2$ ) $_n$ , 31.9 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ ), 33.7-34.0 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{-COO}$ ), 50.5 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{Cl}$ ), 58.6-71.1 ( $\text{O-}\underline{\text{C}}\text{H}_2\text{-CH-O}$ ), 172.6-173.0 ( $\underline{\text{C}}\text{OO}$ ).

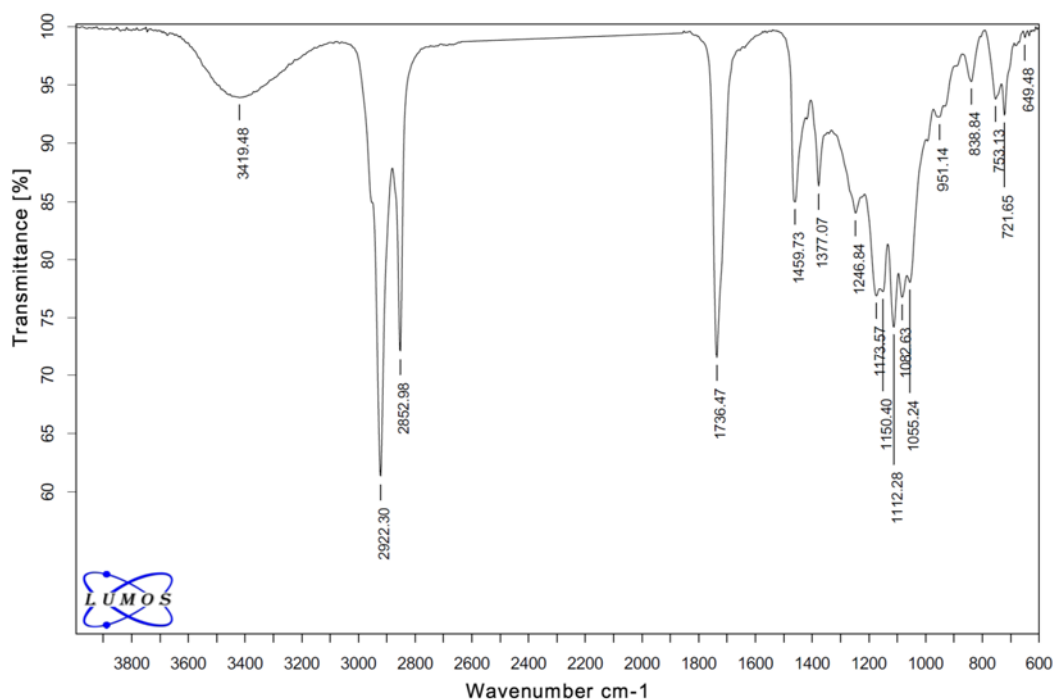


Figure S4. IR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$ .

FTIR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$  ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3419  $\nu$  (OH), 2922 and 2852  $\nu$  (CH), 1736  $\nu$  (O-C=O), 1459 and 1377  $\delta$  (CH), 1055-1112 (C-O), 753  $\nu$  ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ ), 721  $\delta$  ( $\text{CH}_2$ ) $_n$ .

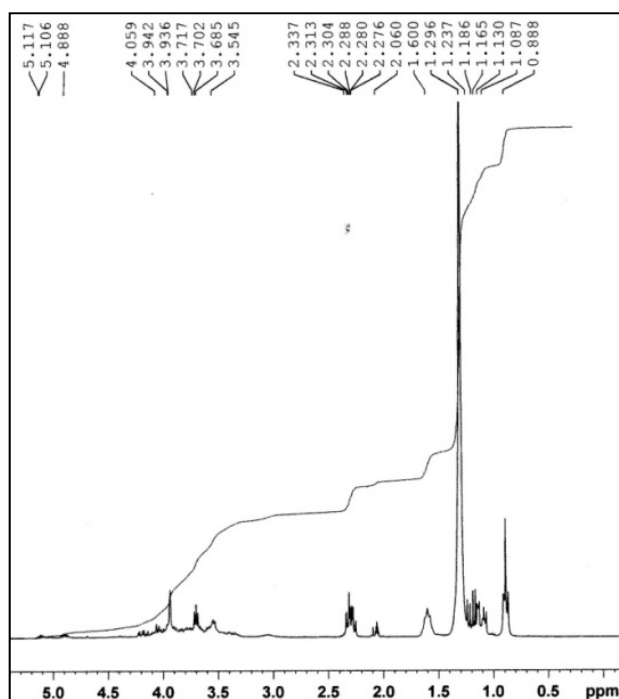


Figure S5.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$ .

$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$  (300.18 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) ( $\delta$ , ppm): 0.89 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.1-1.13 ( $\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.23-1.29 ( $\text{CH}_2$  alkyl chain), 1.60 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ), 2.28-2.33 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ), 3.6-3.7 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{O}$ ), 3.9-4.1 [ $\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}$ ], 5.1 ( $\text{OH}$ ).

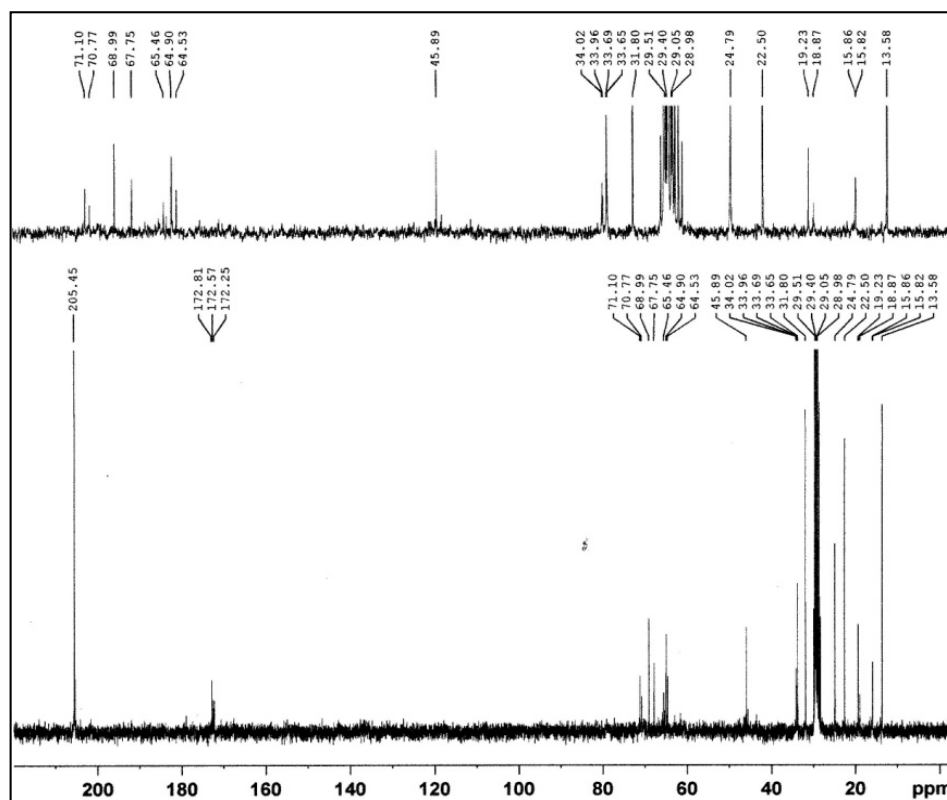


Figure S6.  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$ .

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$  (75.48 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) ( $\delta$ , ppm): 14.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 18.8-19.2 ( $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}$ ), 22.5 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$ ), 24.8 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ), 28.9-29.5 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ) $_n$ , 31.8 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_3$ ), 33.7-34.0 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ), 45.9 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ ), 64.5-71.1 ( $\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{O}$ ), 172.3-172.8 ( $\text{COO}$ ).

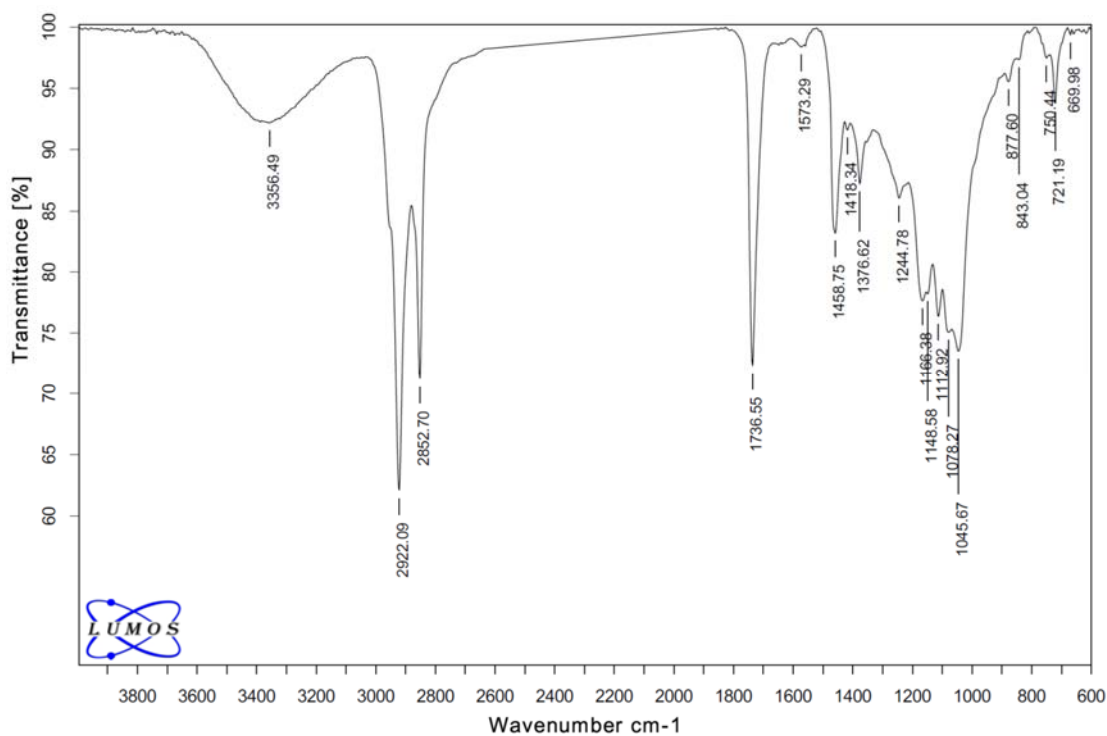


Figure S7. IR spectrum of C<sub>14</sub>EPMD.

FTIR spectrum of the C<sub>14</sub>PEMD (cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3356 ν (OH), 2922 and 2852 ν (CH), 1736 ν (O=C=O), 1458 and 1376 δ(CH), 1045–1112 (C–O), 721 δ (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>.

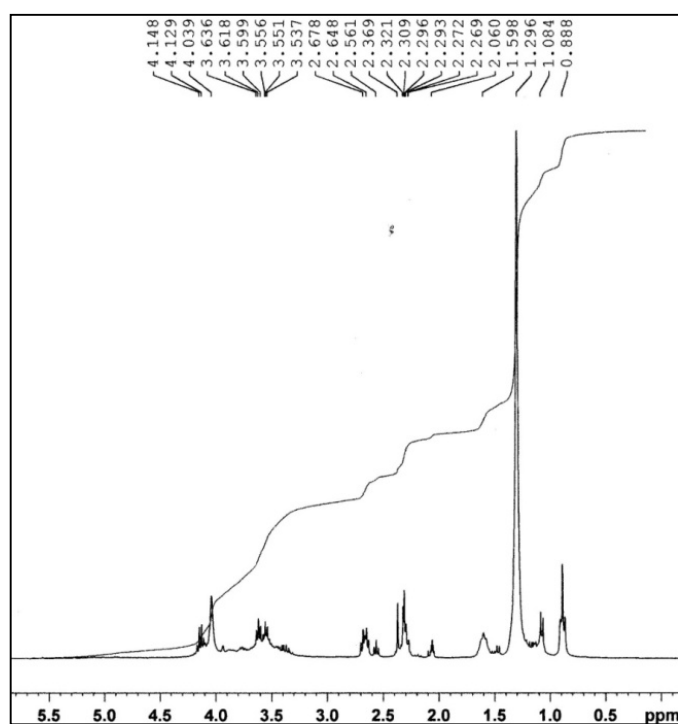


Figure S8. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of C<sub>14</sub>EPMD.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the C<sub>14</sub>EPMD (300.18 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) (δ, ppm): 0.89 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.08 (CH–CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.29 (CH<sub>2</sub> alkyl chain), 1.60 (CH<sub>2</sub>–CH<sub>2</sub>–COO), 2.27–2.37 (CH<sub>2</sub>–COO) (N<sup>+</sup>–CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.5–4.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>–CH–O), [C(O)–O–CH<sub>2</sub>–CH], (CH<sub>2</sub>–CH<sub>2</sub>–OH).

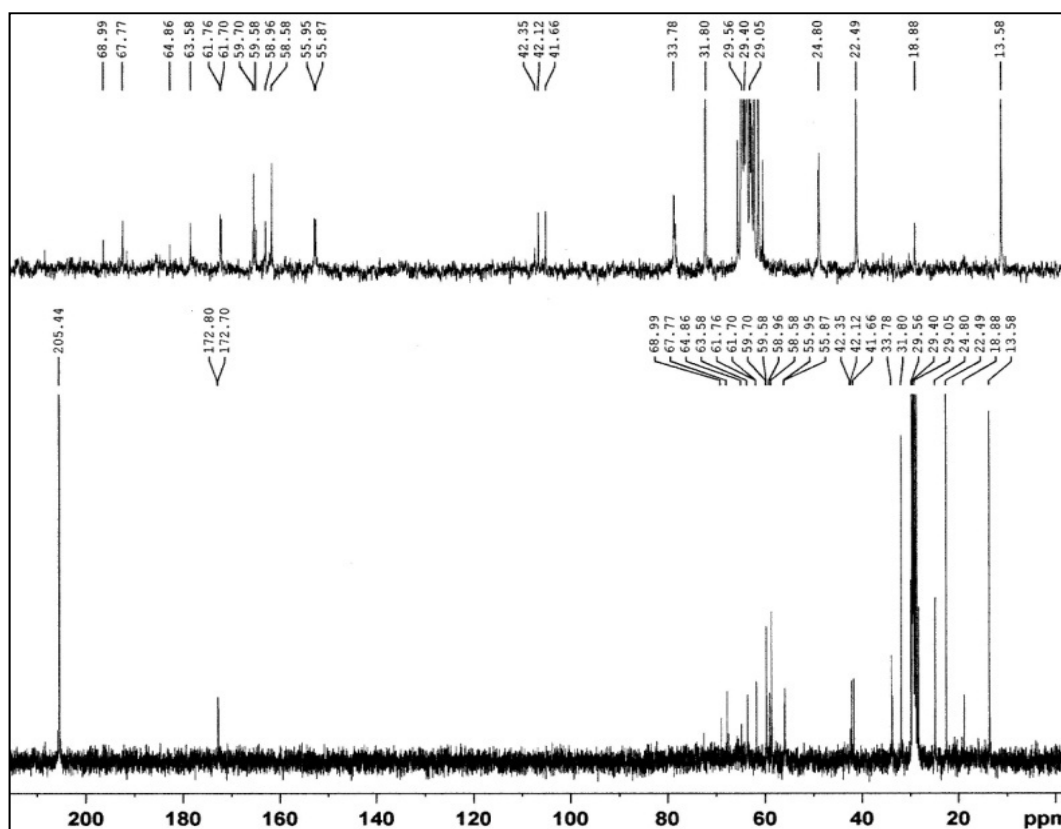


Figure S9.  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{EPMD}$ .

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PE}$  (75.48 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) ( $\delta$ , ppm): 13.6 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 18.9 ( $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}$ ), 22.5 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ ), 24.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-COO}$ ), 29.1–29.6 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ) $_n$ , 31.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ ), 33.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{-COO}$ ), 55.9 (N- $\text{CH}_3$ ), 58.6–69.0 (O- $\text{CH}_2\text{-CH-O}$ ), 172.7–172.8 ( $\text{COO}$ ).

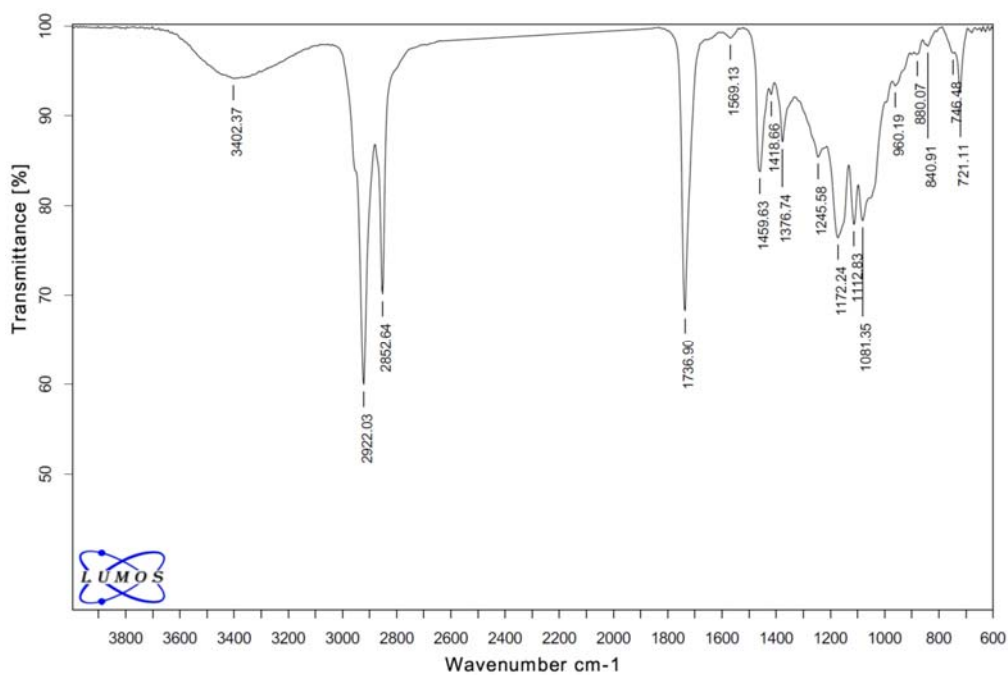


Figure S10. IR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PEMD}$ .

FTIR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PEMD}$  ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3402  $\nu$  (OH), 2922 and 2852  $\nu$  (CH), 1736  $\nu$  (O-C=O), 1459 and 1376  $\delta$ (CH), 1081–1112 (C-O), 721  $\delta$  ( $\text{CH}_2$ ) $_n$ .

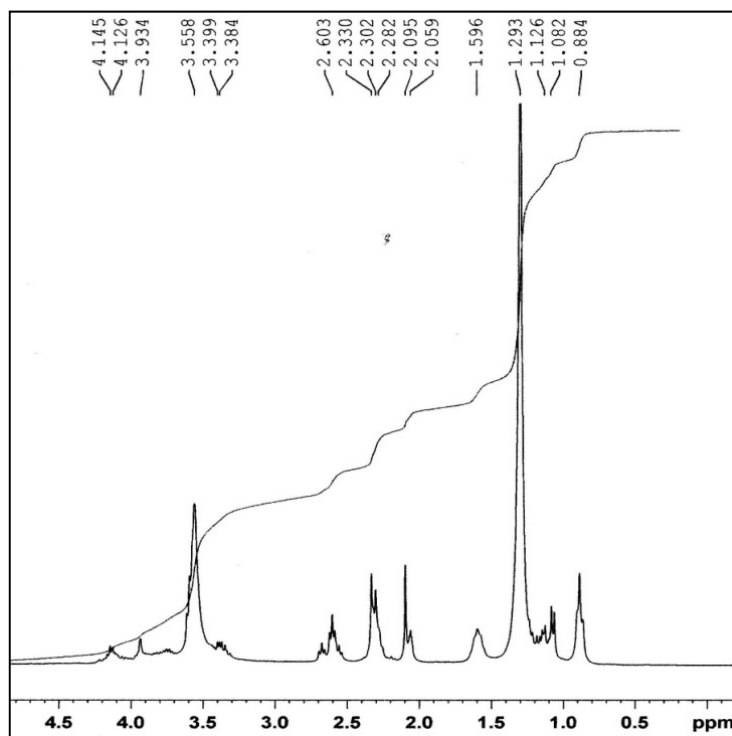


Figure S11.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PEMD}$ .

$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the  $\text{C}_{14}\text{PEMD}$  (300.18 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) ( $\delta$ , ppm): 0.88 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.08-1.13 ( $\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.29 ( $\text{CH}_2$  alkyl chain), 1.6 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ), 2.28-2.33 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{COO}$ ) ( $\text{N}^+-\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.4-4.2 ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{O}$ ), [ $\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}$ ], ( $\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH}$ ).