

## Oxygenated Terpenoids from the Australian Sponges *Coscinoderma mathewsi* and *Dysidea* sp., and the Nudibranch *Chromodoris albopunctata*

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Details of two new diterpenes chromodorolides D and E were recently published in the Journal (P. L. Katavic, P. Jumaryatno, J. N. A. Hooper, J. T. Blanchfield, M. J. Garson, *Aust. J. Chem.* **2012**, *65*, 531–538). Simultaneously, a diterpene named as chromodorolide D was published in the Russian literature (M. H. Uddin, M. K. Hossain, M. Nigar, M. C. Roy, J. Tanaka, *Chem. Nat. Compds.* **2012**, *48*, 412–415) and has the same structure and stereochemistry as chromodorolide E from the Australian work. To avoid confusion, it has been agreed that the Australian diterpenes should be renamed; therefore, chromodorolide D (structure **17** in the Australian work) is renamed as chromodorolide E and chromodorolide E (structure **18** in the Australian work) is renamed as chromodorolide D. The revised structures are shown below:

