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Supplementary Material

A quantitative revision of the waterlogging tolerance of perennial forage grasses

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Table S1: List of the C₄ and C₃ forage grass species, cultivar/accession/ID, waterlogging (WL) duration, growth conditions, inclusion (or not) of a recovery period, shoot and root dry mass (as % of controls), root:shoot ratio and references for data used in Fig. 1.

| Species | Cultivar/accession/ ID | WL duration (d) | Growing conditions | Recovery after WL (d) | Shoot DM (% of controls) | Root DM (% of controls) | Root:Shoot ratio | | References |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------|------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | Control | WL | |
| C₄ species | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Basilisk (CIAT 606) | 15 | 2-month-old plants waterlogged in field experiment (3 cm above soil surface by irrigation). 31/20°C day/night, 1.5 mm ppt during treatment period | No | 36,6 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu (CIAT 6294) | 15 | | No | 55,8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu | 80 | 4-month-old plants in pots filled with sterilized soil. Waterlogged 2 cm above soil surface. | No | 64,4 | 54,6 | 11,20 | 9,48 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Piata | 80 | | No | 6,4 | 26,1 | 3,36 | 13,73 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Xaraés | 80 | | No | 37,3 | 101,7 | 3,34 | 9,12 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu (BRA000591) | 14 | 21-days-old plant inundated (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 (organic soil to sand) and fertilized. | No | 38,4 | 19,1 | 0,78 | 0,39 | Dias-Filho 2002 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | BRA003441 | 14 | | No | 35,9 | 17,1 | 0,36 | 0,17 | Dias-Filho 2002 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | BRA002844 | 14 | | No | 27,0 | 12,6 | 0,57 | 0,27 | Dias-Filho 2002 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | BRA004308 | 14 | | No | 41,4 | 20,8 | 0,46 | 0,23 | Dias-Filho 2002 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | BRA004391 | 14 | | No | 42,9 | 47,6 | 0,27 | 0,30 | Dias-Filho 2002 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu | 14 | 21-days-old plant inundated (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 (organic soil to sand) and fertilized. | No | 49,5 ^a | n/a | n/a | n/a | Dias-Filho and Carvalho 2000 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Basilisk | 14 | | No | 47,9 ^a | n/a | n/a | n/a | Dias-Filho and Carvalho 2000 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu | 5 | ≈20-days-old plants flooded (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with 3:2 soil (organic soil to cured manure) and fertilized. | No | 29,5 ^a | 17,8 | 8,72 | 5,27 | Caetano and Dias-Filho 2008 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Piata | 5 | | No | 69,5 ^a | 61,3 | 6,64 | 5,86 | Caetano and Dias-Filho 2008 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Arapoty | 5 | | No | 59,2 ^a | 65,6 | 5,00 | 5,55 | Caetano and Dias-Filho 2008 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | B163 | 5 | | No | 44,7 ^a | 51,6 | 5,79 | 6,68 | Caetano and Dias-Filho |

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|---------------------------|--------------------|-----|--|----|-------------------|------|------|------|--|
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | B166 | 5 | | No | 52,2 ^a | 57,1 | 5,12 | 5,60 | 2008 Caetano and Dias-Filho 2008 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Toledo | 21 | 21-days-old propagules waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 31,5/23,0 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 41,2/56,8 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1910 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 59,7 | 22,2 | 0,62 | 0,23 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Toledo | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30,5/23,8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 59,8 | 23,8 | 0,41 | 0,16 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu | 105 | Plants with 10 cm high were waterlogged (4 cm above soil surface) | No | 127,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Kroth <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Piata | 105 | in pots with Entisol type soil. 3 harvests were done during the experiment. Data taken from the third harvest. | No | 34,9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Kroth <i>et al.</i> , 2015 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Xaraés | 105 | | No | 20,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Kroth <i>et al.</i> , 2015 |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Marandu | 28 | 60-days-old plants waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with sifted soil (pH 6,6, OM 24 g/dm ³) | 10 | 74,0 ^b | n/a | n/a | n/a | Beloni <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | Caymán (BR02/1752) | 15 | 2-month-old plants waterlogged in field experiment (3 cm above soil surface by irrigation). 31/20°C day/night, 1,5 mm ppt during treatment period | No | 32,0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3809 | 15 | | No | 55,6 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/1399 | 15 | | No | 42,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3358 | 15 | | No | 84,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/1280 | 15 | | No | 54,6 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/2321 | 15 | | No | 60,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/4951 | 15 | | No | 40,3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3436 | 15 | | No | 55,0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/2756 | 15 | | No | 68,1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |

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|--------------------------|-----------|----|--|----|------|------|------|------|----------------------------|
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3377 | 15 | | No | 68,2 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/4856 | 15 | | No | 65,8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/4047 | 15 | | No | 69,1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/1535 | 15 | | No | 40,0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/0062 | 15 | | No | 40,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/5082 | 15 | | No | 63,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/1188 | 15 | | No | 21,9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3659 | 15 | | No | 33,8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/2316 | 15 | | No | 47,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/1176 | 15 | | No | 26,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | BR12/3018 | 15 | | No | 13,1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | Mulato II | 80 | 4-month-old plants in pots filled with sterilized soil. Waterlogged 2 cm above soil surface | No | 52,6 | 63,8 | 2,56 | 3,11 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | Mulato II | 21 | 21-days-old propagules waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 31.5/23.0 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 41.2/56.8 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1910 µmol m-2 s-1 | No | 50,6 | 15,9 | 0,86 | 0,27 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | Mulato II | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30.5/23.8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m-2 s-1 | No | 55,8 | 20,8 | 0,53 | 0,20 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Chloris gayana</i> | Fine cut | 14 | Seedlings with 3 fully expanded leaves were waterlogged (7 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to grassland topsoil). Temperature 18/28 °C and photosynthetic photon flux of | 12 | 68,8 | 73,3 | 0,78 | 0,83 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2012 |

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|----------------------------|-------------|----|---|----|-------|------|------|------|----------------------------|
| | | | 1800 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ | | | | | | |
| <i>Chloris gayana</i> | Fine cut | 50 | 6-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during winter in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 50 | 65,9 | 42,5 | 0,25 | 0,16 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Chloris gayana</i> | Fine cut | 20 | \approx 8-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during spring in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 30 | 85,3 | 67,8 | 0,32 | 0,26 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Chloris gayana</i> | Fine cut | 70 | 6-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during winter and spring in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 30 | 59,7 | 60,5 | 0,32 | 0,33 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Panicum coloratum</i> | Klein Verde | 14 | Seedlings with 3 fully expanded leaves were waterlogged (7 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to grassland topsoil). Temperature 18/28 °C and photosynthetic photon flux of 1800 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ | 12 | 71,2 | 68,3 | 0,47 | 0,45 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2012 |
| <i>Panicum coloratum</i> | Klein Verde | 50 | 6-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during winter in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 50 | 105,3 | 66,8 | 0,46 | 0,29 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Panicum coloratum</i> | Klein Verde | 20 | \approx 8-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during spring in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 30 | 65,1 | 64,3 | 0,29 | 0,29 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Panicum coloratum</i> | Klein Verde | 70 | 6-month-old plants waterlogged (10 cm above surface) during winter and spring in pots with sand and top soil (1:1) from Flooding Pampa grasslands. | 30 | 65,1 | 64,6 | 0,29 | 0,29 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | Massai | 80 | 4-month -old plants in pots filled with | No | 119,1 | 85,2 | 6,74 | 4,82 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |

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|-----------------------------|----------|----|--|----|-------------------|-------|------|-------|-----------------------------|
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | Tanzania | 80 | sterilized soil. Waterlogged 2 cm above soil surface. 3 harvests were made subsequently (3 regrowth periods) | No | 136,4 | 296,6 | 5,45 | 11,85 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | PM40 | 14 | ≈2-month-old plants were flooded (5 cm above soil surface) in pots filled with oxisol and sand (3:1) | No | 52,8 | 75,0 | 0,22 | 0,31 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | PM45 | 14 | | No | 26,5 | 29,0 | 0,28 | 0,30 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | Massai | 14 | | No | 108,0 | 82,9 | 0,36 | 0,28 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | Mombaca | 14 | | No | 74,5 | 74,1 | 0,35 | 0,35 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | PM11 | 14 | | No | 69,3 | 69,4 | 0,26 | 0,26 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | PM34 | 14 | | No | 70,8 | 121,8 | 0,21 | 0,36 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> | Tanzania | 14 | | No | 55,4 | 47,3 | 0,44 | 0,38 | Silva <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | Common | 80 | 4-month -old plants in pots filled with sterilized soil. Waterlogged 2 cm above soil surface. | No | 81,0 | 70,1 | 6,03 | 5,21 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | R124 | 5 | ≈20-days-old plants flooded (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with 3:2 soil (organic soil to cured manure) and fertilized. | No | 33,2 ^a | 26,7 | 8,15 | 6,54 | Caetano and Dias-Filho 2008 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | 44-02 | 21 | 21-days-old propagules waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 31,5/23,0 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 41,2/56,8 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1910 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 67,3 | 17,2 | 0,85 | 0,22 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | 44-02 | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30,5/23,8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 85,1 | 16,3 | 0,60 | 0,11 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | 44-02 | 14 | Vegetative propagules were | No | 81,3 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2015 |

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|----------------------------|------------|----|--|----|-------------------|-------|------|------|------------------------------|
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | Llanero | 80 | waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (Oxisol soil:sand) mixture. | No | 163,0 | 140,7 | 2,37 | 2,05 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | Tupi | 80 | 4-month -old plants in pots filled with sterilized soil. Waterlogged 2 cm above soil surface | No | 100,0 | 75,4 | 0,80 | 0,60 | Mass Jr <i>et al.</i> 2016 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | | 14 | 21-days-old plant inundated (3 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 (organic soil to sand) and fertilized. | No | 81,0 ^a | n/a | n/a | n/a | Dias-Filho and Carvalho 2000 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26570 | 21 | 21-days-old propagules waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. | No | 127,6 | 54,4 | 0,78 | 0,33 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 679 | 21 | 31,5/23,0 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 41,2/56,8 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1910 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 109,4 | 40,9 | 0,52 | 0,19 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6133 | 21 | | No | 96,3 | 23,9 | 0,44 | 0,11 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16182 | 21 | | No | 134,8 | 37,5 | 0,54 | 0,15 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6707 | 21 | | No | 88,0 | 35,5 | 0,45 | 0,18 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16886 | 21 | | No | 91,8 | 47,8 | 0,31 | 0,16 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26152 | 21 | | No | 62,4 | 25,3 | 0,59 | 0,24 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6013 | 21 | | No | 71,1 | 20,6 | 0,48 | 0,14 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26416 | 21 | | No | 74,4 | 36,3 | 0,59 | 0,29 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26181 | 21 | | No | 108,8 | 33,3 | 0,80 | 0,25 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16866 | 21 | | No | 55,5 | 38,0 | 0,48 | 0,33 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16888 | 21 | | No | 57,1 | 25,6 | 0,78 | 0,35 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2014 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26570 | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) | No | 170,7 | 52,3 | 0,57 | 0,17 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 679 | 21 | in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. | No | 133,9 | 36,4 | 0,40 | 0,11 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6133 | 21 | 30,5/23,8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 122,6 | 39,0 | 0,35 | 0,11 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16182 | 21 | | No | 135,4 | 34,0 | 0,52 | 0,13 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6707 | 21 | | No | 127,3 | 27,3 | 0,42 | 0,09 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16886 | 21 | | No | 114,3 | 43,8 | 0,30 | 0,12 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26152 | 21 | | No | 111,3 | 25,5 | 0,40 | 0,09 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6013 | 21 | | No | 97,1 | 23,9 | 0,45 | 0,11 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26416 | 21 | | No | 84,4 | 36,5 | 0,43 | 0,19 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |

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|----------------------------|--------------------|-----|--|----|-------|-------|------|------|----------------------------|
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26181 | 21 | | No | 80,4 | 25,5 | 0,49 | 0,16 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16866 | 21 | | No | 57,9 | 38,3 | 0,33 | 0,22 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16888 | 21 | | No | 49,3 | 25,0 | 0,49 | 0,25 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | Tully | 28 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (roots in stagnant deoxygenated 0.10% (w/v) agar nutrient solution). Modified Hoagland nutrient solution. 30/25 °C day/night air temperature. | No | 57,9 | 138,7 | 0,04 | 0,08 | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2019 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 679 | 14 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (Oxisol soil:sand) mixture. | No | 97,8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 60 | Juvenile individuals were flooded (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with grassland soil (Typic Natraquoll) | No | 218,0 | 79,1 | 1,48 | 0,54 | Rubio <i>et al.</i> 1995 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Clon enclosure | 37 | Vegetative clones with 5-6 tillers flooded (1.5-2 cm above soil surface) in pots with sand | No | 100,5 | n/a | 0,54 | 0,59 | Loreti <i>et al.</i> 1994 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Clon grazing | 37 | | No | 82,5 | n/a | 0,56 | 0,56 | Loreti <i>et al.</i> 1994 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 60 | Juvenile individuals were flooded (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with grassland soil (Typic Natraquoll) | No | 135,9 | n/a | 0,60 | 0,35 | Rubio and Lavado 1999 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 45? | Juvenile individuals were flooded (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with grassland soil (Typic Natraquoll) | No | 120,6 | n/a | 0,68 | 0,54 | Rubio <i>et al.</i> 1997 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Upland clone | 50 | Vegetative propagated ramets were waterlogged (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with washed sand | No | 85,8 | 74,5 | 0,68 | 0,54 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Intermediate clone | 50 | | No | 101,8 | 94,5 | 0,68 | 0,54 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Lowland clone | 50 | | No | 116,5 | 90,3 | 0,68 | 0,54 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 |

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|------------------------------|--------|----|--|----|-------|-------|------|------|--|
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 60 | Plants naturally established in soil mesocosms extracted from the grassland flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | No | 88,7 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Grimoldi <i>et al.</i> 2005 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 30 | Plants collected from a lowland grassland and grown for 6 month in glasshouse conditions were waterlogged (0,2-0,5 cm over soil surface) in 4L plastic pots filled with sand and topsoil (1:1) from the grassland (3,3% organic carbon). | No | 97,5 | 91,3 | 0,63 | 0,59 | Manzur <i>et al.</i> 2020 |
| C₃ species | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | Hulk | 14 | 33-days-old plants (3 fully expanded leaves) were partially submerged (half its height) in pots with sand and topsoil (Natracualf; 1:1). Mean temperature of 13,8 °C. 10-13 h photoperiod and PAR inside the glasshouse was around 921 mmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ . | 14 | 48,3 | 61,5 | 0,18 | 0,23 | Iturralde Elortegui <i>et al.</i> 2020 |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | Hulk | 14 | 48-days-old plants (5 fully expanded leaves) were partially submerged (half its height) in pots with sand and topsoil (Natracualf; 1:1). Mean temperature of 15,5 °C. 10-13 h photoperiod and PAR inside the glasshouse was around 1130 mmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ . | 14 | 156,7 | 143,6 | 0,21 | 0,19 | Iturralde Elortegui <i>et al.</i> 2020 |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | Tyrell | 15 | 33-days-old plants were waterlogged (roots in stagnant deoxygenated 0.1% (w/v) agar nutrient solution). 25/20 °C and relative humidity 60/80% (day/night), 12 h photoperiod and PAR at plant level of 400–500 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 64,7 | 35,2 | 0,40 | 0,47 | Teakle <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | Tyrell | 35 | Sward of plants were grown in pots with sand collected from the field (pH 5.2 and 8.6 g/kg organic C) and waterlogged (1cm above surface) with nutrient solution. Every 3 days nutrient | No | 73,2 | 121,4 | n/a | n/a | Jenkins <i>et al.</i> 2010 |

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|----------------------------|-----------|----|--|----|-------|------|------|------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | solutions from waterlogged pots were drained for approximately 1 h and re-waterlogged. Plants were harvested at weekly intervals after the imposition of the treatments. 23/5 °C (day/night) | | | | | | |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Omea | 15 | 42-days-old plants were waterlogged (1 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to 3% OC topsoil) | 15 | 94,4 | 64,6 | 1,20 | 0,82 | Ploschuk <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Clone A | 84 | Vegetative propagules waterlogged (1 cm above surface) in pots with soil | No | 40,7 | 42,1 | 0,32 | 0,33 | Etherington 1984 |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Clone L | 84 | | No | 55,3 | 46,9 | 0,68 | 0,58 | Etherington 1984 |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Clone A | 97 | Vegetative propagules waterlogged (1 cm above surface) in pots with peat-soil mixture. Average temperature 20 °C | No | 93,9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Etherington and Thomas 1986 |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Clone L | 97 | | No | 97,2 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Etherington and Thomas 1986 |
| <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> | Sparta | 15 | Approx. 8-weeks-old plants waterlogged (kept in trays with a continuous water level of between 5 and 8 cm) in pots | No | 67,0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Klaas <i>et al.</i> 2019 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Malma | 15 | 42-days-old plants were waterlogged (1 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to 3% OC topsoil) | 15 | 104,5 | 53,0 | 1,08 | 0,55 | Ploschuk <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Rebel XLR | 28 | Plants with 4 leaves waterlogged (water up to surface) in pots with potting soil. Temperature 25 /20°C (day/night) | No | 76,1 | 56,9 | 1,14 | 0,85 | Liu <i>et al.</i> 2017 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Dovey | 21 | Plants were waterlogged (water level at soil surface) in pots with sand and potting compost (1:4). Temperature was 20,2/18,5 (day/night) and 66,5% humidity | No | 95,1 | 73,9 | 0,28 | 0,22 | Jansen <i>et al.</i> 2005 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Stonewall | 28 | 4-month-old plants were waterlogged (up to soil surface) in pots with sand and topsoil (1:1) | No | 261,2 | 80,4 | n/a | n/a | Zhang <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Barverde | 14 | 46-days-old plants waterlogged (roots in stagnant deoxygenated 0.05% (w/v) agar nutrient solution). 26/12 °C | 14 | 75,8 | 33,9 | 0,62 | 0,28 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Bar 2025 | 14 | | 14 | 81,8 | 70,0 | 1,16 | 0,99 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> |

| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Baralta | 14 | | | 14 | 100,3 | 95,1 | 0,96 | 0,91 | 2021 Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-----|--|----|-------|-------|------|------|------------------------------|--|
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Royal Q100 | 14 | | | 14 | 87,2 | 79,2 | 1,01 | 0,92 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Tunisia | 14 | day/night air temperature; 61% mean relative humidity; 5.28 MJ m ⁻² mean incident PAR. | | 14 | 98,3 | 90,3 | 0,88 | 0,80 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Aprilia | 14 | | | 14 | 81,4 | 66,4 | 1,18 | 0,96 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Cajun II | 14 | | | 14 | 72,7 | 67,5 | 1,24 | 1,15 | Menon-Martínez <i>et al.</i> 2021 |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Nth African6 | 28 | One clonal tiller was waterlogged (1 cm above soil surface) in pots filled with coarse river sand. Average temperature of 20 °C in a glasshouse. | No | 80,3 | 62,0 | 0,51 | 0,40 | McFarlane <i>et al.</i> 2003 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | 2182 | 28 | | No | 66,5 | 46,1 | 0,43 | 0,30 | McFarlane <i>et al.</i> 2003 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | 2178 | 28 | | No | 40,6 | 38,4 | 0,28 | 0,27 | McFarlane <i>et al.</i> 2003 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Aurora6 | 28 | | No | 120,3 | 72,5 | 0,41 | 0,25 | McFarlane <i>et al.</i> 2003 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Genotype B + Endophyte | 49 | Vegetative clones with 4 tillers were flooded (5 mm below the brim) in pots with quartz sand mixed with nutrient solution | 21 | 133,8 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Hesse <i>et al.</i> 2005 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Genotype M + Endophyte | 49 | | 21 | 96,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Hesse <i>et al.</i> 2005 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Tivoli | 163 | 1-year-old plants were watered to reach 1,25 times field capacity in pots (undefined loam soil; 87 seeds/pot). Five harvests were done. | No | 85,4 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Laidlaw 2009 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Catalina | 7 | aprox. 4-month-old plants waterlogged (pots No plastic containers with Hoagland solution at the soil surface) in pots with sand. All plants were cut to the same height of 5 cm before stress treatments. 20/17 °C (day/night); 65% relative humidity; photosynthetically active density of ≈400 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ and 10-h light period | No | 94,3 | 128,6 | 0,40 | 0,55 | Yin <i>et al.</i> 2017 | |
| <i>Lolium perenne</i> | Inspired | 7 | | No | 100,0 | 71,6 | 0,53 | 0,38 | Yin <i>et al.</i> 2017 | |
| <i>Bromus catharticus</i> | Jerónimo | 15 | 42-days-old plants were waterlogged (1 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to 3% OC topsoil) | 15 | 100,7 | 73,0 | 0,96 | 0,70 | Ploschuk <i>et al.</i> 2017 | |

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| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Bewitched | 28 | 4-month-old plants were waterlogged (up to soil surface) in pots with sand and topsoil (1:1) | No | 146,9 | 80,4 | n/a | n/a | Zhang <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Unique and Serene (no cultivar effect) | 5 | Plants were waterlogged (up to soil surface) in pots with topsoil and coarse river sand (1:1). Temperature of 20/15 °C (day/night), and photosynthetic photon flux of 600 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | 86,5 | n/a | n/a | n/a | Wang <i>et al.</i> 2009 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Moonlight | 30 | Vegetative propagated plants were waterlogged (up to soil surface) in pots with topsoil and sand (1:1). | No | n/a | 51,7 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Midnight II | 30 | Temperature of 23/17 °C (day/night) and photosynthetic photon flux of 600 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | No | n/a | 51,3 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Serene | 30 | | No | n/a | 57,9 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Champagne | 30 | | No | n/a | 51,0 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Unique | 30 | | No | n/a | 50,0 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Awsome | 30 | | No | n/a | 40,0 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Limousine | 30 | | No | n/a | 44,0 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Julia | 30 | | No | n/a | 65,9 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Eagleton | 30 | | No | n/a | 72,7 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Poa pratensis</i> | Kenblue | 30 | | No | n/a | 70,0 | n/a | n/a | Wang and Jiang 2007 |
| <i>Phalaris aquatica</i> | Mate | 15 | 42-days-old plants were waterlogged (1 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to 3% OC topsoil) | 15 | 145,1 | 124,1 | 0,96 | 0,83 | Ploschuk <i>et al.</i> 2017 |

^a values of relative growth rate (RGR)

^b values only of leaves

Table S2: Summary table of the C₄ and C₃ forage grass species showing cultivar/accession/ID, waterlogging (WL) duration, growth conditions, type of measurement performed to evaluate root aeration, type of root evaluated, root porosity under control and waterlogging conditions and references for data used in Fig. 2.

| Species | Cultivar/ accession/ ID | WL duration (d) | Growing conditions | Measurement and root type | Root porosity (%) | | References |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|-------------------|------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | Control | WL | |
| C₄ species | | | | | | | |
| <i>Urochloa brizantha</i> | Toledo | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30.5/23.8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | Aerenchyma in nodal root (2, 5, 10 and 11-14 cm behind the root tip) | - | 15,6 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Brachiaria hybrid</i> | Mulato II | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30.5/23.8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | Aerenchyma in nodal root (2, 5, 10 and 11-14 cm behind the root tip) | - | 16,8 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Chloris gayana</i> | Fine cut | 14 | Seedlings with 3 fully expanded leaves were waterlogged (7 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to grassland topsoil). Temperature 18/28 °C and photosynthetic photon flux of 1800 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ | Aerenchyma; 2 cm from the tip | 36,2 | 54,3 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> , 2012 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----|--|--|-------|------|----------------------------|
| <i>Panicum coloratum</i> | Klein Verde | 14 | Seedlings with 3 fully expanded leaves were waterlogged (7 cm above soil surface) in pots with 1:1 soil (sand to grassland topsoil). Temperature 18/28 °C and photosynthetic photon flux of 1800 µmol m-2 s-1 | Aerenchyma; 2 cm from the tip | 35,1 | 46,8 | Imaz <i>et al.</i> 2012 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | 44-02 | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30.5/23.8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m-2 s-1 | Aerenchyma in nodal root (2, 5, 10 and 11-14 cm behind the root tip) | - | 18,3 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa ruziziensis</i> | 44-02 | 14 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (Oxisol soil:sand) mixture. | Aerenchyma; average of 3 cross-sections from the tip: 0-5, 5-10-10-15 cm | 0,37 | 19,2 | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26570 | 21 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (soil:sand) mixture. 30.5/23.8 °C (day/night), the relative air humidity was 40,5/59,9 % (day/night) and the maximum photosynthetic photon flux density was 1800 µmol m-2 s-1 | Aerenchyma in nodal root (2, 5, 10 and 11-14 cm behind the root tip) | 14,5 | 34,4 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 679 | 21 | | | 13,5 | 29,3 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6133 | 21 | | | 13,3 | 28,3 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16182 | 21 | | | 13,2 | 29,6 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6707 | 21 | | | 10,4 | 28,9 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16886 | 21 | | | 11 | 31,5 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26152 | 21 | | | 11,8 | 29,8 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 6013 | 21 | | | 15,3 | 31,2 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26416 | 21 | | | 9,5 | 29,7 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 26181 | 21 | | | 9,6 | 28,8 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16866 | 21 | | | 14 | 28,3 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 16888 | 21 | | | 10,8 | 31,5 | Cardoso <i>et al.</i> 2013 |
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | Tully | 28 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (roots in stagnant | Porosity buoyancy method in four to | 15,56 | 39,0 | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2019 |

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|----------------------------|--------------------|----|---|--|--|------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Urochloa humidicola</i> | CIAT 679 | 14 | deoxygenated 0.10% (w/v) agar nutrient solution). Modified Hoagland nutrient solution. 30/25 °C day/night air temperature. | five representative roots (aprox. 100 mm length). Lateral roots were excised and main axes used. | Aerenchyma; average of 3 cross-sections from the tip: 0-5, 5-10-10-15 cm | 9,25 | 18,1 | Jiménez <i>et al.</i> 2015 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Clon exclosure | 37 | Vegetative propagules were waterlogged (3 cm above soil surface) in cylinders with 1:1 (Oxisol soil:sand) mixture. | Porosity (pycnometer method); n/a | 24,5 | 35,8 | Loreti <i>et al.</i> 1994 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Clon grazing | 37 | Vegetative clones with 5-6 tillers flooded (1.5-2 cm above soil surface) in pots with sand | Porosity (pycnometer method) | 32,0 | 41,1 | Loreti <i>et al.</i> 1994 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Upland clone | 50 | Vegetative propagated ramets were waterlogged (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with washed sand | Porosity (pycnometer method) | 34,4 | 45,0 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Intermediate clone | 50 | Vegetative propagated ramets were waterlogged (2 cm above soil surface) in pots with washed sand | Porosity (pycnometer method) | 35,7 | 48,6 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | Lowland clone | 50 | Plants naturally established in soil mesocosms extracted from the grassland flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | Porosity (pycnometer method); young roots | 35,9 | 47,8 | Loreti and Oesterheld 1996 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 60 | Plants naturally established in soil mesocosms extracted from the grassland flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | Porosity (pycnometer method); young roots | 32,1 | 40,7 | Grimoldi <i>et al.</i> 2005 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 30 | Plants collected from a lowland grassland and grown for 6 months in glasshouse conditions were waterlogged (0,2-0,5 cm over soil surface) in 4L plastic pots filled with sand and topsoil (1:1) from the grassland (3,3% organic carbon). | Porosity (pycnometer method); n/a | 19,7 | 45,7 | Manzur <i>et al.</i> 2020 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 45 | Plants naturally established in soil monolith extracted from the grassland flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | Porosity (pycnometer method); young roots | 32 | 40,7 | Insausti <i>et al.</i> 2001 | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 15 | Adult plants were extracted in grassland soil blocks with natural vegetation in plastic containers and | Porosity (pycnometer method); n/a | 28 | 40,2 | Striker <i>et al.</i> 2008 | |

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|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|---|---|------|-------|--|
| | | | were flooded (6 cm above soil surface). | | | | |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | subsp. dilatatum Lowland | 60 | Vegetative propagated tillers were flooded (6 cm above soil surface) in pots with sand and topsoil from the grassland (1:1) | Porosity (pycnometer method); young roots | 42,7 | 38,3 | Mollard <i>et al.</i> 2008 |
| | subsp. dilatatum Upland | 15 | Plants of similar size extracted from the grassland in soil blocks flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | Porosity (pycnometer method) | 32,2 | 32,2 | Mollard <i>et al.</i> 2008 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 15 | Plants of similar size extracted from the grassland in soil blocks flooded (6 cm above soil surface) | Porosity (pycnometer method) | 28 | 40,2 | Striker <i>et al.</i> 2006 |
| <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i> | n/a | 50 | Vegetative clones were flooded (2 cm above surface) in pots with washed sand + Hoagland solution | Aerenchyma; Roots of uniform appearance and diameter (3 cm from the root tip) | 18,5 | 26,7 | Vasellati <i>et al.</i> 2001 |
| C₃ species | | | | | | | |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | | 14 | 33-days-old plants (3 fully expanded leaves) were partially submerged (half its height) in pots with sand and topsoil (Natracualf; 1:1) | Aerenchyma; 2 cm from the root tip | 5,51 | 10,30 | Iturralde Elortegui <i>et al.</i> 2020 |
| <i>Thinopyrum ponticum</i> | | 14 | 48-days-old plants (5 fully expanded leaves) were partially submerged (half its height) in pots with sand and topsoil (Natracualf; 1:1) | Aerenchyma; 2 cm from the root tip | 6,09 | 17,86 | Iturralde Elortegui <i>et al.</i> 2020 |
| <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> | Rebel XLR | 28 | Plants with 4 leaves waterlogged (water up to surface) in pots with potting soil. Temperature 25 /20°C (day/night) | Aerenchyma; 2 to 10 cm from the root tip | 23 | 34 | Liu <i>et al.</i> 2017 |

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| <i>Phalaris aquatica</i> | Unetta | 36 | 34-days-old plants waterlogged (roots in stagnant deoxygenated 0.1% (w/v) agar nutrient solution).20/15 °C (day/night). | Porosity (pycnometer method) for adventitious roots | 18,2 | 33,6 | McDonald <i>et al.</i> 2002 |
| <i>Phalaris aquatica</i> | Unetta | 36 | 34-days-old plants waterlogged (roots in stagnant deoxygenated 0.1% (w/v) agar nutrient solution).20/15 °C (day/night). | Aerenchyma; 50 mm behind the apex of 100–200 mm adventitious roots | 7.1 | 30.3 | McDonald <i>et al.</i> 2002 |

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