Endnotes

Chapter 1


**Chapter 2**


Chapter 3


Chapter 4


Chapter 5


8. Modified from Fig. 2 in Stafford Smith *et al.* (2011) op. cit.


12. For more examples, see Climate Adaptation Flagship (2010) *Adaptation Science: Opportunities and Responses to Climate Change Impacts*. CSIRO, Brisbane.


**Chapter 6**


5. High yearly peak demand is defined as the 95th percentile or above of daily peak demand, simulated by assessing the maximum daily heating and cooling requirement in peak time on the basis of heating and cooling thermostat settings for house energy rating specified in the Protocol for House Energy Rating Software published by Australian Building Codes Board. Typical meteorological year weather files were used for the simulations considering both no climate change and climate change. The result is based on the simulations in Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane. Details can be found in Wang *et al.* (2010) op. cit.


7. A 1-in-100-year event is also known as the event with 100 years average recurrence interval or ARI; it is the average time interval between two events that exceed a specified threshold. A 1-in-100-year event means that the average time interval between two 1-in-100-year events is 100 years; however, the actual interval between two events is generally random and will not necessarily be 100 years.

Chapter 7


**Chapter 8**


**Chapter 9**


Chapter 10


