

Accessory publication

Palladium(II) sequestration by phytate in aqueous solution – speciation analysis and ionic medium effectsAntonio Gianguzza,^A Demetrio Milea,^B Alberto Pettignano^A and Silvio Sammartano^{B,C}^ADipartimento di Chimica Inorganica e Analitica ‘Stanislao Cannizzaro’, Università di Palermo, Viale delle Scienze, I-90128 Palermo, Italy.^BDipartimento di Chimica Inorganica, Chimica Analitica e Chimica Fisica, Università di Messina, Salita Sperone, 31, I-98166 Messina (Vill. S. Agata), Italy.^CCorresponding author. Email: ssammartano@unime.it**Table A1. Phytate protonation constants in NaCl_{aq}^[36] and in NaNO_{3aq}^[35] at $I = 0.1 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ and $t = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

$\log\beta_r^{\text{H}}$ refer to equilibrium: $\text{Phy}^{12-} + r \text{H}^+ = \text{H}_r\text{Phy}^{(12-r)-}$; $\log K_r^{\text{H}}$ in parenthesis refer to equilibrium: $\text{H}^+ + \text{H}_{r-1}\text{Phy}^{(12-r+1)-} = \text{H}_r\text{Phy}^{(12-r)-}$

Medium	$\log\beta_1^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_2^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_3^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_4^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_5^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_6^{\text{H}}$	$\log\beta_7^{\text{H}}$
NaCl _{aq}	9.58	19.42 (9.84)	28.92 (9.50)	37.06 (8.14)	43.56 (6.50)	48.81 (5.25)	51.69 (2.88)
NaNO _{3aq}	9.48	19.46 (9.98)	28.99 (9.53)	37.19 (8.20)	43.68 (6.49)	48.85 (5.17)	51.87 (3.02)

Table A2. Literature values for palladium(II) hydrolysis in NaClO_{4aq} at $t = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and different ionic strengths

$\log\beta_{10r}$ refer to equilibrium: $\text{Pd}^{2+} + r \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pd}(\text{OH})_r^{(2-r)} + r \text{H}^+$

$I (\text{mol L}^{-1})$	$\log\beta_{10-1}$	$\log\beta_{10-2}$	$\log\beta_{10-3}$	$\log\beta_{10-4}$	References
0 ^A	~−1.3	~−1.85	—	—	[24]
0.05	−1.2	−2.2	—	—	[24]
0.1	−1.38	−2.36	—	—	[24]
0.1 ^B	−2.08	−3.99	−15.92	−28.7	[25]
0.1	—	−3.76	—	—	[19]
0.18	−1.76	−2.82	—	—	[24]
0.5	−1.77	−4.24	—	—	[19]
0.5–1 ^C	−5.65	−12.2	−19.85	−28.5	[18]
variable	—	~−8.7	~−20.5	—	[18] ^D
1	−3.0	—	—	—	[28]
1	—	−4.1	−15.05	—	[19]

^AValues extrapolated by a Debye–Hückel type equation.^BValues at $t = 17^\circ\text{C}$.^COnly one value given by the authors in this ionic strength range.^DLiterature values reported by authors.

Table A3. Literature values for palladium(II) hydrolysis and chloride complexes chloride aqueous media, at different temperatures and ionic strengths

$\log \beta_{pqr}$ refer to equilibrium: $p \text{ Pd}^{2+} + q \text{ Cl}^- + r \text{ H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pd}_p\text{Cl}_q(\text{OH})_r^{(2p-q-r)} + r \text{ H}^+$; data in parenthesis refer to

$\log K_{\text{PdCl}_q}$ for the stepwise equilibrium: $\text{PdCl}_{(q-1)}^{(2-q+1)} + \text{Cl}^- = \text{PdCl}_q^{(2-q)}$. ?, not specified

Medium	<i>I</i> (mol L ⁻¹)	<i>t</i> (°C)	$\log \beta_{110}$	$\log \beta_{120}$	$\log \beta_{130}$	$\log \beta_{140}$	$\log \beta_{13-1}$	$\log \beta_{12-2}$	$\log \beta_{10-1}$	References
	0	21	6.2	10.9	13.4	16	—	—	—	[14]
	0	25	—	—	—	11.29	6.29	—	—	[19]
	0	25	—	—	—	—	2.04 ^A	—	—	[20]
	0	20	5.080	8.555	10.655	11.557	—	—	—	[21]
	0	25	5.08	8.88	11.30	12.18	—	—	—	[30]
KCl	0.1	25	—	—	—	11.81	6.43	—	—	[19]
ClO ₄ / Cl ⁻	0.1	?	3.48	6.27	8.62	9.72	—	—	—	[19] ^B
NaClO ₄ / Cl ⁻	0.1	25	6.0	10.6	13.1	—	—	—	—	[30]
NaCl	0.105	25	—	—	—	—	3.09 ^A	—	—	[29]
NaCl	0.305	25	—	—	—	—	2.93 ^A	—	—	[29]
NaCl	0.5	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.23 ^C	[16] ^D
KCl	0.5	25	—	—	—	11.83	5.64	—	—	[19]
NaCl	0.5	25	—	—	—	—	2.85 ^A	—	—	[20]
NaCl	0.505	25	—	—	—	—	2.86 ^A	—	—	[29]
Cl ⁻ / ClO ₄ ⁻	0.5–1 ^E	25	4.21	7.5	9.88	11.32	2.37 ^F	-7.5 ^F	—	[18] ^G
NaCl	0.6 ^H	25	—	—	—	—	~2.42 ^I	-7.82 ^I	—	[22]
NaCl	0.705	25	—	—	—	—	2.82 ^A	—	—	[29]
?	0.8	20	4.34	7.88	10.56	12.24	—	—	—	[23] ^B
NaClO ₄ / NaCl	0.86	25	3.98	7.22	9.52	11.52	—	—	—	[17] ^B
HClO ₄ / NaCl	1	25	3.88	6.91	9.09	10.43	—	—	—	[23]
HClO ₄ / HCl	1	25	4.47	7.76	10.17	11.54	—	—	—	[15]
NaCl	1	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.30 ^C	[16] ^D
NaCl	1.5	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.35 ^C	[16] ^D
KCl	1	25	—	—	—	11.78	4.48	—	—	[19]
NaClO ₄ / Cl ⁻	1	?	—	—	—	(1.27)	—	—	—	[30]
NaClO ₄ / Cl ⁻	1	25	—	—	—	12.15	—	—	—	[30]
NaCl	1.005	25	—	—	—	—	2.82 ^A	—	—	[29]
NaCl	2	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.39 ^C	[16] ^D
NaCl	2.5	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.45 ^C	[16] ^D
NaCl	3	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	-9.61 ^C	[16] ^D
H ₂ SO ₄ / Cl ⁻	3	25	—	—	(1.76)	(2.35)	—	—	—	[30]

^A $\log \beta_{140}$ from ref. [19] was used in calculations.

^BLiterature values reported by authors.

^CConditional formation constants with respect to palladium(II)–chloride species.

^DFurther species reported by authors: $-30.51 \leq \log \beta_{40-4} \leq -28.81$ in the range $0.5 \leq I \text{ (mol L}^{-1}\text{)} \leq 3.0$.

^EOnly one value given by the authors in this ionic strength range.

^FAt $I = 0.7 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$.

^GOther species reported by authors as recommended data: $\log \beta_{11-3} = -17.65$.

^HIn mol kg⁻¹.

^I $\log \beta_{pq0}$ from ref. [18] were used in calculations.

Table A4. Literature values for palladium(II) hydrolysis and nitrate complexes in $\text{HNO}_{3\text{aq}}$ / $\text{NaNO}_{3\text{aq}}$ or $\text{HNO}_{3\text{aq}}$ / $\text{NaClO}_{4\text{aq}}$ at different temperatures and ionic strengths

$\log\beta_{\text{pqr}}$ refer to equilibrium: $\text{p Pd}^{2+} + \text{q NO}_3^- + \text{r H}_2\text{O} = \text{Pd}_\text{p}(\text{NO}_3)_\text{q}(\text{OH})_\text{r}^{(2\text{p}-\text{q}-\text{r})} + \text{r H}^+$; ?, not specified

I (mol L ⁻¹)	t (°C)	$\log\beta_{110}$	$\log\beta_{120}$	$\log\beta_{130}$	$\log\beta_{140}$	$\log\beta_{11-1}$	References
≤5	?	0.08	—	—	—	—	[26]
5.18	25	0.17	-0.76	—	—	-0.64	[27]
?	?	1.14	0.3	0.78	—	—	[31]
?	?	0.51	0.32	-0.65	-2.40	—	[31]
4	?	0.2	—	—	—	—	[32]

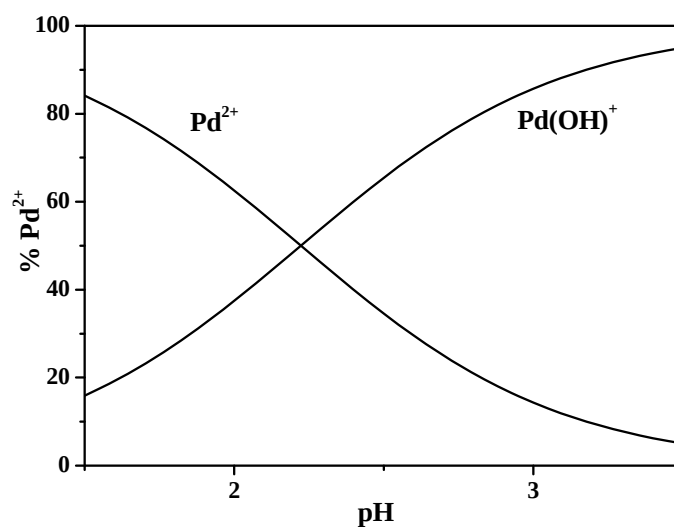


Fig. A1. Distribution diagram of palladium hydrolytic species v. pH, at $I = 0.1 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ in $\text{NaNO}_{3\text{aq}}$ at $t = 25^\circ\text{C}$, obtained considering the conditional hydrolysis constants of Table 2. Experimental conditions: $C_{\text{Pd}} = 1 \text{ mmol L}^{-1}$.