Report of The United States National Museum, 1933. Australian Science Abstracts, Vol. 13, Nos. 1 and 2.

Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, Vol. LXXXVI, pp. 1-2, 3-4.

Catalogue of the Scientific and Technical Periodicals in

the Libraries of Australia.—Supplement, 1928-1933.

Annual Report of the Board of Regents of The Smithsonian Institute—1932. Contains "Safety devices in wings of birds," by Lieut.-Commdr. R. R. Graham; "A decade of

bird-banding in America," by Frederick C. Lincoln.

The Australian Zoologist, Vol. 8, Part 1. Contains "The Development of the Avian Embryo," by Dr. Garnet Halloran; "The Doom of the Bird of Providence (Pterodroma melanopus)," by Gilbert Whitley, an interesting record of the extermination of the Petrels of Mt. Pitt, Norfolk Island, in the early days of settlement in New South Wales.

Fifty Years' Progress of American Ornithology-1883-1933. Published by the American Ornithologists' Union. Contains many articles on progress of American ornithology from several aspects-history, literature, bird-banding, economic ornithology, bird photography, fossil birds, etc.

The Ibis, Vol. IV, Nos. 1 and 2.

The Auk, Vol. LI, Nos. 1 and 2. No. 2 contains "Sex Rhythm in the Ruffed Grouse," by Arthur A. Allen.

The following are reviewed in this part:-

The Nidification of Birds of the Indian Empire, by E. C. Stuart Baker, C.I.E., O.B.E., etc., Vol. III.

A Handbook of the Birds of Eastern China, by J. D. D.

La Touche, Vol. II, Pt. 5.

The Birds of Nippon, by Prince Taka-Tsukasa, Vol. I, Pt. 3.

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Wood Swallows and Swallows Additional Notes on of the Barlee Range.*—Artamus personatus flocks started breaking up preparatory to nesting on August 3, and were nesting by the beginning of September. They mostly laid two eggs, although odd birds laid three. They had all migrated by October 21. Artamus melanops started building for its second brood about the same time, and had finished by November. They had three eggs, the same shape as the first clutch, but the colouring was a lot Hylochelidon nigricans nested in August and brighter. Some eggs were heavily blotched, whilst September. others had only minute speckles on the larger apex clutches three or four.—Angus Robinson, R.A.O.U., Onslow, W.A.

^{*}See The Emu, Vol. XXXIII, p. 95 .-- Ed.