

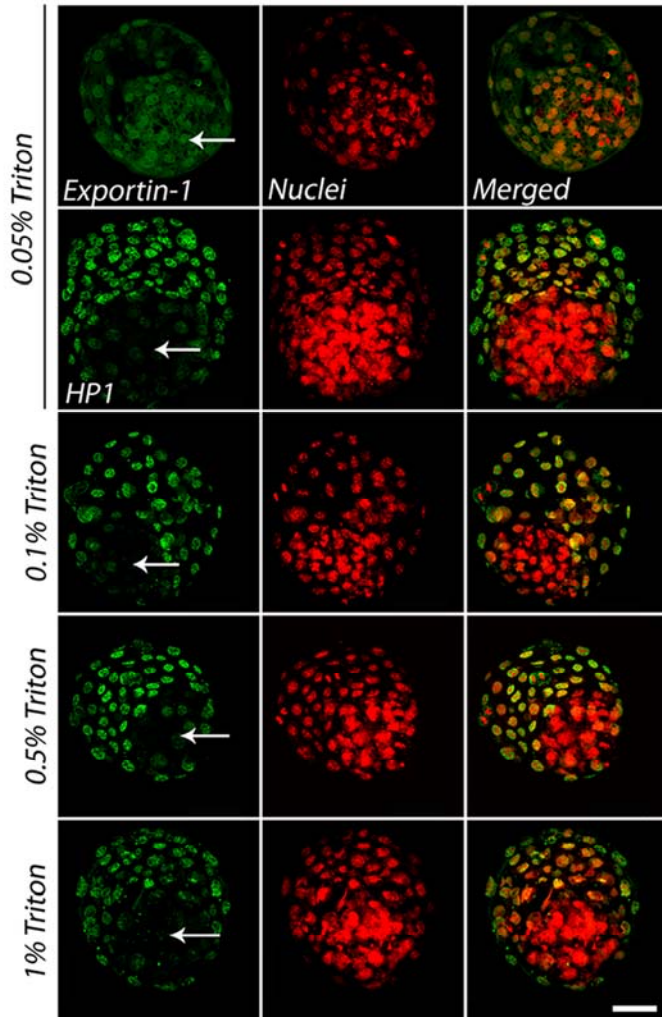
Accessory Publication

Fig. S1. Permeabilisation in 0.05% detergent is sufficient for dissemination of antibody through bovine blastocysts. Blastocysts were permeabilised in concentrations of detergent up to 1% for 10 min and stained for HP1 γ or an unrelated antibody, Exportin-1. 0.05% detergent is sufficient for labelling of inner cell mass cells with an alternative antibody (arrow denotes embryonic cells, top panels). HP1 γ protein was lacking in inner cell mass cells regardless of detergent concentration (arrows denote ICM cells, rows 2–5). Scale bar = 50 μ m.

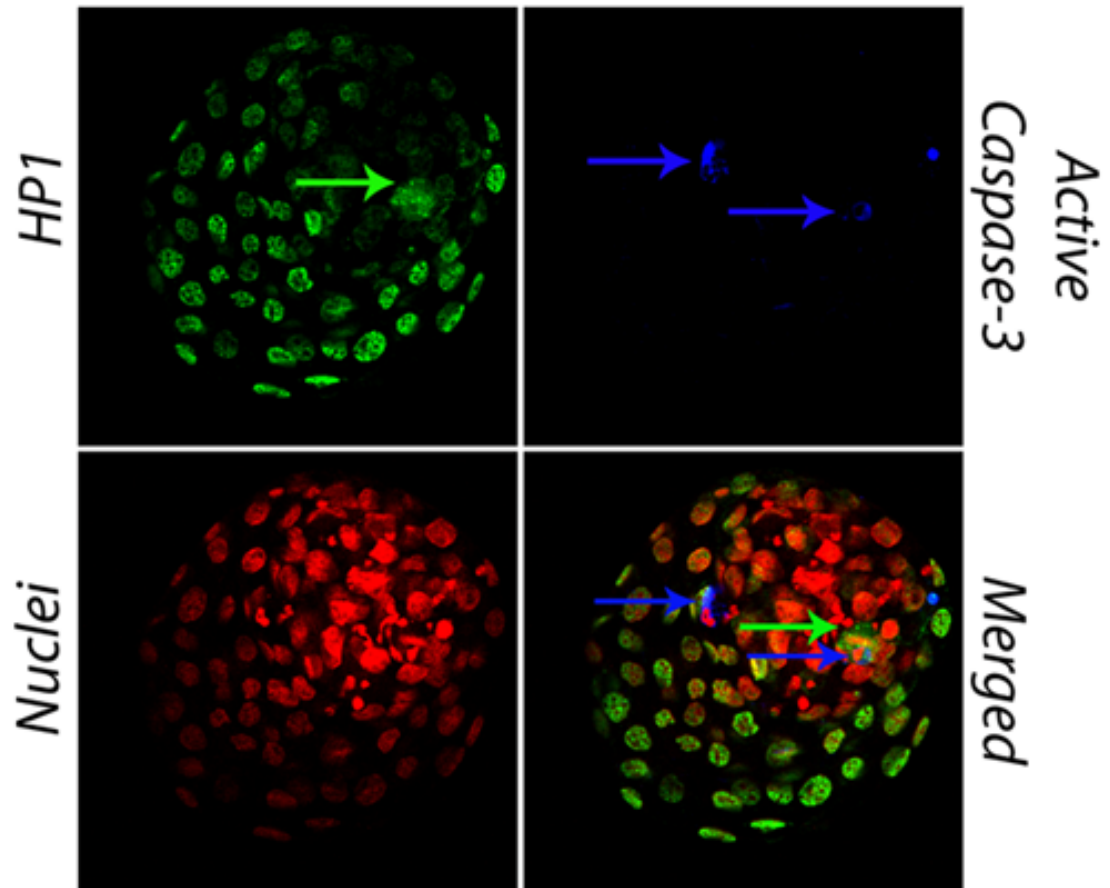


Fig. S2. Many cells with condensed chromatin staining do not express Active Caspase-3. Blastocysts were labelled with antibodies raised against HP1 γ and Active Caspase-3 (*green* and *blue* images, respectively) and nuclear compartment stained with propidium iodide (*red* image). Merged image shown in bottom panel. Scale bar = 50 μ m.

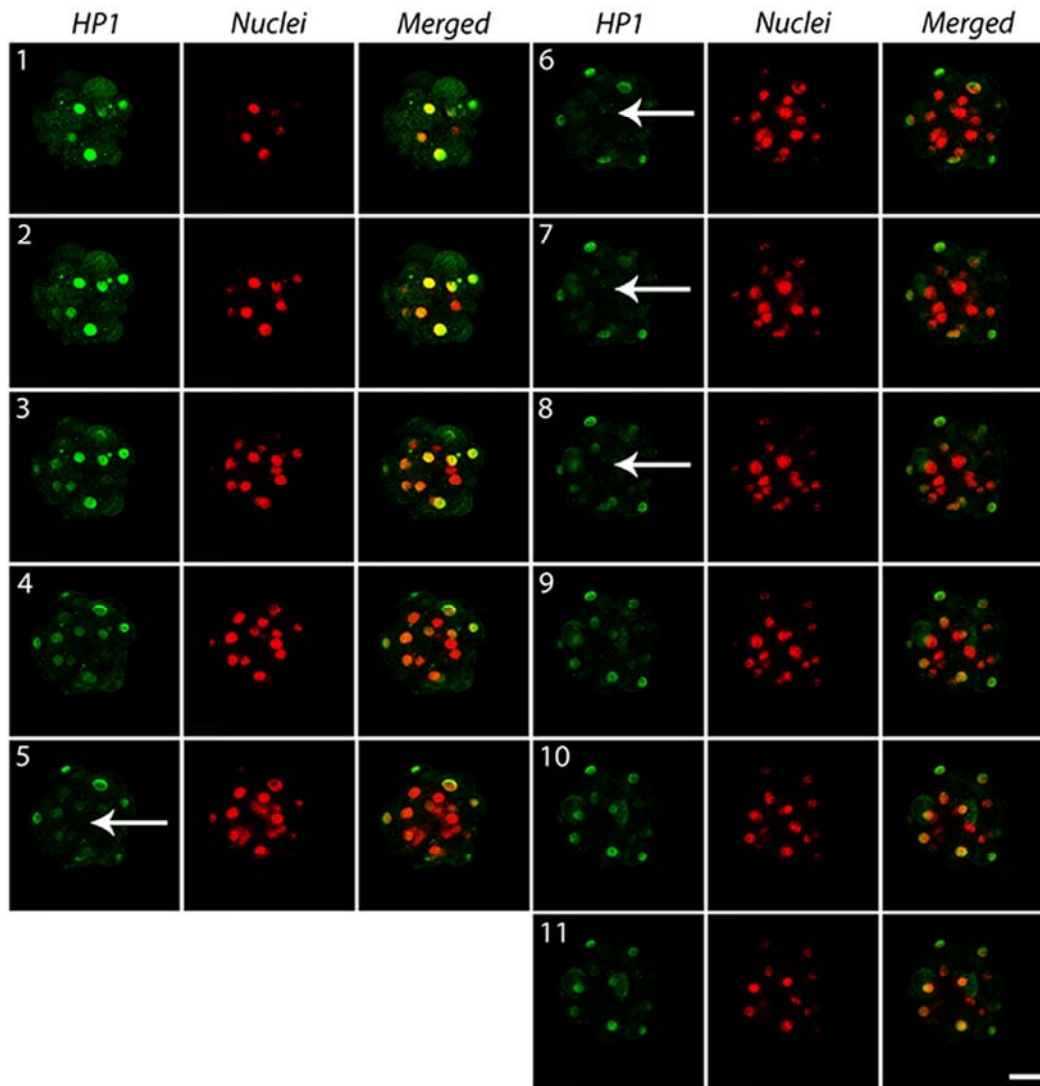


Fig. S3. Nuclear HP1 γ is low or absent in cells committed to the embryonic lineage in the morula. Mounted embryos were stained for HP1 γ and Z-series taken by confocal microscopy. Groups of HP1 γ , nuclei and merged images are shown (numbered 1–11 in order of section), taken at 0.7- μ m intervals. Arrows point to internally positioned cells that lack nuclear HP1 γ protein. Scale bar = 50 μ m.

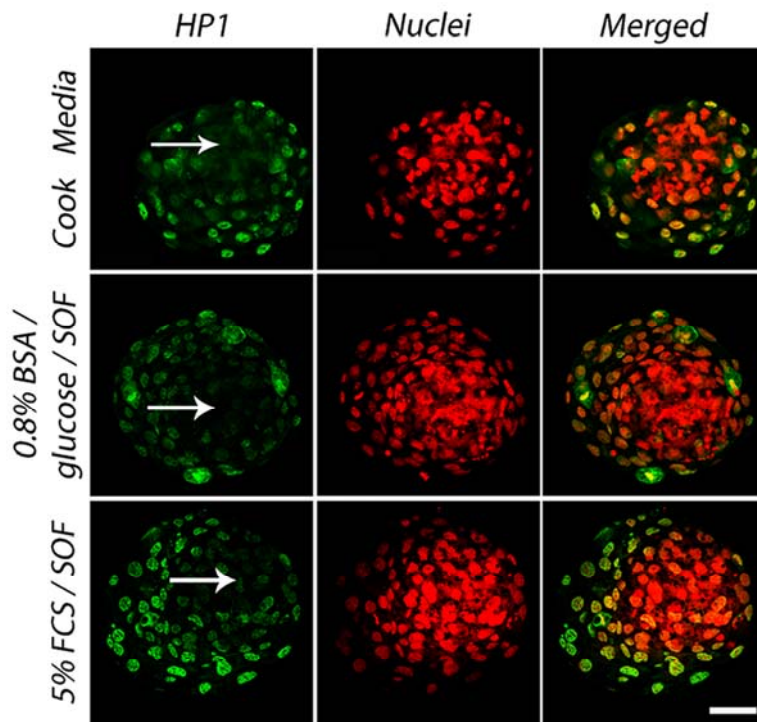
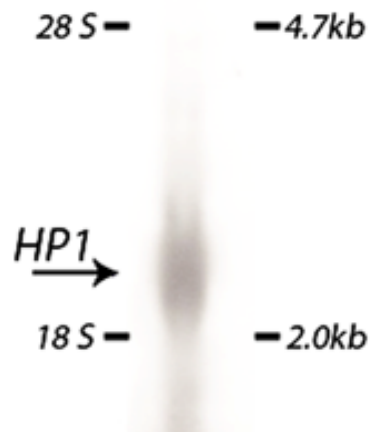


Fig. S4. Culture media had little effect on HP1 γ localisation in blastocysts. Blastocysts were cultured in (i) ‘Cook’ culture media, or synthetic oviduct fluid (SOF) supplemented with (ii) 5% fetal calf serum or (iii) 0.8% bovine serum albumin (BSA) and 1.5 mM glucose before HP1 γ antibody staining. HP1 γ protein was lacking in inner cell mass cells regardless of detergent concentration (arrows denote inner cell mass cells). Scale bar = 50 μ m.

Supplemental Figure 5A



Supplemental Figure 5B

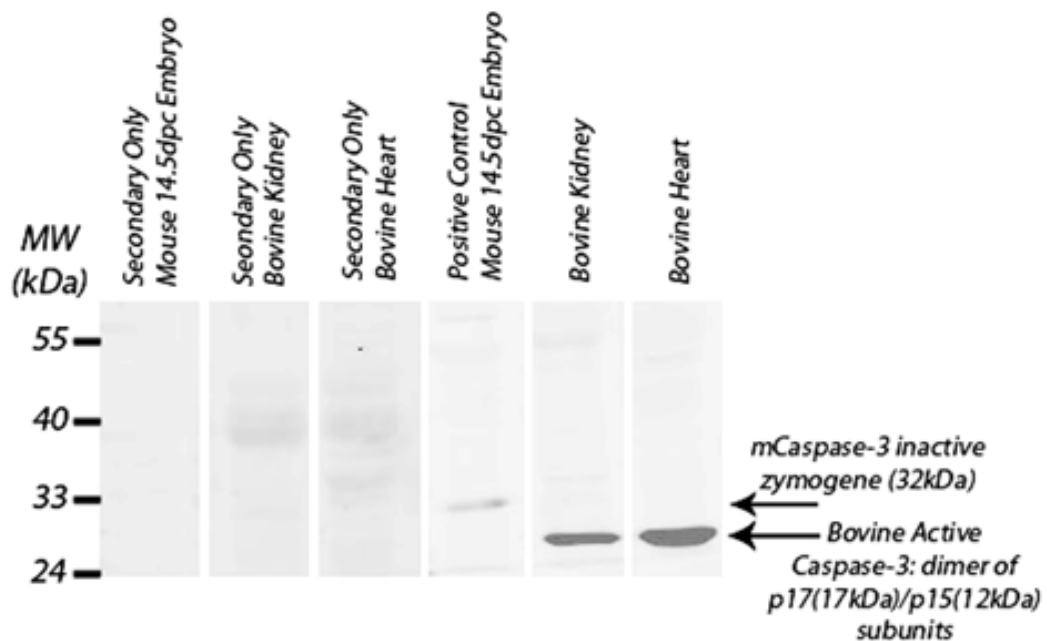


Fig. S5. Confirmation of specificity of RNA and protein probes to bovine epitopes.

(A) We confirmed our HP1 γ RNA probe recognises bovine RNA in bovine testis lysate by northern blot. (B) We have previously demonstrated reactivity of the HP1 γ primary antibody to bovine epitopes (Ruddock-D’Cruz *et al.* 2008). We confirmed that the anti-human Active Caspase-3 antibody reacts with bovine epitope. Antibody reacts with bovine Active Caspase-3 (dimer of pro-enzyme cleavage fragments) in

bovine heart and kidney lysate. Antibody recognized pro-enzyme in mouse positive control lysate (mouse 14.5dpc embryo).

Reference

Ruddock-D'Cruz, N. T., Prashadkumar, S., Wilson, K. J., Heffernan, C., Cooney, M. A., French, A. J., Jans, D. A., Verma, P. J., and Holland, M. K. (2008). Dynamic changes in localization of chromobox (CBX) family members during the maternal to embryonic transition. *Mol. Reprod. Dev.* **75**, 477–488. doi:10.1002/mrd.20752