Supplementary Material

The effects of sildenafil citrate on feto–placental development and haemodynamics in a rabbit model of intrauterine growth restriction

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Fig. S1. Macroscopic image of rabbit conceptus at Day 28 of pregnancy. (A) Viable fetus; (B) mummified fetus; (C) resorption; and (D) rabbit placenta with their corresponding separating zones, labyrinth and decidua.
Fig. S2. Distribution curve of viable fetuses at Day 28 of pregnancy from dams fed *ad libitum* (C = 7), restricted (R = 8) or restricted and treated with sildenafil citrate (SC = 7). Vertical dashed line denotes the 10th percentile of control weights (32 g). Number of fetuses per treatment: C group, \( n = 81 \); R group, \( n = 94 \); SC group, \( n = 77 \).
Fig. S3. Distribution curve of newborns at birth from dams fed *ad libitum* (C = 8), restricted (R = 7) or restricted and treated with sildenafil citrate (SC = 8). Vertical dashed line denotes the 10th percentile of *ad libitum* control weights (37.90 g). Number of newborns per treatment: C group, n = 85; R group, n = 75; SC group, n = 76.