Special Issue: Genetic Diversity in Synthetics for Wheat Improvement

Francis C. Ogbonnaya, M. van Ginkel, R. Brettell

Rebirth of synthetic hexaploids with global implications for wheat improvement.
Abdul Mujeeb-Kazi, Alvina Gul, Muhammad Farooq, Sumaira Rizwan, Ifikhar Ahmad

Allelic variations in high and low molecular weight glutenins at the Glu-D1 locus of Aegilops tauschii as a potential source for improving bread wheat quality.
A. Rehman, N. Evans, M. C. Gianibelli, R. J. Rose

Genetic variation for quality traits in synthetic wheat germplasm.
Daryl Mares, Kolumbina Mrva

Use of synthetic hexaploid wheat to increase diversity for CIMMYT bread wheat improvement.
S. Dreisigacker, M. Kishii, J. Lage, M. Warburton

Mining synthetic hexaploids for multiple disease resistance to improve bread wheat.

Resistance to root-lesion nematodes (Pratylenchus thornei and P. neglectus) in synthetic hexaploid wheats and their durum and Aegilops tauschii parents.
J. P. Thompson

Crop and environmental attributes underpinning genotype by environment interaction in synthetic-derived bread wheat evaluated in Mexico and Australia.
M. Fernanda Dreccer, Scott C. Chapman, Francis C. Ogbonnaya, M. Gabriela Borgognone, R. M. Trethowan

CIMMYT’s use of synthetic hexaploid wheat in breeding for adaptation to rainfed environments globally.
J. Lage, R. M. Trethowan

Dominant male-sterile populations for association mapping and introgression of exotic wheat germplasm.
E. L. Heffner, O. Chomdej, K. R. Williams, M. E. Sorrells

Triticum (Aegilops) tauschii in the natural and artificial synthesis of hexaploid wheat.
G. M. Halloran, F. C. Ogbonnaya, E. S. Lagudah