# **Supplementary Material**

# They're sicker than we think: an exploratory study profiling the cardiometabolic health in a sample of adults with pre-diabetes in Aotearoa New Zealand

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# SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

#### Supplementary Table S1. Definitions and formulae for MetS and MetS Z-scores used in this study

Criteria or Definition	Reference						
2009 ATP III definition of MetS							
Any three or more of the following criteria must be present to be c							
• waist circumference according to population-specific definition	ed below*						
• SBP ≥ 130 mm Hg or DBP ≥ 85 mm Hg or receiving antih conjunction with a history of hypertension	Alberti <i>et al.,</i> 2009						
• $FPG \ge 5.6 \text{ mmol/L}$	2007						
• $TG \ge 1.7 \text{ mmol/L}$ or receiving fibrates or nicotinic acid,							
• HDL-C ≤ 1.03 mmol/L in men, or 1.3 mmol/L in women nicotinic acid.							
*Ethnic-specific waist circumference thresholds applied for categories	orisation of M	letS					
	Men	Women					
Caucasian (applied to Māori, Pacific, European)	$\geq 102 \text{ cm}$	$\geq 88 \text{ cm}$	Alberti <i>et al.,</i>				
Asian (applied to all Asians except those specified below)	Asian (applied to all Asians except those specified below) $\geq 90 \text{ cm} \geq 80 \text{ cm}$						
Japanese							
Chinese	$\geq$ 85 cm	$\geq 80 \text{ cm}$					
MetS Z-score based on waist circumference (MetS-Z-WC)							
• Non-Hispanic White Male = -5.4559 + 0.0125 * Waist circum HDL-C (mg/dl) + 0.0047 * SBP + 0.8244 * ln(TG (mg/dl)) +	Gurka <i>et al.,</i>						
<ul> <li>Non-Hispanic White Female = -7.2591 + 0.0254 * Waist Ci HDL-C (mg/dl) + 0.0075 * SBP (mm Hg) + 0.5800 * ln(TG (mg/dl)</li> </ul>	2018						
MetS Z-score based on BMI (MetS-Z-BMI)							
• White male: -4.8316 + 0.0315 * BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) - 0.0272 * HE SBP + 0.8018 * ln(TG (mg/dl)) + 0.0101 * FPG (mg/dl)	Gurka <i>et al.,</i> 2018						
<ul> <li>White female: -6.5231 + 0.0523 * BMI (kg/m<sup>2</sup>) - 0.0138 * HI SBP + 0.6125 * ln(TG (mg/dl)) + 0.0208 * FPG (mg/dl)</li> </ul>	2010						

*MetS*, Metabolic syndrome; *HbA*<sub>1c</sub>, Glycated haemoglobin; *FPG*, fasting plasma glucose; *NZSSD*, New Zealand Society for the Study of Diabetes; *ATP III*, Adult treatment panel, *HDL-C*, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol; *SBP*, systolic blood pressure; *TG*, triglycerides; *BMI*, body mass index

Alberti KGMM, Eckel RH, Grundy SM, Zimmet PZ, Cleeman JI, Donato KA, Fruchart J-C, James WPT, Loria CM, Smith SC (2009) Harmonizing the metabolic syndrome. *Circulation* **120**, 1640–1645. doi:10.1161/CIRCULATIONAHA.109.192644.

Gurka MJ, Filipp SL, Musani SK, Sims M, DeBoer MD (2018) Use of BMI as the marker of adiposity in a metabolic syndrome severity score: derivation and validation in predicting long-term disease outcomes. *Metabolism* **83**, 68–74. doi:10.1016/j.metabol.2018.01.015.

	All			Females			Males		
Variable	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max
<b>n</b> <sup>a</sup>	153			73			80		
Age, years	59.6 (8.8)	60.1 (53.1 to 66.3)	37.5 to 80.3	60 (8.3)	61.7 (55.3 to 65.4)	38.8 to 77.6	59.4 (9.4)	58.7 (51.7 to 68.0)	37.5 to 80.3
Anthropometric									
Weight, kg	85.9 (20.8)	82.3 (73 to 97)	43.9 to 165.6	78.2 (19.2)	75.4 (63.9 to 88.1)	43.9 to 150.5	93 (19.8)	88.7 (80 to 103.1)	60.3 to 165.6
Waist, cm	102.7 (14.8)	102.3 (92.3 to	66 to 157.1	97.4 (15.1)	96.6 (86.0 to	66.0 to 142.0	107.5 (12.7)	106.5 (98.8 to 115.2)	81 to 157.2
	<i>n</i> =152	110.7)			106.8)		<i>n</i> =79		
BMI, kg/m <sup>2</sup>	30.4 (6)	29.8 (26 to 33.5)	19.3 to 52.4	30.1 (6.5)	29.5 (25.4 to 34.2)	19.3 to 48.2	30.7 (5.5)	29.9 (26.6 to 32.8)	22.4 to 52.2
Systolic BP, mm Hg	136.2 (16)	136 (125 to 144)	99 to 193	136.4 (17.7)	135 (125 to 150)	99 to 193	136 (14.4)	137 (126 to 144)	104 to 182
	<i>n</i> =152						<i>n</i> =79		
Diastolic BP, mm	81.1 (11.3)	82 (74 to 87.5)	56 to 124	78.2 (10.6)	79 (72 to 84)	56 to 116	83.9 (11.3)	84 (76 to 90)	63 to 124
Hg	<i>n</i> =152						<i>n</i> =79		
Blood									
Total Cholesterol,	5.0 (1.3)	4.9 (4.1 to 5.8)	2 to 9	5.5 (1.4)	5.3 (4.5 to 6.5)	2.7 to 9.0	4.6 (1)	4.5 (3.9 to 5.3)	2 to 7.4
mmol/L									
LDL-C, mmol/L	3.2 (1.1)	3.1 (2.4 to 4.0)	0.5 to 6.2	3.6 (1.2)	3.5 (2.7 to 4.4)	1.5 to 6.2	2.9 (0.9)	2.7 (2.2 to 3.5)	0.5 to 5.2
HDL-C, mmol/L	1.2 (0.3)	1.2 (1 to 1.4)	0.5 to 2.2	1.4 (0.3)	1.3 (1.1 to 1.5)	0.6 to 2.2	1.1 (0.2)	1 (0.9 to 1.2)	0.5 to 1.9
Triglycerides,	1.4 (0.6)	1.2 (1 to 1.7)	0.5 to 3.3	1.3 (0.5)	1.2 (1.0 to 1.4)	0.5 to 2.9	1.4 (0.6)	1.3 (0.8 to 1.9)	0.5 to 3.3
mmol/L			2.2.5.7.2				4.4.(1)		
TC/HDL-C ratio	4.4 (1)	4.1 (3.4 to 5.1)	2.2 to 7.3	4.2 (1.2)	4 (3.3 to 5)	2.2 to 7.7	4.4 (1)	4.3 (3.6 to 5.2)	2.4 to 6.3
									50, 110
FPG, mmol/L	6./(1.3)	6.4 (6.0 to 7.1)	4.2 to 14.2	6.5 (0.9)	6.3 (6.0 to 6.9)	4.2 to 9.6	/(1.5)	6.6 (6.1 to 7.4)	5.2 to 14.2
T.,1'	n-131	95 2 (51 9 4-	15 5 4- 724 2	08.8 (101.2)	92 ( (12 1 +-	15 ( += 724 2	n-78	99 1 (50 1 4- 124 7)	15 5 4- 400 2
Insulin, pmol/L	104.1 (88.0)	85.3 (51.8 to 124 4)	15.5 10 / 54.2	98.8 (101.3)	83.6 (43.4 10	15.0 10 / 54.2	109 (75.5)	88.1 (39.1 to 134.7)	15.5 10 400.5
HOMA-IR*	45(42)	35(21  to  54)	0.4 to 36.7	43(49)	33(17  to  48)	0.4 to 36.7	48(34)	4(24  to  58)	0.5 to 16.1
noment	n=151	5.5 (2.1 to 5.4)	0.1 10 50.7	1.5 (1.5)	5.5 (1.7 10 1.0)	0.110 50.7	n=78	1 (2.1 to 5.6)	0.0 10 10.1
HbA <sub>1c</sub> , mmol/mol	45.9 (4.0)	46 (43 to 48)	36 to 60	45.4 (4.3)	45 (43 to 48)	36 to 60	46.4 (3.6)	46 (44 to 49)	40 to 58
	n=144			n=67			n=77		

Supplementary Table S2. Descriptive statistics for continuous baseline variables by total group and sex

		All			Females			Males	
Variable	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max	Mean (SD)	Median (IQR)	Min to Max
n <sup>a</sup>	153			73			80		
Dietary intake									
(daily)									
Total fibre, g	25.6 (8.7)	24.3 (19.1 to 31.1)	9.7 to 53.1	24.4 (8.1)	22.4 (18.9 to 29.2)	10 to 50.9	26.7 (9)	26.5 (19.3 to 31.8)	9.7 to 53.1
Total energy, per	8.6 (2.3)	8.3 (6.9 to 10.3)	3.5 to 1.7	7.8 (1.9)	7.5 (6.4 to 8.9)	3.5 to 13.2	9.34 (2.4)	9.0 (7.5 to 11.3	3.8 to 17.2
1000 kj									

<sup>a</sup> Denominator applies unless otherwise specified, <sup>b</sup> Insulin resistance was assessed using the homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance (HOMA-IR) and calculated using the formula by Matthews and colleagues 1985

SD, standard deviation; IQR, interquartile range; BMI body mass index, BP, Blood pressure; LDL-C, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol HDL-C, High-density lipoprotein cholesterol;

TC, Total cholesterol; FPG, Fasting plasma glucose; HOMA-IR, Homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; HbA1c, Glycated haemoglobin

Matthews DR, Hosker JR, Rudenski AS, Naylor BA, Treacher DF, Turner RC, et al. Homeostasis model assessment: insulin resistance and fl-cell function from fasting plasma glucose and insulin concentrations in man. Diabetologia. 1985;28:412–9

	n	Mean (SD)	Median	Min to Max
			(IQR)	
All	150	0.71 (0.72)	0.70 (0.24 to 1.18)	-0.99 to 2.83
Sex				
Female	73	0.72 (0.74)	0.75 (0.26 to 1.18)	-0.99 to 2.83
Male	77	0.69 (0.70)	0.67 (0.23 to 1.15)	-0.89 to 2.12
Ethnic groups				
European	77	0.71 (0.79)	0.64 (0.21 to 1.22)	-0.92 to 2.83
Māori/Pacific	31	0.94 (0.64)	0.98 (0.61 to 1.31)	-0.89 to 2.02
Asian	42	0.53 (0.57)	0.59 (0.23 to 0.88)	-0.99 to 1.77
HbA <sub>1c</sub> groups				
< 45 mmol/mol	54	0.38 (0.66)	0.47 (0.05 to 0.75)	-0.99 to 2.08
$\geq$ 45 mmol/mol	87	0.92 (0.69)	0.95 (0.35 to 1.33)	-0.63 to 2.83

Supplementary Table S3. Descriptive statistics for MetS-Z-BMI scores for study population and according to subgroups

*SD*, standard deviation; *IQR*, interquartile range; *BMI*, body mass index; *HbA*<sub>1c</sub>, glycated haemoglobin



# Supplementary Figure S1. Histograms for MetS-Z-scores based on waist circumference and BMI



# Supplementary Figure S2. Box plots for MetS Z-scores based on waist circumference and BMI



Supplementary Figure S3. Linear regression of MetS-Z on HbA1c