

Supplementary material

Feeding ecology of juvenile Pacific bluefin tuna *Thunnus orientalis* in the Sea of Japan

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Table S1. Equations for size–mass and dry mass–wet mass relationships used for estimating the wet mass of zooplankton from size data

DM, dry mass (μg); WM₁, wet mass (μg); WM₂, wet mass (mg); PL, prosome length (μm); TL, total length (mm)

Category	Equation	Reference
Candaciidae spp.	$\ln\text{DM} = 3.38\ln\text{PL} - 20.48$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Centropages tenuiremis</i>	$\log_{10}\text{DM} = 3.00\log_{10}\text{PL} - 7.89$	Uye (1982)
<i>Labidocera acuta</i>	$\text{DM} = 3.770 \times 10^{-8}\text{PL}^{2.637}$	Ara (2001)
<i>Nanocalanus minor</i>	$\ln\text{DM} = 2.73\ln\text{PL} - 15.93$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Paracalanus parvus</i>	$\ln\text{DM} = 2.78\ln\text{PL} - 16.52$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Paraeuchaeta russeli</i>	$\ln\text{DM} = 3.00\ln\text{PL} - 17.82$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Subeucalanus subcrassus</i>	$\log_{10}\text{WM}_1 = 2.8628\log_{10}\text{TL} - 1.6010$	Cass (2011)
<i>Temora discaudata</i>	$\ln\text{DM} = 3.55\ln\text{PL} - 21.38$	Satapoomin (1999)
Calanoida spp.	$\ln\text{DM} = 2.73\ln\text{PL} - 15.93$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Euterpina acutifrons</i>	$\text{DM} = 8.148 \times 10^{-8}\text{PL}^{2.736}$	Ara (2001)
<i>Corycaeus</i> spp.	$\ln\text{DM} = 1.70\ln\text{PL} - 9.92$	Chisholm and Roff (1990)
<i>Farranula</i> spp.	$\ln\text{DM} = 2.72\ln\text{PL} - 16.19$	Webber and Roff (1995)
<i>Oncaea</i> spp.	$\ln\text{DM} = 2.10\ln\text{PL} - 11.63$	Webber and Roff (1995)
Sapphirinidae spp.	$\log_{10}\text{DM} = 1.142\log_{10}\text{TL} + 0.802$	Lopes <i>et al.</i> (2007)
<i>Primno abyssallis</i>	$\text{WM}_2 = 23.99\text{TL}^{2.97} \times 10^{-3}$	Ikeda (1995)
<i>Themisto japonica</i>	$\log_{10}\text{WM}_2 = 2.832\log_{10}\text{TL} - 1.517$	Ikeda (1990)
Euphausiidae spp.	$\log_{10}\text{WM}_2 = 3.31\log_{10}\text{TL} - 2.58$	Iguchi <i>et al.</i> (1993)
All zooplankton	$\text{WM}_2 = \text{DM}/0.19$	Omori (1969)

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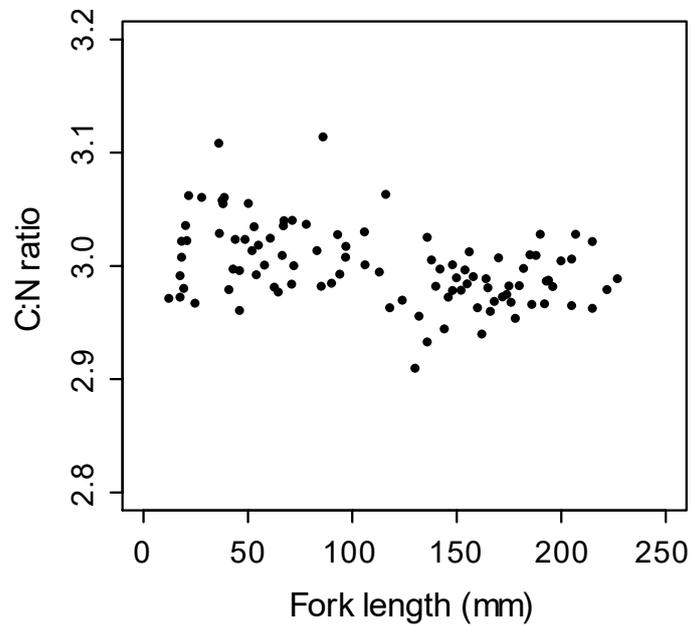


Figure S1. Relationships between the C:N ratio and fork length of Pacific bluefin tuna *Thunnus orientalis*

Table S2. The prey-specific numerical percentage composition (%PN) and prey-specific percentage mass composition (%PM) of stomach contents of juvenile *Thunnus orientalis*

Data are presented for 2 categories of fork length (FL), with the numbers of stomachs with prey items (n_p)

Prey category	FL < 100 mm ($n_p=23$)		FL \geq 100 mm ($n_p=49$)		Total ($n_p=72$)	
	%PN	%PM	%PN	%PM	%PN	%PM
(Crustacea)						
<i>Candacia bipinnata</i>	-	-	12.00	17.59	12.00	17.59
<i>Candacia catula</i>	-	-	1.92	0.03	1.92	0.03
<i>Candacia</i> sp.	-	-	2.95	0.07	2.95	0.07
Candaciidae sp.	-	-	3.68	<0.01	3.68	<0.01
<i>Centropages tenuiremis</i>	-	-	8.33	5.54	8.33	5.54
<i>Labidocera acuta</i>	-	-	1.59	0.04	1.59	0.04
<i>Nannocalanus minor</i>	-	-	0.79	0.08	0.79	0.08
<i>Paracalanus parvus</i>	-	-	1.79	0.01	1.79	0.01
<i>Paraeuchaeta russelli</i>	-	-	3.85	2.41	3.85	2.41
<i>Subeucalanus subcrassus</i>	-	-	1.53	0.18	1.53	0.18
<i>Temora discaudata</i>	-	-	8.52	16.93	8.52	16.93
Calanoida spp.	-	-	6.11	1.55	6.11	1.55
<i>Euterpina acutifrons</i>	-	-	3.13	0.03	3.13	0.03
<i>Corycaeus (Agetus) flaccus</i>	50.00	0.31	-	-	50.00	0.31
<i>Corycaeus (Agetus) typicus</i>	12.50	0.05	1.59	0.01	7.04	0.03
<i>Corycaeus (Onychocorycaeus) agilis</i>	-	-	0.89	0.01	0.89	0.01
<i>Corycaeus (Onychocorycaeus) catus</i>	-	-	1.11	<0.01	1.11	<0.01
<i>Corycaeus (Onychocorycaeus) pacificus</i>	-	-	2.57	0.04	2.57	0.04
<i>Corycaeus speciosus</i>	-	-	1.68	0.04	1.68	0.04
<i>Corycaeus</i> sp.	-	-	10.00	0.05	10.00	0.05
<i>Farranula carinata</i>	-	-	2.22	0.01	2.22	0.01
<i>Farranula rostrata</i>	-	-	0.79	<0.01	0.79	<0.01
<i>Oncaea clevei</i>	-	-	1.11	0.01	1.11	0.01
<i>Oncaea dentipes</i>	-	-	1.11	<0.01	1.11	<0.01
<i>Oncaea media</i>	12.50	0.08	9.17	0.42	9.45	0.39
<i>Oncaea mediterranea</i>	-	-	23.23	12.79	23.23	12.79

Prey category	FL < 100 mm ($n_p=23$)		FL ≥ 100 mm ($n_p=49$)		Total ($n_p=72$)	
	%PN	%PM	%PN	%PM	%PN	%PM
<i>Oncaea scottodicarloi</i>	-	-	6.28	0.03	6.28	0.03
<i>Oncaea venusta</i>	12.50	0.21	11.44	0.59	11.53	0.56
<i>Oncaea</i> sp.	-	-	3.76	0.08	3.76	0.08
<i>Copilia</i> sp.	-	-	5.77	<0.01	5.77	<0.01
<i>Sapphirina</i> sp.	-	-	1.36	<0.01	1.36	<0.01
Copepoda spp.	-	-	59.57	3.94	59.57	3.94
Squillidae spp.	-	-	4.53	23.92	4.53	23.92
<i>Primno abyssalis</i>	-	-	1.68	3.47	1.68	3.47
<i>Themisto japonica</i>	-	-	3.54	16.54	3.54	16.54
Hyperiididae spp.	-	-	4.90	31.02	4.90	31.02
Euphausiidae sp.	-	-	6.23	0.61	6.23	0.61
Caridea sp.	-	-	3.85	<0.01	3.85	<0.01
Porcellanidae sp.	-	-	0.89	0.94	0.89	0.94
Brachyura spp.	-	-	11.61	7.70	11.61	7.70
Decapoda spp.	-	-	21.00	20.51	21.00	20.51
Crustacea spp.	-	-	2.80	22.94	2.80	22.94
(Cephalopoda)						
Teuthida sp.	-	-	15.40	1.35	15.40	1.35
<i>Enoploteuthis chunii</i>	37.50	20.80	54.04	27.46	52.94	27.01
<i>Watasenia scintillans</i>	-	-	37.44	2.47	37.44	2.47
<i>Todarodes pacificus</i>	-	-	50.81	51.10	50.81	51.10
(Pisces: Teleostei)						
<i>Sardinops melanostictus</i>	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
<i>Engraulis japonicus</i>	71.67	67.77	50.32	55.94	60.02	61.32
<i>Maurolicus japonicus</i>	65.00	29.91	31.40	49.13	50.07	38.46
<i>Trachurus japonicus</i>	-	-	22.45	78.32	22.45	78.32
<i>Auxis</i> sp.	100.00	100.00	2.63	7.23	51.32	53.61
<i>Thunnus</i> sp.	75.00	93.00	-	-	75.00	93.00
Teleostei spp.	60.65	85.83	8.00	15.96	31.69	49.06
(others)						
<i>Limacina</i> sp.	-	-	1.23	0.72	1.23	0.72
<i>Halobates</i> sp.	-	-	0.79	<0.01	0.79	<0.01
Oribatida sp.	-	-	2.08	<0.01	2.08	<0.01
Unknown egg	-	-	29.17	<0.01	29.17	<0.01
Plastic debris	-	-	19.20	60.06	19.20	60.06

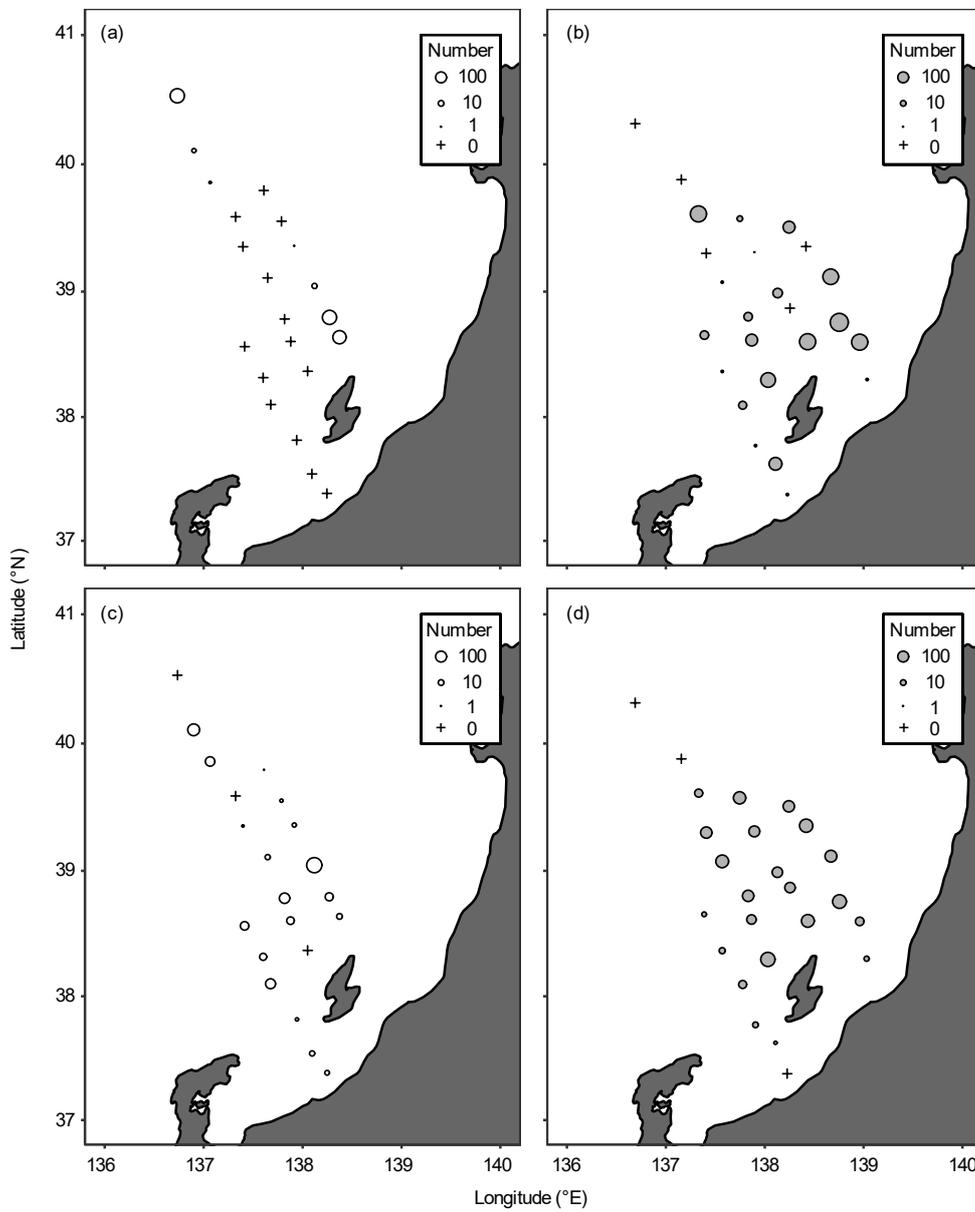


Figure S2. Number of catch of Japanese anchovy (*Engraulis japonicus*) (a, 2017; b, 2018) and small squid (*Enoploteuthis chunii*) (c, 2017; d, 2018) by a surface trawl.