

*Ptilotis plumulus*, and eggs<sup>301</sup> Eggs of *Meliphaga longirostris*<sup>302</sup> Eggs of *Anthochaera lunulata*<sup>303</sup> Eggs of *Anthochaera lewinii*<sup>304</sup> Eggs of *Myzantha obscura* 1  
*Acanthagenys rufogularis*<sup>305</sup> 2 *Amadina castanotis*<sup>306</sup> 4  
*Estrela Bichenovii*, and eggs<sup>307</sup> Eggs of *Corvus coronoides* Eggs of *Strepera* . . . ?<sup>308</sup> 1 *Cracticus destructor*<sup>309</sup> Eggs of *Gymnorhina tibicen*<sup>310</sup> Eggs of some unidentified species.

Gilbert left Western Australia on December 20, 1843, on the schooner *Timbo*, vessel of 123 tons, for Launceston, via Adelaide. In the *Perth Gazette* of December 23, it is noted that the *Timbo* sailed on December 20 for Launceston, but no passengers are mentioned.

That concludes the review of the work done by Gilbert in Western Australia, and it remains only for the writer to express his sincere thanks to those numerous correspondents who have assisted him in filling an historical want by doing justice to the efforts of one who was indeed the pioneer ornithologist of Western Australia.

#### ERRATA

Part 1, p. 112, line 1, for 1939 read 1938.  
p. 127, line 29, for 153 read 157.

301. Gould described the eggs of this species in the *Handbook*, I, pp. 516-7. They were collected at York. See part 2, footnote 121.

302. = *Meliornis novæ-hollandiæ*, Yellow-winged Honeyeater. In the *Handbook* Gould describes its nidification. Gould must have obtained the information from Gilbert, as he records the bird under the name *longirostris*, the Western Australian form, yet he makes no acknowledgment to Gilbert.

303. *A. carunculata*, Red Wattle-bird.

304. *A. chrysoptera*, Brush Wattle-bird.

305. In the *Handbook* Gould records having received a pair from Gilbert.

306. Gould records (*Handbook*, I, p. 419) that "It has also been found, though very sparingly, at Swan River."

307. This is a puzzling item. *Fringilla bichenovii* was the name given by Vigors and Horsfield to the Double-banded Finch. It seems hardly possible that Gilbert could have used the name for the Red-eared Firetail (*Zonæpythus oculatus*), yet that appears to be the only species to which the entry can refer. In the *Handbook* Gilbert's field-notes on the Red-eared Firetail are quoted, but there is no mention of the eggs.

308. *S. versicolor*.

309. *C. torquatus*. See part 1, footnote 22.

310. *G. dorsalis*, Western Magpie.

**New Genus.**—The Short-billed Petrel, formerly called *Pterodroma brevirostris*, now known as *P. lugens* of Kuhl 1820, has the bill very much compressed on the sides. That character is shared by no other species of Pterodromine Petrel and it can be made a diagnostic character for a new subgenus *Lugensa* and be known as *Pterodroma (Lugensa) lugens* (Kuhl 1820). — GREGORY MATHEWS, Sydney, 22/3/42.