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**New Victorian Sea Bird.**—While beachcombing on February 26, 1956, on the only beach on the rugged west coast of Cape Bridgewater, Cliff. Beaglehole collected several shearwaters in various stages of decomposition. One attracted his attention as being larger and having a much stouter bill than the ordinary *Puffinus tenuirostris*. It was sent to the National Museum, Melbourne, for identification, and Mr. Allan McEvey found it was a Fleshy-footed Shearwater (*P. carneipes*) and wrote to the finder—"So far as *The Emu* is concerned—and I feel reasonably sure there is no reference elsewhere—this is the first Victorian record of this species. It is known of course on the South Australian coast and in New Zealand. The data are as follows—Reg. no. B. 6261. Head, wings, legs and tail. Culmen (chord of culmen) 42 mm., tarsus 51 mm., wing (frayed) 309 mm., tail 130 mm. I feel a note on your record should be published."

Thus another sea bird goes on to the Portland list (*Emu*, vol. 54, p. 113, and vol. 55, p. 100) making, with *Phoebastria fusca*, Sooty Albatross, recorded since the Supplementary List (vol. 55, p. 100), forty-three species.—NOEL F. LEARMONTH, Portland, Vic., 25/3/56.

**Aërial Singing of Jacky Winter.**—Most experienced bird-watchers have on many occasions in the springtime heard the melodious song of the Jacky Winter (*Microeca fascians*) as it sat on the dry top-most branch of a tree. The fact that the species sometimes indulges in aërial singing is perhaps not so widely known. Individuals, presumably males, may on occasions sing beautifully at a height of 400 to 500 feet from the ground while flying about in a rather aimless, lark-like fashion, over an open paddock, perhaps a quarter of a mile or more from the nearest scrub.—E. F. BOEHM, Sutherlands, S.A., 2/4/56.