PACIFIC CONSERVATION BIOLOGY

Volume 13 Number 3

Contents

EDITORIAL
Into the Looking Glass. I. McLean. 147

RESEARCH PAPERS
Serum testosterone and estradiol-17β levels during the peak period in a year-round Hawksbill Turtle Eretmochelys imbricata L. nesting population. K. A. Dobbs, J. D. Miller, D. W. Owens and A. M. Landry Jr. 151
Changes in the structure and species dominance in vegetation over 60 years in an urban bushland remnant. R. Crosti, K. W. Dixon, P. G. Ladd and C. J. Yates. 158
Photopollution impacts on the nocturnal behaviour of the Sugar Glider (Petaurus breviceps). S. M. Barber-Meyer. 171
Fire regimes and their correlates in the Darwin region of northern Australia. O. Price and B. Baker. 177
The impact of fire and dogs on Koalas at Port Stephens, New South Wales, using population viability analysis. D. Lunney, S. Grezter, L. E. O'Neill, A. Matthews and J. Rhodes. 189
Changes in bird abundance following Common Myna control on a New Zealand island. S. D. Trudall, G. J. Ralph and M. N. Clout. 202
Predator or disperser? A test of indigenous fruit preference of alien rats (Rattus rattus) on Nishi-jima (Ogasawara Islands). T. Abe. 213
Diet composition of the invasive cane toad (Bufo marinus) on Rota, Northern Mariana Islands. R. H. Reed, K. A. Bakkegard, G. E. Derry and S. M. Pleitovich. 219

BOOK REVIEW
Threatened species legislation: is it just an Act? P. Hollin. 223

Papers submitted to Pacific Conservation Biology are individually and fully peer reviewed by a minimum of two referees. Referees are independent of the editorial board and are chosen for their expertise in the subject area of the paper submitted. In addition, papers are vigorously reviewed and edited by the editorial board. Nonetheless, the views put by authors are their own and do not necessarily reflect those of the editors or the Publisher.

COPYRIGHT
Submission of a paper to Pacific Conservation Biology will be taken to imply that it presents original unpublished work, not under consideration for publication elsewhere. By submitting a manuscript, the authors agree that the copyright for their article is transferred to the Publisher if and when the article is accepted for publication. The copyright covers the exclusive rights to reproduce and distribute the article, including reprints, photographic reproductions, microfilm or any other reproductions of similar nature, and translations.

Permission to publish illustrations must be obtained by the author before submission and any acknowledgements should be included in the captions.

Authors of papers in Pacific Conservation Biology should be subscribers to the journal. Please indicate whether one or more of the authors is a subscriber. Not subscribing will not affect the publication of the paper. However, whereas subscribers (provided they are subscribers at the time of submitting their manuscript) receive 25 free reprints and do not pay page charges, non-subscribers do not receive free reprints and will be asked to pay a nominal AUD$20 per printed page. These charges will be invoiced when page proofs are sent to authors. If they do not receive grant or institutional support for publication, contributors may request an exemption from page charges. This is similar to procedures followed by other journals, including the Australian Ecological Society and the Royal Society of Western Australia in the publication of their journals. Authors may accelerate publication of their papers to the next available issue without penalty to other authors by paying full page charges of AUD$65 per page. This still represents a significant publication subsidy.

For your convenience subscription forms have been enclosed. The increased cost is largely the result of the introduction of a government sales tax on knowledge in Australia. If you already subscribe, assist the conservation of biodiversity in the Pacific Region by encouraging a colleague and/or library to subscribe.

ON FRONT COVER: Banksia flowers (see Crosti et al.).