PACIFIC CONSERVATION BIOLOGY

Volume 9

Number 2

ISSN 1038-2097

Contents **EDITORIAL** 83 Windows and missed opportunities. David C. Patton. The value of Animal Ethics Committees for wildlife research in conservation biology — an 86 Australian perspective. S. E. Dyson and M. C. Calver. RESEARCH PAPERS Relationships between bird species and characteristics of woodland remnants in central New South Wales. J. A. Seddon, S. V. Briggs and S. J. Doyle. 95 Diversity and abundance of pit-trapped reptiles in Australian arid and mesic habitats: Biodiversity for Environmental Impact Assessments. G. G. Thompson, S. A. Thompson, P. C. Withers and E. R. Pianka. 120 A review of the diet of Rusa Deer Cervus timorensis russa in New Caledonia: Are the endemic plants defenceless against this introduced, eruptive ruminant? M. De Garine-Wichatitsky, P. Duncan, A. Labbé, B. Suprin, P. Chardonnet and D. Maillard. 136 Carnivore persistence in fragmented habitats in urban Southern California. L. A. Tigas, D. H. Van Vuren and R. M. Sauvajot. 144 Conservation status of Lechenaultia aphylla (Goodeniaceae) a disturbance opportunist from the Great Victoria Dessert, Australia. L. W. Sage. 152 Trees, water and salt. An Australian guide to using trees for healthy catchments and productive farms. T. Edwards. The Threatened and Non-Threatened Native Vertebrate Fauna of New South Wales: Status and 157 Ecological Attributes. G. R. Fulton.

Papers submitted to *Pacific Conservation Biology* are individually and fully peer reviewed by a minimum of two referees. Referees are independent of the editorial board and are chosen for their expertise in the subject area of the paper submitted. In addition, papers are vigourously reviewed and edited by the editorial board. Nonetheless, the views put by authors are their own and do not necessarily reflect those of the editors or the Publisher.

COPYRIGHT

Submission of a paper to Pacific Conservation Biology will be taken to imply that it presents original unpublished work, not under consideration for publication elsewhere. By submitting a manuscript, the authors agree that the copyright for their article is transferred to the Publisher if and when the article is accepted for publication. The copyright covers the exclusive rights to reproduce and distribute the article, including reprints, photographic reproductions, microfilm or any other reproductions of similar nature, and translations.

Permission to publish illustrations must be obtained by the author before submission and any acknowledgements should be included in the captions.

Authors of papers in Pacific Conservation Biology should be subscribers to the journal. Please indicate whether one or more of the authors is a subscriber. Not subscribing will not affect the publication of the paper. However, whereas subscribers receive 25 free reprints and do not pay page charges, non-subscribers do not receive free reprints and will be asked to pay a nominal AUD\$20 per printed page. These charges will be invoiced when page proofs are sent to authors. If they do not receive grant or institutional support for publication, contributors may request an exemption from page charges. This is similar to procedures followed by other journals, including the Australian Ecological Society and the Royal Society of Western Australia in the publication of their journals. Authors may accelerate publication of their papers to the next available issue without penalty to other authors by paying full page charges of AUD\$65 per page. This still represents a significant publication subsidy.

For your convenience subscription forms have been enclosed. The increased cost is largely the result of the introduction of a government sales tax on knowledge in Australia. If you already subscribe, assist the conservation of biodiversity in the Pacific Region by encouraging a colleague and/or library to subscribe.