Supplementary Material

The Time Local Convex Hull (T-LoCoH) method as a tool for assessing responses of fauna to habitat restoration: a case study using the perentie (Varanus giganteus: Reptilia: Varanidae)

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Fig. S1: The patterns for activity and temperature of a sub-adult *V. giganteus* in a) restoration vegetation, and b) reference vegetation. Activity levels increase with increasing temperatures c), with activity tending to be highest around 35°C, as is reported across the literature.