

Molecular and kinetic characterisation of sugarcane pyrophosphate: fructose-6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase and its possible role in the sucrose accumulation phenotype

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Supplementary material

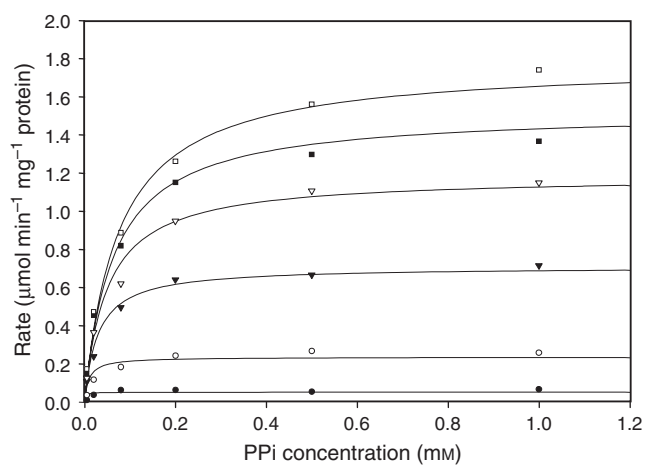


Fig. S1. Substrate saturation curves for the forward reaction of sugarcane PFP in the absence of Fru 2,6-P₂. The Fru 6-P concentrations used were 0.1 (●), 0.5 (○), 2.0 (▼), 5.0 (▽), 10.0 (■) and 20.0 (□) mM, respectively.

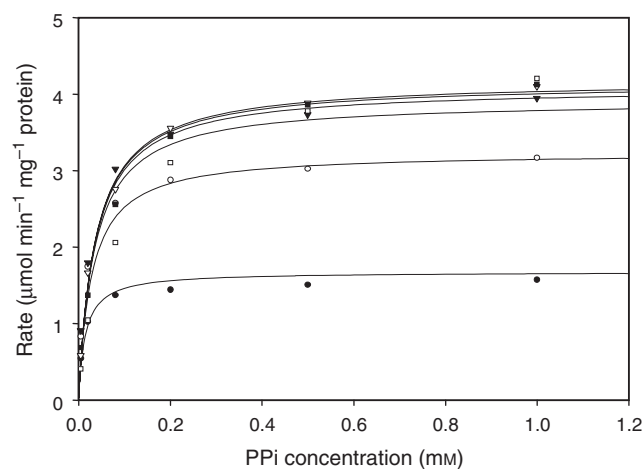


Fig. S2. Substrate saturation curves for the forward reaction of sugarcane PFP in the presence of 50 µM Fru 2,6-P₂. The Fru 6-P concentrations used were 0.1 (●), 0.5 (○), 2.0 (▼), 5.0 (▽), 10.0 (■) and 20.0 (□) mM, respectively.

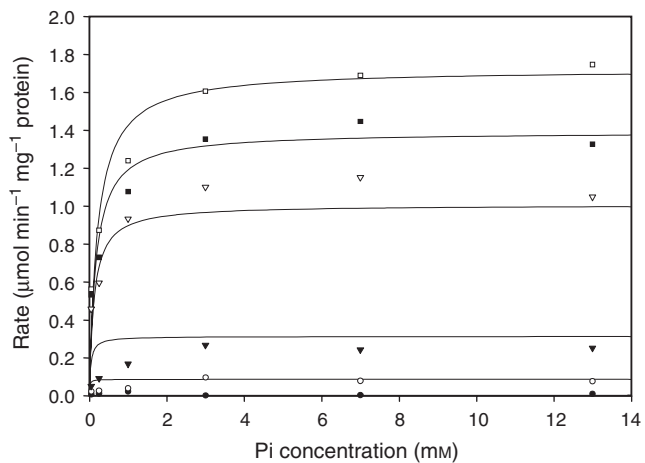


Fig. S3. Substrate saturation curves for the reverse reaction of sugarcane PFP in the absence of Fru 2,6-P₂. The Fru 1,6-P concentrations used were 0.001 (●), 0.025 (○), 0.1 (▼), 0.5 (▽), 1.0 (■) and 2.0 (□) mM, respectively.

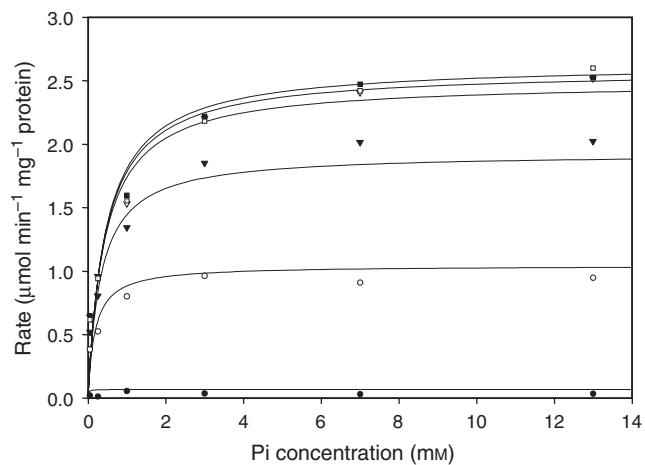


Fig. S4. Substrate saturation curves for the reverse reaction of sugarcane PFP in the presence of 50 μM Fru 2,6-P₂. The Fru 1,6-P concentrations used were 0.001 (●), 0.025 (○), 0.1 (▼), 0.5 (▽), 1.0 (■) and 2.0 (□) mM, respectively.