Supplementary Material

Rapid stomatal response to fluctuating light: an under-explored mechanism to improve drought tolerance in rice

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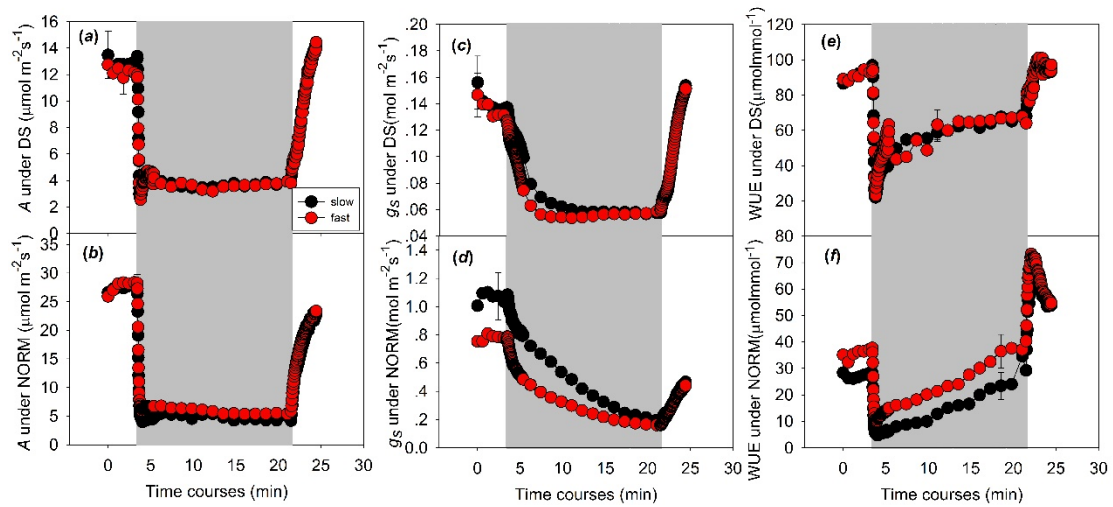[D]Corresponding author. Email: zhuxinguang@picb.ac.cn

Fig. S1. Dynamic changes in photosynthesis (*a, b*), stomatal conductance (*c, d*) and water use efficiency (*e, f*) during fluctuating light under drought stress and normal condition. Error bar represents the maximum standard error for each group. Closed circles in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively.
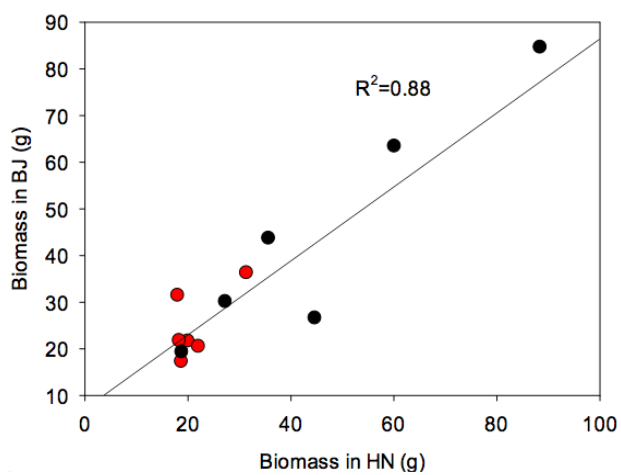

Fig. S2. Correlation of biomass between Beijing and Hainan. Closed circles in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively. Determination of coefficient is depicted as R^2.
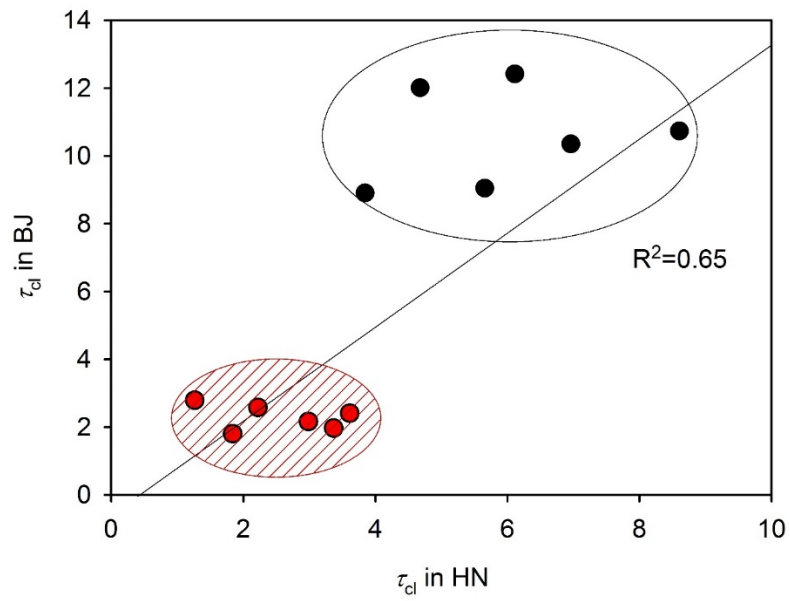
Fig. S3. Comparison on τ_{cl} under Hainan (HN) in 2014 and Beijing (BJ) in 2013 experiments. Closed circles in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively. Two clusters were separated clearly. Determination of coefficient is depicted as R^2.
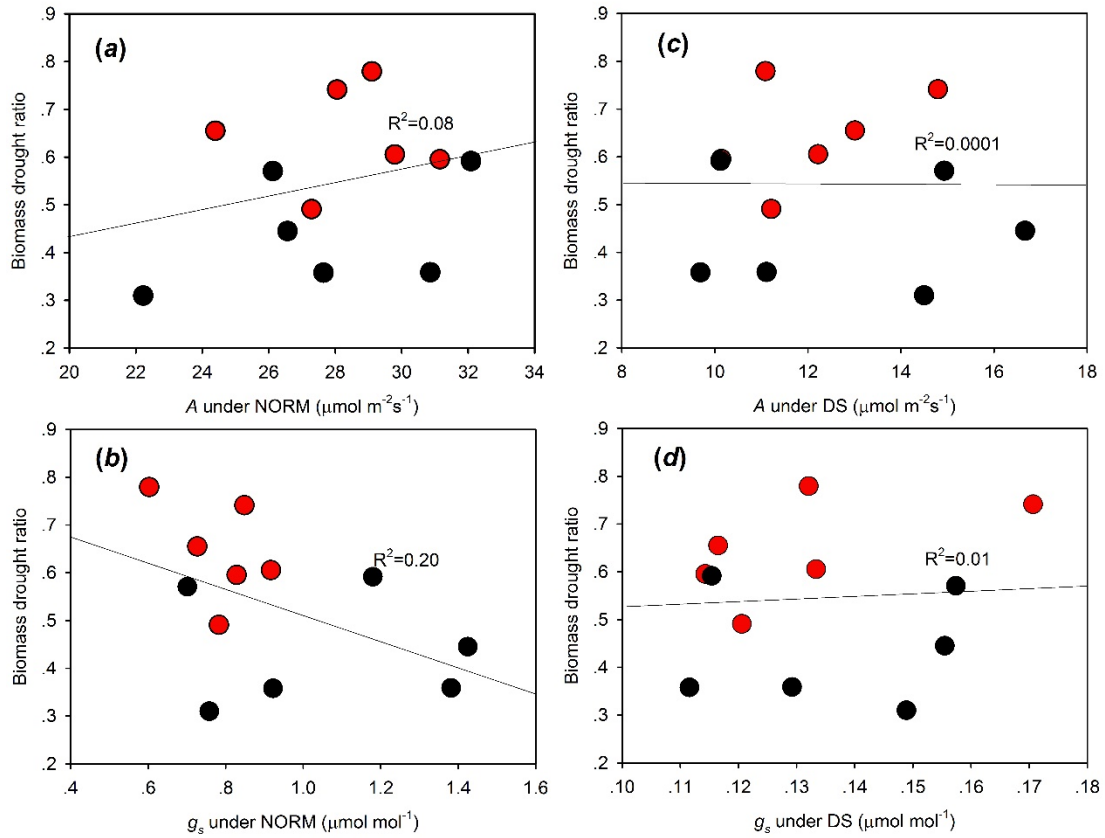
Fig. S4. Comparison of carbon assimilation (*a*, *c*) and stomatal conductance (*b*, *d*) with biomass drought ratio across subset accessions under drought stress and normal condition. Closed circle in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively. Determination of coefficient is depicted as R^2.
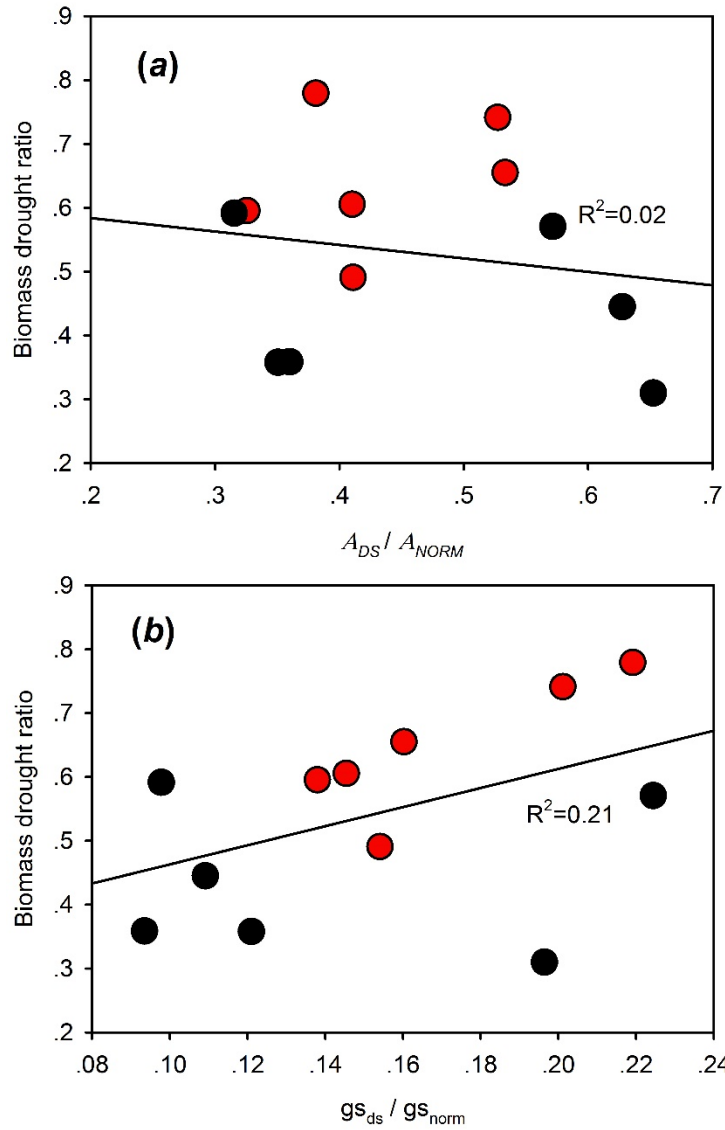
Fig. S5. Correlation of biomass drought ratio with A_{DS}/A_{NORM} and gs_{ds}/gs_{norm}. Closed circles in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively. Determination of coefficient is depicted as R^2.

Fig. S6. Correlation between τ_{cl}/g_s under HN and BJ (*a*) and Correlation between τ_{cl}/g_s and biomass ratio (*b*). Closed circle in red and black were depicted as τ_{cl} in fast and slow group, respectively. Determination of 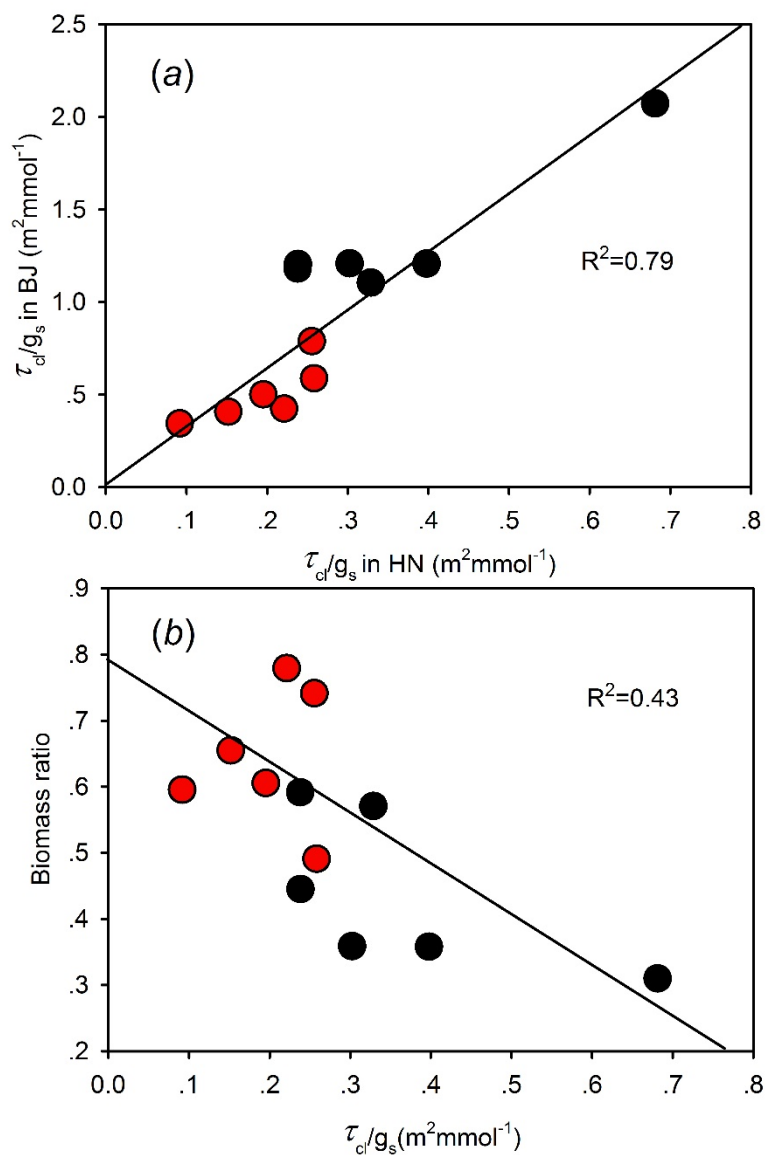coefficient is depicted as R^2.